#### DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT REPORT OF

#### DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

#### LEXINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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To the Board of Trustees Davidson County Community College Lexington, North Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Davidson County Community College (the "College"), a component unit of the State of North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc., the College's discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Davidson County Community College, and its discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, Davidson County Community College adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71 – *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2015, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rives & associates UP

Lexington, North Carolina December 17, 2015



#### DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis section of Davidson County Community College's annual financial report presents the College's financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This section should be read in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

The financial statements focus on the College as a whole. As such, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three statements.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

This statement shows, at a glance, the financial position of the College. The Statement of Net Position is presented in a "classified" format. This means that assets are classified by current-unrestricted, current-restricted, or noncurrent.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

This statement presents the revenues and expenses for the fiscal year. Revenues and expenses are classified as operating or nonoperating.

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

This statement presents the sources from which the College received its cash and uses for which cash was spent. The Cash Flow Statement is presented using the direct method, with reconciliation between operating income (loss) and net cash provided (used) by operating activities. For the purpose of this discussion, we will address the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Cash Flow Statement.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### **Financial Highlights:**

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

The following chart shows changes between the Statement of Net Position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014:

ASSETS	FY 2015	FY 2014	Difference	% Difference
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	\$ 8,183,865.06	\$ 7,846,929.91	\$ 336,935.15	4.29%
Capital Assets, Net	31,884,974.23	32,393,036.49	(508,062.26)	-1.57%
Other Noncurrent Assets	1,116,399.43	1,150,062.31	(33,662.88)	-2.93%
Total Assets	41,185,238.72	41,390,028.71	(204,789.99)	-0.49%
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,249,348.00		1,249,348.00	100.00%
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities	1,694,517.98	1,647,210.93	47,307.05	2.87%
Noncurrent Liabilities	2,177,520.64	880,244.56	1,297,276.08	147.38%
Total Liabilities	3,872,038.62	2,527,455.49	1,344,583.13	53.20%
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	4,419,563.00		4,419,563.00	100.00%
NET ASSETS				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	31,884,974.23	32,393,036.49	(508,062.26)	-1.57%
Restricted	1,842,950.52	2,049,511.65	(206,561.13)	-10.08%
Unrestricted	415,060.35	4,420,025.08	(4,004,964.73)	-90.61%
Total Net Position	\$ 34,142,985.10	\$ 38,862,573.22	\$ (4,719,588.12)	-12.14%

Total net position decreased \$4,719,588.12 (12.14%) in fiscal year 2015 due primarily to the implementation of GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### **Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position**

The following chart shows changes between the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014:

OPERATING REVENUES	FY 2015	FY 2014	Difference	% Difference
Student Tuition and Fees, Net State and Local Grants and Contracts Sales and Services, Net Other Operating Revenues	\$ 2,364,665.23 311,149.02 1,197,560.35 49,109.73	\$ 2,591,686.86 248,330.07 1,127,101.80 32,337.19	\$ (227,021.63) 62,818.95 70,458.55 16,772.54	-8.76% 25.30% 6.25% 51.87%
Total Operating Revenues	3,922,484.33	3,999,455.92	(76,971.59)	-1.92%
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries & Benefits Supplies and Materials Services Scholarships and Fellowships Utilities Depreciation	21,587,450.74 2,804,695.77 4,430,957.01 6,590,343.81 768,081.98 1,476,075.04	22,872,584.44 2,720,385.00 3,884,274.95 7,057,454.09 756,320.49 1,497,622.26	(1,285,133.70) 84,310.77 546,682.06 (467,110.28) 11,761.49 (21,547.22)	-5.62% 3.10% 14.07% -6.62% 1.56% -1.44%
Total Operating Expenses	37,657,604.35	38,788,641.23	(1,131,036.88)	-2.92%
Operating Loss	(33,735,120.02)	(34,789,185.31)	1,054,065.29	-3.03%
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES	<u>)                                    </u>			
State Aid County Appropriations Noncapital Grants and Gifts Investment Income Interest and Fees on Debt Other Nonoperating Expenses	16,632,141.39 3,684,789.00 11,711,152.18 34,647.92 (12,306.67)	17,072,931.53 3,613,577.00 13,186,505.85 27,576.66 (4,442.50) (67,549.62)	(440,790.14) 71,212.00 (1,475,353.67) 7,071.26 4,442.50 55,242.95	-2.58% 1.97% -11.19% 25.64% 100.00% 81.78%
Net Nonoperating Revenues	32,050,423.82	33,828,598.92	(1,778,175.10)	-5.26%
Loss Before Other Revenues (Expenses)  State Capital Aid County Capital Aid Capital Grants and Gifts	(1,684,696.20) 1,634,994.08 433,664.00 24,650.00	(960,586.39) 1,039,408.80 777,821.00 10,000.00	(724,109.81) 595,585.28 (344,157.00) 14,650.00	-75.38% 57.30% -44.25%
Total Other Revenues	2,093,308.08	1,827,229.80	266,078.28	14.56%
Increase in Net Position	\$ 408,611.88	\$ 866,643.41	\$ (458,031.53)	-52.85%

