Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditor's Report

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BOARD MEMBERS (2016-2017)

Christie Nicholson, MS, RD, LDN, Chairperson

Shaynee Roper, M ED, RD, LDN, Vice-Chairperson

Shelia Garner Link, MS, RD, CDE, LDN, Secretary

Cathleen E. Ostrowski, MS, RD, LDN, Treasurer

Kayla N. Saunders

Helene F. Edwards, MS, RD, LDN

Maurene S. Rickards

EXECUTIVE OFFICER (2016-2017)

Charla Burill, JD, RD, Executive Director/Executive Secretary

LEGAL COUNSEL

Henry W. Jones, Jr., Attorney At-Law Jordan Price Wall Gray Jones & Carlton, PLLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Board's financial report represents Management's analysis of the Board's financial performance during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Analysis

During 2017, the Board's net position decreased by \$12,033, or 4.1%, due primarily to the Board's operating expenses exceeding its operating revenues. During 2016, the Board's net position decreased by \$9,154, or 3.0%, due primarily to the Board's operating expenses exceeding its operating revenues.

During 2017, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$11,585, or 4.8%, due primarily to an increase in licensing fee revenue. During 2016, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$19,385, or 8.7%, due primarily to an increase in licensing fee revenue.

During 2017, the non-operating revenues of the Board decreased by \$771, or 28.7%, due primarily to valuation adjustments to certificates of deposit in the secondary market. During 2016, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$970, or 56.5%, due primarily to an increase in the rate of return on investments.

During 2017, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$13,693, or 5.4%, due primarily to an increase in data processing expenses related to implementing a web based licensing system, and an increase in salaries/wages and employee benefits expenses. During 2016, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$22,686, or 9.8%, due primarily to an increase in data processing expenses related to implementing a web based licensing system.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of two sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Board has no other supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The Financial Statements also include notes to the financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statements of Net Position present the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations. The Statements of Cash Flows present information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Condensed Financial Information

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

		rent Year of and for		rent Year of and for
	the year ended			vear ended
	June	e 30, 2017	June	30, 2016
Current assets	\$	270,589	\$	277,253
Capital assets		3,085		2,172
Other assets		179,146		177,820
Total assets	\$	452,820	\$	457,245
Current liabilities	\$	159,130	\$	152,179
Long-term liabilities		10,097		9,440
Total liabilities	\$	169,227	\$	161,619
Invested in capital assets	\$	3,085	\$	2,172
Unrestricted		280,508		293,454
Total net position	\$	283,593	\$	295,626
Operating revenues	\$	254,570	\$	242,985
Operating expenses		(268,518)		(254,825)
Operating income		(13,948)		(11,840)
Non-operating revenues		1,915		2,686
Change in net position	\$	(12,033)	\$	(9,154)

Events Affecting Future Operations

A committee appointed by the North Carolina Legislature, The Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee, has been performing a study concerning the deregulation, elimination and consolidation of occupational licensing boards in the State of North Carolina. The effect of any resulting legislation on the Board's operations in future years is not certain at this time. In addition, early in the 2017 Long Session, HB 357, a bill to modernize the North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition Practice Act, was filed in the North Carolina House of Representatives. This bill aimed to expand the ability of qualified nutrition professionals to practice in North Carolina by expanding the pathways to licensure for qualified nutrition professionals, providing specific authority for order writing, and clarifying language in the exemptions. The bill made it out of the House, by unanimous vote, but did not get heard by the Senate. Given that HB 357 made the crossover deadline, it is eligible to be heard in the 2018 Short Session.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Contacting the Board's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact: North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition, 140 Preston Executive Drive, Suite 205-C, Cary, NC 27513.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition Cary, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition (the "Board"), an independent state agency which is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Board's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Ahulta Lestewlay, C.P.A., P.A.

Shelton L. Hawley, C.P.A., P.A. Angier, North Carolina

August 4, 2017

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF DIETETICS/NUTRITION STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016
	 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 267,234	\$	273,979
Prepaid expenses (Note 1)	 3,355		3,274
Total current assets	270,589		277,253
Capital assets (Notes 1 and 4):			
Office and computer equipment	 3,085	_	2,172
Total capital assets - net of depreciation	3,085		2,172
Other assets:			
Investments (Note 2)	177,867		176,517
Accrued interest receivable (on investments)	179		203
Security deposit (on rental of office space)	 1,100		1,100
Total other assets	179,146		177,820
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 452,820	\$	457,245
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 410	\$	200
Accrued payroll (including payroll taxes and related costs)	3,622		2,995
Accrued vacation (Notes 1 and 8)	2,848		2,509
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	152,250		146,475
Total current liabilities	159,130		152,179
Long term debt:			
Accrued vacation (Notes 1 and 8)	 10,097		9,440
Total long term debt	10,097		9,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 169,227		161,619
NET POSITION (NOTE 5)			
Invested in capital assets	3,085		2,172
Unrestricted net position	280,508		293,454
TOTAL NET POSITION	 283,593		295,626
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 452,820	\$	457,245