Operating revenues decreased \$76,971.59 (1.92%) in fiscal year 2015 due primarily to the following:

- ... \$227,021.63 decrease in student tuition and fees primarily due to a decrease in enrollment
- ... \$62,818.95 increase in state and local grants primarily due to the addition of the Yadkin Valley Career Academy and other new grants
- ... \$70,458.55 increase in sales and services, net primarily due to an increase in bookstore commissions

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

Operating expenses decreased \$1,131,036.88 (2.92%) in fiscal year 2015 due primarily to the implementation of GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*; which reduced salaries and benefits expense by \$757,309.00. The remaining decrease is directly related to a corresponding reduction in state aid and grant funding.

Net operating revenues decreased \$1,778,175.10 (5.26%) due primarily to a decrease in state aid and noncapital grants. State aid decreased \$440,790.14 due to a decline in enrollment. Noncapital grants and gifts decreased \$1,475,353.67 due to reduced Pell grant awards and a decline in the North Carolina Advanced Manufacturing Alliance, Duke Energy, and Mid-Skills in Advanced Manufacturing grants.

Total other revenues increased \$266,078.28 (14.56%) in fiscal year 2015 due to an increase in state capital aid. County capital aid decreased due to the completion of the East Carolina University Dental Clinic.

#### **Economic and Other Factors Impacting Future Periods**

The economic position of Davidson County Community College is closely tied to that of the State of North Carolina. State appropriations for higher education comprise 47.99% of total revenues and is the largest source of funding. As the national economy remains sluggish, the State economy also lagged. North Carolina's economy, and that of Davidson County Community College, is expected to rebound more slowly than the national economy. Plant closures, layoffs, and changes in textile, furniture, and banking sectors have impacted local revenues. This will most likely result in smaller increases in State and local appropriations for higher education. The specific impact on the College is uncertain.

The biggest challenges facing the College are:

- ... The level of Federal, State, and Local funding;
- ... Additional funding needs for equipment purchases and new buildings.



Davidson County Community C	College
Statement of Net Position	
June 30, 2015	

Exhibit A-1
Page 1 of 2

Tuge 1 0j 2
\$ 6,444,918.51
1,208,287.97
438,130.49
2,993.52
89,534.57
8,183,865.06
1,116,399.43
380,160.97
31,504,813.26
33,001,373.66
41,185,238.72
1,249,348.00
1,249,348.00
1,065,926.48
220,577.18
271,645.69
136,368.63
1,694,517.98
2,177,520.64
2,177,520.64
3,872,038.62
4,419,563.00
4,419,563.00

Davidson County Community College
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

Exhibit A-1

June 30, 2015	Page 2 of 2
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	31,884,974.23
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	84,872.19
Loans	13,246.99
Capital Projects	842,085.04
Student Support	704,322.96
Grants	198,423.34
Unrestricted	 415,060.35
Total Net Position	\$ 34,142,985.10

#### Davidson County Community College Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Exhibit A-2
REVENUES	
Operating Revenues:	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 8)	\$ 2,364,665.23
State and Local Grants and Contracts	311,149.02
Sales and Services, Net (Note 8)	1,197,560.35
Other Operating Revenues	49,109.73
Total Operating Revenues	3,922,484.33
EXPENSES	
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Benefits	21,587,450.74
Supplies and Materials	2,804,695.77
Services	4,430,957.01
Scholarships and Fellowships	6,590,343.81
Utilities	768,081.98
Depreciation	1,476,075.04
Total Operating Expenses	37,657,604.35
Operating Loss	(33,735,120.02)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State Aid	16,632,141.39
County Appropriations	3,684,789.00
Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid	9,925,205.39
Noncapital Grants	1,261,887.18
Noncapital Gifts, Net (Note 8)	524,059.61
Investment Income, Net	34,647.92
Other Nonoperating Expenses	(12,306.67)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	32,050,423.82
Loss Before Other Revenues	(1,684,696.20)
State Capital Aid	1,634,994.08
County Capital Aid	433,664.00
Capital Gifts, Net (Note 8)	24,650.00
Increase in Net Position	408,611.88
NET POSITION	
Net Position, July 1, 2014 as Restated (Note 14)	33,734,373.22
Net Position, June 30, 2015	\$ 34,142,985.10

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Davidson County Community College Statement of Cash Flows	Exhibit A-3
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Page 1 of 2
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Received from Customers	\$ 4,004,253.46
Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits	(22,222,066.09)
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	(7,763,647.93)
Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships	(6,590,343.81)
Other Receipts	5,394.46
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(32,566,409.91)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Aid Received	16,632,141.39
County Appropriations	3,684,789.00
Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid	9,925,205.39
Noncapital Grants Received	1,249,216.51
Noncapital Gifts and Endowments	611,066.09
William D. Ford Direct Lending Receipts	8,782,213.00
William D. Ford Direct Lending Disbursements	(8,782,213.00)
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	32,102,418.38
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Aid Received	1,634,994.08
County Capital Aid	530,330.00
Capital Gifts	24,650.00
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(992,101.94)
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,197,872.14
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	34,647.92
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	34,647.92
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	768,528.53
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2014	8,001,077.38
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2015	\$ 8,769,605.91

Davidson County Community College
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit A-3
Page 2 of 2

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS		
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(33,735,120.02)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		1,476,075.04
Pension Expense		492,039.00
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Receivables, Net		103,469.29
Inventories		(16,661.62)
Prepaid Items		207,446.78
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		26,083.76
Unearned Revenue		(21,700.16)
Funds Held for Others		5,394.46
Deferred Outflows - Contributions After the Measurement Date		(1,249,348.00)
Compensated Absences		145,911.56
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(32,566,409.91)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6 444 019 51
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ф	6,444,918.51
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	Ф	1,208,287.97
•	Φ	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	<b>.</b> —	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets:	\$ 	1,208,287.97
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015	_	1,208,287.97
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015  NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	1,208,287.97 1,116,399.43 8,769,605.91
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015  NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability	<u>\$</u>	1,208,287.97 1,116,399.43 8,769,605.91 87,030.00
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015  NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability Assets Acquired through a Gift	\$ \$ \$	1,208,287.97 1,116,399.43 8,769,605.91 87,030.00 24,650.00
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015  NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability	<u>\$</u>	1,208,287.97 1,116,399.43 8,769,605.91 87,030.00

### Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. Statement of Financial Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit B-1

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,143,306.00
Investments in Securities at Fair Value	18,468,257.00
Receivables, Net	50,000.00
Contributions Receivable, Net	638.00
Equipment, Land, and Buildings, Net	 2,689,386.00
Total Assets	22,351,587.00
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	11,326.00
Grants Payable	 159,382.00
Total Liabilities	170,708.00
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	11,831,740.00
Temporarily Restricted	722,880.00
Permanently Restricted	9,626,259.00
Total Net Assets	 22,180,879.00
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 22,351,587.00

### Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

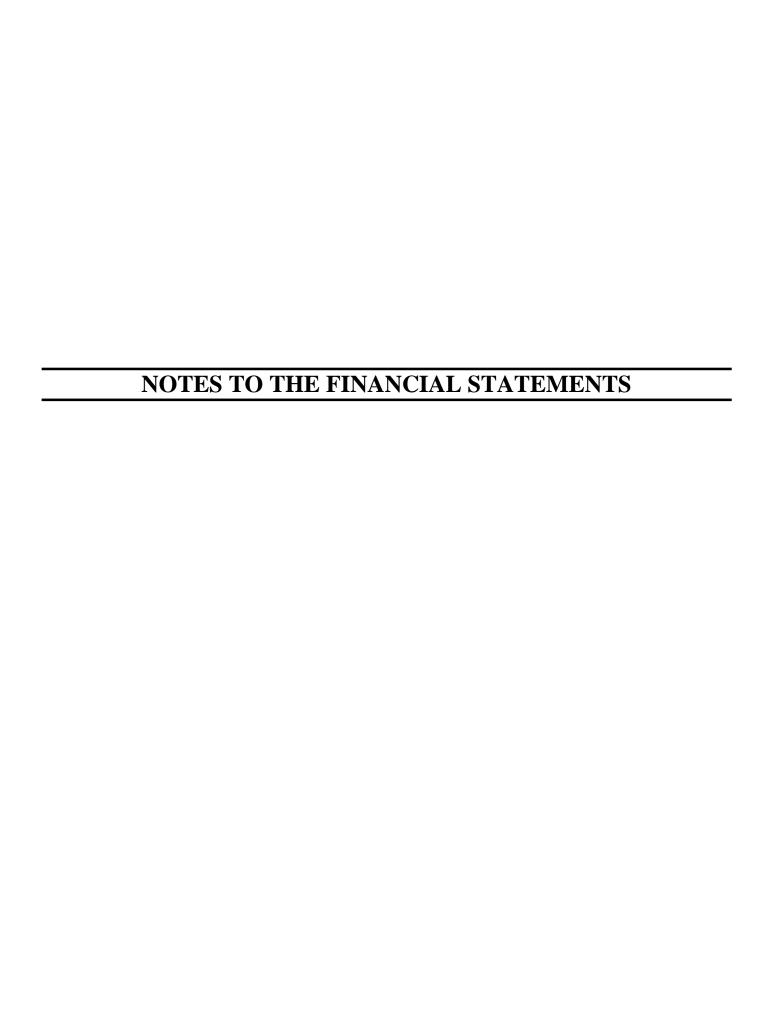
Exhibit B-2

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2014	\$ 11,727,379	\$ 1,007,314	\$ 9,531,764	\$ 22,266,457
Increase in Net Assets	189,966	(266,298)	(9,246)	(85,578)
Transfers	(85,605)	(18,136)	103,741	
BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2015	\$ 11,831,740	\$ 722,880	\$ 9,626,259	\$ 22,180,879

## Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit B-3

				Temporarily		Permanently		
		Unrestricted		Restricted		Restricted		Total
Revenues and Gains:								
Contributions	\$	269,806	\$	51,858	\$	93,827	\$	415,491
Investment Income, Net of Investment	Ф	209,800	Ф	31,838	Ф	93,821	Ф	413,491
•		202,236		(193,829)		358,203		366,610
Advisory Fees of \$116,048 in 2015								
Realized Gains (Losses) on Investments		153,427		(147,050)		271,752		278,129
Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments		(203,387)		194,932		(360,241)		(368,696)
Fundraising Income (Loss), Net of Fundraising Expenses		(14,470)		13,868		(25,629)		(26,231)
Miscellaneous Income		3,841		(3,680)		6,802		6,963
Net Assets Released from Restrictions:				(105 505)		( <b></b>		
Restrictions Satisfied by Payment of Scholarships		536,357		(182,397)	_	(353,960)		
Total Revenues, Gains, and Other Support		947,810		(266,298)		(9,246)		672,266
Expenses:								
Program Services								
Scholarships and Student Support		536,357		-		-		536,357
Total Program Services		536,357		-		-		536,357
Support Services								
Foundation Office - Administrative		183,870		-		-		183,870
Management and Professional Fees		37,617		_		-		37,617
Total Support Services		221,487		-		-		221,487
Total Expenses		757,844						757,844
Increase in Net Assets	\$	189,966	\$	(266,298)	\$	(9,246)	\$	(85,578)



#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**A. Financial Reporting Entity** - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Davidson County Community College is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds of the College and its component units for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. The College's component units are either blended or discretely presented in the College's financial statements. See below for further discussion of the College's component units.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit** – Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. is legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The Foundation board consists of 42 members. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College and is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as described below.

The Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. is a private nonprofit organization that reports its financial results under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Codification. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Foundation distributed \$494,942.98 to the College for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc., Post Office Box 1287, Lexington, NC 27293-1287.

**B.** Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB.

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

**C. Basis of Accounting** - The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include state appropriations, certain grants, and donations. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection.

- D. Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts, overnight repurchase agreements, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the short-term investment fund (STIF). The STIF maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- **E.** Receivables Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants, and pledges that are verifiable, measurable, and expected to be collected and available for expenditures for which the resource provider's conditions have been satisfied. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.
- **F.** Inventories Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are valued at cost using either first-in, first-out, last invoice cost, or average cost method. Merchandise for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market using the retail inventory method.
- **G.** Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The value of assets constructed includes all material direct and indirect construction costs. Interest costs incurred are capitalized during the period of construction.

The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$5,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year except for internally generated software which is capitalized when the value or cost is

\$1,000,000 or greater and other intangible assets which are capitalized when the value or cost is \$100,000 or greater.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets in the following manner:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life					
Buildings	25-50 years					
Machinery & Equipment	5-25 years					
General Infrastructure	15-25 years					

The College does not capitalize the art collection. This collection adheres to the College's policy to maintain for public exhibition, education, or research; protect, keep unencumbered, care for, and preserve; and require proceeds from their sale to be used to acquire other collection items. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America permit collections maintained in this manner to be charged to operations at time of purchase rather than be capitalized.