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF DIETETICS/NUTRITION STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	 2017		2016	
	roprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Application fees	\$ 15,700	\$	15,100	
Licensing fees (including late fees)	238,630		227,475	
Other operating income	 240		410	
Total operating revenues	\$ 254,570	\$	242,985	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries and wages - staff (including accumulated leave)	\$ 128,054	\$	120,143	
Payroll taxes	9,796		9,191	
Retirement (Note 9)	7,527		7,062	
Employee benefits	19,221		16,433	
Staff travel expenses	839		977	
Board members expenses	7,069		5,503	
Legal fees	543		1,085	
Audit and accounting fees	6,310		5,209	
Rent for office space (Note 7)	13,733		13,353	
Telephone/fax	169		179	
Data processing services	46,700		43,600	
Website and related expenses	348		394	
Data processing fees (to outside agents)	2,184		2,382	
Postage and freight	1,969		3,430	
Printing and copying	1,218		5,117	
Insurance	15,395		13,224	
Office supplies and expenses	1,052		1,113	
Depreciation	1,239		1,174	
Bank charges (including discount fees)	4,635		4,084	
Miscellaneous expenses	 517		1,172	
Total operating expenses	\$ 268,518	\$	254,825	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,948)	\$	(11,840)	

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF DIETETICS/NUTRITION STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	 2017		2016
	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest income (including unrealized gain/loss on certificates of deposit in the secondary market) (Note 1)	\$ 1,915	<u>\$</u>	2,686
Total non-operating revenues	\$ 1,915	\$	2,686
Change in net position	\$ (12,033)	\$	(9,154)
Net position - beginning of year	 295,626		304,780
Net position - end of year	\$ 283,593	\$	295,626

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF DIETETICS/NUTRITION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017	2016
	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from fees	\$ 260,105	\$ 249,925
Cash received from other operating revenues	240	410
Cash payments to employee(s) for services	(163,602)	(149,218)
Cash payments for operating expenses	 (101,925)	 (98,439)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (5,182)	\$ 2,678
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	\$ (2,152)	\$
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$ (2,152)	\$ 0
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Earnings on investments	\$ 2,589	\$ 1,888
Transfers from (to) investments	58,000	66,000
Transfers from (to) investments	 (60,000)	 (67,000)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 589	\$ 888
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (6,745)	\$ 3,566
Cash - beginning of year	 273,979	 270,413
Cash - end of year	\$ 267,234	\$ 273,979

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF DIETETICS/NUTRITION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		2016 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
Reconciliation of operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (13,948)	\$	(11,840)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	\$ 1,239	\$	1,174
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(81)		4,056
Accounts payable	210		(1,673)
Other liabilities	1,623		3,611
Unearned revenue	 5,775	_	7,350
Total adjustments	\$ 8,766	\$	14,518
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (5,182)	\$	2,678

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Organization and Purpose

The North Carolina Board of Dietetics/Nutrition (the "Board") is an independent state agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 90 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of seven members who are appointed by the Governor and the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina. It is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by dietitians/nutritionists.

The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to licensees.

Financial Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards.

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus measures all assets that are available to the entity, not only cash or soon to be assets. Both long-term assets and long-term liabilities are measured and depreciation is recorded as a cost of operations. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Fees received for the various licenses are deemed earned when the license period begins.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position classifies the Board's revenues as operating or non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license fees and includes activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing, capital, and non-capital financing activities; and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, checking accounts and time deposits (excluding certain certificates of deposit, if any) held by the Board.

Investments

The Board is authorized to invest idle funds in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes. This classification consists of certain certificates of deposits held by the Board for investment. Investments generally are reported at fair market value. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost (which is the same as fair value) if purchased in the primary certificate of deposit market, and at fair value if purchased in the secondary certificate of deposit market (as determined by quoted market prices). The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments for certificates of deposit is recognized as a component of investment interest income.