- H. Restricted Assets Certain resources are reported as restricted assets because restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Resources that are not available for current operations and are reported as restricted include resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets, resources whose use is limited by external parties or statute, and endowment and other restricted investments.
- I. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities Noncurrent long-term liabilities includes net pension liability and compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

The net pension liability represents the College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported in the State of North Carolina's 2014 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* This liability represents the College's portion of the collective total pension liability less the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. See Note 10 for further information regarding the College's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, and deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions.

J. Compensated Absences - The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each July 1 or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30 equals the leave carried forward at the previous June 30 plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between July 1 and June 30.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences include the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonuses awarded by the North Carolina General Assembly. The bonus leave balance on June 30 is retained by employees and transferred into the next calendar year. It is not subject to the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above and is not subject to conversion to sick leave.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the College has no obligation to pay sick leave upon termination or retirement. However, additional service credit for retirement pension benefits is given for accumulated sick leave upon retirement.

**K. Net Position** - The College's net position is classified as follows:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** - This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

**Restricted Net Position - Expendable -** Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

**Unrestricted Net Position** - Unrestricted net position includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College. Both restricted and unrestricted net position include consideration of deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

- L. Scholarship Discounts Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The scholarship discount is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.
- M. Revenue and Expense Recognition The College classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering

goods in connection with the College's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) certain federal, state, and local grants and contracts. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital, or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

N. County Appropriations - County appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicle purchases, and maintenance of equipment. Unexpended county current appropriations and county capital appropriations do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits - The College is required by *North Carolina General Statute* 147-77 to deposit any funds collected or received that belong to the State of North Carolina with the State Treasurer or with a depository institution in the name of the State Treasurer. All funds of the College, other than those required to be deposited with the State Treasurer, are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized in accordance with *North Carolina General Statute* 115D-58.7. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand totaling \$5,834.00, and deposits in private financial institutions with a carrying value of \$1,143,298.78 and a bank balance of \$1,481,276.26.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, the College's bank

balance in excess of federal depository insurance coverage was covered under the pooling method.

**B.** Investments - The College is authorized to invest idle funds as provided by G.S. 115D-58.6. In accordance with this statute, the College and the Board of Trustees manage investments to ensure they can be converted into cash when needed.

Generally, funds belonging to the College may be invested in any form of investment established or managed by certain investment advisors pursuant to G.S. 115D-58.6 (d1) or in the form of investments pursuant to G.S. 159-30(c), as follows: a commingled investment pool established and administered by the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 147-69.3, obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; prime quality commercial paper bearing specified ratings; specified bills of exchange; certain savings certificates; The North Carolina Capital Management Trust, an SEC registered mutual fund; repurchase agreements; and evidences of ownership of, or fractional undivided interests in, future interest and principal payments on either direct obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States government, which are held by a specified bank or trust company or any state in the capacity of custodian.

At June 30, 2015, the amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes \$7,620,473.13 which represents the College's equity position in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF (a portfolio within the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or subject to any other regulatory oversight and does not have a credit rating) had a weighted average maturity of 1.5 years as of June 30, 2015. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.nc.gov/ and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

Investments of Component Unit - Investments of the College's discretely presented component unit, Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. are subject to and restricted by G.S. 36E "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) and any requirements placed on them by contract or donor agreements. Because the Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. reports under the FASB reporting model, disclosures of the various investment risks are not required. The following is an analysis of investments by type

Investment		Fair Value
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$	1,143,306.00
Fixed Income	Ψ	5,896,952.00
Equities		9,561,667.00
Alternatives		2,855,218.00
Real Estate		154,420.00
Total	\$	19,611,563.00

**C.** Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments - A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the College to the basic financial statements as of June 30, 2015, is as follows:

Cash on Hand Carrying Amount of Deposits with Private Financial Institutions Investments in the Short-Term Investment Fund	\$ 5,834.00 1,143,298.78 7,620,473.13
<b>Total Deposits and Investments</b>	\$ 8,769,605.91
Deposits	
Current:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,444,918.51
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,208,287.97
Noncurrent:	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,116,399.43
<b>Total Deposits and Investments</b>	\$ 8,769,605.91

#### NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Less							
		Allowance						
	Gross	for Doubtful	Net					
	Receivables	Accounts	Receivables					
<b>Current Receivables:</b>								
Students	\$ 1,018,325.66	\$ 821,230.19	\$ 197,095.47					
Student Sponsors	52,623.23		52,623.23					
Accounts	41,099.97		41,099.97					
Intergovernmental	147,311.82		147,311.82					
Total Current Receivables	\$ 1,259,360.68	\$ 821,230.19	\$ 438,130.49					

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

	Balance	-	-	Balance
	July 1, 2014 Increases		Decreases	June 30, 2015
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:				
Land and Permanent Easements	\$ 258,694.21	\$	\$	\$ 258,694.21
Construction in Progress	123,936.54	203,838.00	206,307.78	121,466.76
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	382,630.75	203,838.00	206,307.78	380,160.97
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	42,140,669.93	175,078.43		42,315,748.36
Machinery and Equipment	7,687,641.73	776,481.45	146,070.55	8,318,052.63
General Infrastructure	2,275,836.23	31,229.35		2,307,065.58
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	52,104,147.89	982,789.23	146,070.55	52,940,866.57
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	16,034,519.56	974,623.73		17,009,143.29
Machinery and Equipment	3,425,056.96	457,713.22	133,763.88	3,749,006.30
General Infrastructure	634,165.63	43,738.09		677,903.72
Total Accumulated Depreciation	20,093,742.15	1,476,075.04	133,763.88	21,436,053.31
<b>Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net</b>	32,010,405.74	(493,285.81)	12,306.67	31,504,813.26
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 32,393,036.49	\$ (289,447.81)	\$ 218,614.45	\$ 31,884,974.23

#### NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	 Amount
<b>Current Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities:</b>	
Accounts Payable	\$ 371,520.10
Accrued Payroll	689,846.83
Contract Retainage	 4,559.55
Total	\$ 1,065,926.48

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

**A.** Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

		Balance								
		July 1, 2014						Balance		Current
	(As Restated)		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2015			Portion
Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences	\$	6,350,286.00 967,301.71	\$	1,020,444.15	\$	5,149,610.00 874,532.59	\$	1,200,676.00 1,113,213.27	\$	136,368.63
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	7,317,587.71	\$	1,020,444.15	\$	6,024,142.59	\$	2,313,889.27	\$	136,368.63

Additional information regarding the net pension liability is included in Note 10.

#### NOTE 7 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

**A. Operating Lease Obligations** - The College entered into operating leases for copiers, rental properties, and postage machines. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2015:

<del>Fiscal Year</del>	Amount					
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	168,455.67 113,558.56 111,352.37 94,140.00				
<b>Total Minimum Lease Payments</b>	\$	487,506.60				

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$187,394.23.

#### NOTE 8 - REVENUES

A summary of eliminations and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

	Gross Revenues	Less Scholarship Discounts	Allowance for Uncollectibles	Net Revenues
Operating Revenues: Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 6,194,858.48	\$ 3,721,896.75	\$ 108,296.50	\$ 2,364,665.23
Sales and Services: Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises:				
Dining Bookstore Vending Child Development Center Facilities Rental Patron Fees	\$ 279,545.12 279,332.00 64,179.13 445,723.04 26,247.50 48,517.17	\$	\$	\$ 279,545.12 279,332.00 64,179.13 445,723.04 26,247.50 48,517.17
Other  Total Sales and Services	\$ 1,197,560.35	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 1,197,560.35
Noncapital Gifts	\$ 524,059.61	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 524,059.61
Capital Gifts	\$ 24,650.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 24,650.00

#### NOTE 9 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	Salaries and Benefits	 Supplies and Equipment	_	Services	 Scholarships and Fellowships	Utilities	Depreciation	_	Total
Instruction	\$ 11,437,025.63	\$ 1,734,585.15	\$	719,454.37	\$	\$	\$	\$	13,891,065.15
Academic Support	1,887,285.34	117,109.05		204,509.69					2,208,904.08
Student Services	2,771,288.82	92,344.93		575,398.09					3,439,031.84
Institutional Support	3,524,434.59	410,148.62		1,233,182.42					5,167,765.63
Operations and Maintenance									
of Plant	1,143,652.71	219,715.58		1,593,614.36		768,081.98			3,725,064.63
Student Financial Aid				29,897.15	6,590,343.81				6,620,240.96
Auxiliary Enterprises	331,724.65	230,792.44		74,900.93					637,418.02
Depreciation							1,476,075.04		1,476,075.04
Pension Expense	492,039.00							_	492,039.00
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 21,587,450.74	\$ 2,804,695.77	\$	4,430,957.01	\$ 6,590,343.81	\$ 768,081.98	\$ 1,476,075.04	\$	37,657,604.35

#### NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) plan. This plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan established by the State to provide pension benefits for general employees and law enforcement officers (LEOs) of the State, general employees and LEOs of its component units, and employees of Local Education Agencies (LEAs) and charter schools not in the reporting entity. Membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the LEAs

and charter schools. Benefit provisions are established by General Statute 135-5 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Benefits Provided: TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of general members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. The contribution rate for employers is set each year by the NC General Assembly in the Appropriations Act based on the actuarially-determined rate recommended by the actuary. The College's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 9.15% of covered payroll. The College's contributions to the pension plan were \$1,249,348.00, and employee contributions were \$819,364.93 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The TSERS Plan's financial information, including all information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2014 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <a href="http://www.osc.nc.gov/">http://www.osc.nc.gov/</a> and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

TSERS Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of the TSERS plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The plan's fiduciary net position was determined on the same basis used by the pension plan.

Methods Used to Value TSERS Investment: Pursuant to North Carolina General Statutes, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the retirement systems. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its Investment Pool. The pension trust funds are the primary participants in the Long-term Investment portfolio and the sole participants in the External Fixed Income Investment, Equity Investment, Real Estate Investment, Alternative Investment, Credit Investment, and Inflation Protection Investment portfolios. The investment balance of each pension trust fund represents its share of the fair market value of the net position of the various portfolios within the pool. Detailed descriptions of the methods and significant assumptions regarding investments of the State Treasurer are provided in the 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Net Pension Liability: At June 30, 2015, the College reported a liability of \$1,200,676.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the College relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2014, the College's proportion was 0.10241%, which was a decrease of 2.09% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following table presents the actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for the TSERS plan at the actuarial valuation date:

Valuation Date	12/31/2013
Inflation	3%
Salary Increases*	4.25% - 9.10%
Investment Rate of Return**	7.25%

<sup>\*</sup> Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.

TSERS currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Investment rate of return is net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	2.5%
Global Equity	6.1%
Real Estate	5.7%
Alternatives	10.5%
Credit	6.8%
Inflation Protection	3.7%

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the plan calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated

using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

	Net Pension Liability (Asset)	
1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase (8.25%)
8,619,287.00	1,200,676.00	(5,063,260.00)

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended June 30, 2015, the College recognized pension expense of \$492,039.00. At June 30, 2015, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between actual and		<u>.</u>	_
expected experience	\$		\$ 279,871.00
Changes of assumptions			
Net difference between projected a actual earnings on pension plan	and		
investments			4,056,646.00
Change in proportion and difference	ces		
between agency's contributions ar	nd		
proportionate share of contribution	ns		83,046.00
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		1,249,348.00	
Total	\$	1,249,348.00	\$ 4,419,563.00

\$1,249,348.00 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	 Amount
2016	\$ 1,109,919.00
2017	1,109,919.00
2018	1,109,919.00
2019	1,089,806.00
2020	 
Total	\$ 4,419,563.00

#### NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Health Benefits - The College participates in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan that provides postemployment health insurance to eligible former

employees. Eligible former employees include long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS). Coverage eligibility varies depending on years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement.

The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 3B, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

By General Statute, a Retiree Health Benefit Fund (the Fund) has been established as a fund in which accumulated contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries. By statute, the Fund is administered by the Board of Trustees of TSERS and contributions to the Fund are irrevocable. Also by law, Fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Fund. Contribution rates to the Fund, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are established by the General Assembly.

For the current fiscal year the College contributed 5.49% of the covered payroll under TSERS to the Fund. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2014, and 2013, were 5.4% and 5.3%, respectively. The College made 100% of its annual required contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, which were \$749,717.35, \$759,408.38, and \$766,714.54, respectively. The College assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution.

Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.nc.gov/ and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

**B. Disability Income** - The College participates in the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of TSERS. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established by the General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the College made a statutory contribution of .41% of covered payroll under TSERS to the DIPNC. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2014, and 2013, were .44% in both years. The College

made 100% of its annual required contributions to the DIPNC for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, which were \$55,989.82, \$61,877.72, and \$63,651.77, respectively. The College assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the Plan other than its contribution.

Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

#### NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in state-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### A. Employee Benefit Plans

#### 1. State Health Plan

College employees and retirees are provided comprehensive major medical care benefits. Coverage is funded by contributions to the State Health Plan (Plan), a discretely presented component unit of the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions. The Plan has contracted with third parties to process claims.

#### 2. Death Benefit Plan of North Carolina

Term life insurance (death benefits) of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This Death Benefit Plan is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was .16% for the current fiscal year.

#### B. Other Risk Management and Insurance Activities

#### 1. Automobile, Fire, and Other Property Losses

Fire and other property losses are covered by contracts with private insurance companies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

State-owned vehicles are covered by liability insurance through a private insurance company and handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The liability limits for losses are \$1,000,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 per occurrence. The College pays premiums to the North Carolina Department of Insurance for the coverage. Liability insurance for other College-owned vehicles is covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

#### 2. Public Officers' and Employees' Liability Insurance

The risk of tort claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claimant is retained under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$10,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The North Carolina Community College System Office pays the premium, based on a composite rate, directly to the private insurer.

#### 3. Employee Dishonesty and Computer Fraud

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from state funds. This coverage is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. North Carolina Community College System Office is charged a premium by the private insurance company. Coverage limit is \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The private insurance company pays 90% of each loss less a \$75,000 deductible. The College purchases employee dishonesty and computer fraud insurance for employees whose salaries are paid by the Board entirely from county or institutional funds.

#### 4. Statewide Workers' Compensation Program

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from state funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the Board entirely from county or institutional funds.

Additional details on the state-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

#### NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

**Commitments** - The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$28,759.00 and on other purchases were \$498,035.34 at June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 14 - NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

As of July 1, 2014, net position as previously reported was restated as follows:

		Amount
July 1, 2014 Net Position as Previously Reported	\$	38,862,573.22
Restatement: Record the College's net pension liability and pension		(5,128,200.00)
related deferred outflows of resources per GASB 68 requirements  July 1, 2014 Net Position as Restated	•	33,734,373.22
July 1, 2014 Net Fusition as Nestated	<b>—</b>	33,734,373.22

#### NOTE 15 - CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the College implemented the following pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012 – an Amendment of GASB No. 10 and No.* 62

GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68



## Davidson County Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Net Pension Liability Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Last Two Fiscal Years Exhibit C-1

	2014	2013
Proportionate share percentage of	0.102410/	0.104600/
collective net pension liability	0.10241%	0.10460%
Proportionate Share of TSERS		
collective net pension liability	\$ 1,200,676.00	\$ 6,350,286.00
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,654,079.06	\$ 14,063,118.09
Net pension liability as a		
percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.79%	45.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
total pension liability	98.24%	90.60%

## Davidson County Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years Exhibit C-2

		2015		2014	2013		2012		2011
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,249,348.00	\$	1,222,084.96	\$ 1,205,043.79	\$	997,598.24	\$	637,584.40
Contributions in relation to the contractually determined contribution		1,249,348.00		1,222,084.96	1,205,043.79		997,598.24		637,584.40
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,654,079.06	\$	14,063,118.09	\$ 14,464,533.29	\$	13,404,379.09	\$	12,932,746.30
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.15%		8.69%	8.33%		7.44%		4.93%
		2010		2009	2008		2007		2006
Contractually required contribution	\$	<b>2010</b> 440,218.32	\$	<b>2009</b> 403,714.07	\$ <b>2008</b> 361,423.11	\$	<b>2007</b> 288,495.32	\$	<b>2006</b> 232,413.68
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Contributions in relation to the	\$	440,218.32	\$	403,714.07	\$ 361,423.11	\$	288,495.32	\$	232,413.68
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	440,218.32 440,218.32	_	403,714.07	 361,423.11 361,423.11	_	288,495.32 288,495.32	_	232,413.68 232,413.68

# Davidson County Community College Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of Benefit Terms:

#### **Cost of Living Increase**

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.20%	2.20%	3.00%	2.00%

Changes of assumptions. In 2008, and again in 2012, the rates of withdrawal, mortality, service retirement and salary increase for active members and the rates of mortality for beneficiaries were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Assumptions for leave conversions and loads were also revised in 2012.



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## Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees
Davidson County Community College
Lexington, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Davidson County Community College (the "College"), a component unit of the State of North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2015. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc., as described in our report on the College's financial statements. The financial statements of Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with Davidson County Community College Foundation, Inc.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lexington, North Carolina December 17, 2015

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#### DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE COST OF CPA AUDIT REPORT PUBLISHED JUNE 30, 2015

In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 147-64.6D, the audit of Davidson County Community College for the year ended June 30, 2015, required approximately 310 audit hours and cost the College \$21,300.