Prepaid Expenses

This classification includes expenses which were prepaid at year end for commercial insurance coverage, office space rent and deposit, and other office expenses.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. The Board capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$500 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally estimated as follows: office furniture and equipment, 5 to 7 years.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Board employees may accumulate up to thirty days earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. At year end, accrued vacation in excess of the limits are transferred and added to sick leave balances. Accumulated earned vacation payable at June 30, 2017 and 2016, consisted of the following:

	Jun	e 30, 2017	Jun	e 30, 2016
Current portion	\$	2,848	\$	2,509
Long-term portion		10,097		9,440
Total	\$	12,945	\$	11,949

The Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Since the Board has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, or until retirement, no accrual for sick leave has been made. The Board has a contingent liability for sick leave in the amount of \$7,336 at June 30, 2017 and \$9,409 at June 30, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All of the Board's deposits which are uninsured are uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)] by the financial institution holding said deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$445,101 and a bank balance of \$445,263, which was covered by federal depository insurance. Certificates of deposit in the amount of \$177,867 are considered time deposits for this disclosure and are classified as investments on the Statements of Net Position. At June 30, 2016, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$450,496 and a bank balance of \$450,707, which was covered by federal depository insurance. Certificates of deposit in the amount of \$176,517 are considered time deposits for this disclosure and are classified as investments on the Statements of Net Position.

Investments

The Board is subject to the following risks:

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk the Board may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate variances, the Board limits its investments, if any, to certificates of deposits with maturities of no more than 48 months and to money market mutual funds.

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments of the Board are subject to the statutory requirements of North Carolina General Statutes, however the Board's present policy for managing credit risk is to limit its investments to certificates of deposits and money market mutual funds.

The following table presents fair value of investments by type and investment subject to interest rate risk and credit risk at June 30, 2017, for the Board's investments.

		Properties of Debt Securities				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturities	Ratings			
Securities:						
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 177,867	23.0 Months	N/A			

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments

A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the Board to the basic financial statements at June 30, 2017 and 2016, is as follows:

	J	une 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016
Carrying Amount of Bank Deposits	\$	267,234	\$	273,979
Certificates of Deposits		177,867		176,517
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	445,101	\$	450,496
Current:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	267,234	\$	273,979
Noncurrent:				
Investments		177,867		176,517
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	445,101	\$	450,496

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair value, as defined under GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, is an exit price representing the price that would be received to sell or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include:

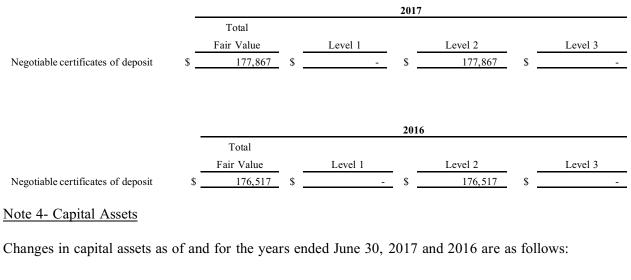
Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable. Level 3: Unobservable inputs about which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions.

Assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Board's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Board's financial assets and liabilities, as applicable, accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.



		Cost						Cost	Acc	umulated		Net
	0	6-30-16	Acc	quisitions	Disp	osals	0	6-30-17	Dep	preciation	А	mount
Office/computer equipment		10,886		2,152		-		13,038		9,953		3,085
	\$	10,886	\$	2,152	\$	0	\$	13,038	\$	9,953	\$	3,085
		Cost						Cost	Acc	umulated		Net
	0	6-30-15	Acc	quisitions	Disp	osals	0	6-30-16	Dep	preciation	А	mount
Office/computer equipment		10,886		-		-		10,886		8,714		2,172
	\$	10,886	\$	0	\$	0	\$	10,886	\$	8,714	\$	2,172

When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in earnings for the period. Depreciation expense was \$1,239 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and \$1,174 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 5 - Unearned Revenue

The Board's fees are assessed and collected on an annual basis for the period April 1 through March 31 of each year. Licenses are renewed for a period of one year. License fees received in the latter part of the fiscal year are deferred and recognized as revenue over the periods to which they relate.

Note 6 - Net Position

Investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any loan proceeds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted net position - expendable - This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no *restricted net position*.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted or invested in capital assets*.

Note 7 - Operating Lease

The Board leased office space under an operating lease. Total rent expense (including utilities and supplemental charges) charged to operations under the lease agreement was \$13,733 in 2017 and \$13,353 in 2016.

Rental commitments under the noncancellable operating lease at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

2018	\$ 12,957
	\$ 12,957

Note 8 - Non-Current Liabilities

A summary of changes in non-current liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	Balance				Balance						Non-	
	06-30-16		Additions		Deletions		06-30-17		Current		Current	
Compensated absences		11,949		5,246		4,250		12,945		2,848		10,097
	\$	11,949	\$	5,246	\$	4,250	\$	12,945	\$	2,848	\$	10,097
	Balance				Balance						Non-	
	06-30-15		Additions		Deletions		06-30-16		Current		Current	
Compensated absences		8,535		4,904		1,490		11,949		2,509		9,440
	\$	8,535	\$	4,904	\$	1,490	\$	11,949	\$	2,509	\$	9,440

Note 9- Retirement Plan(s) and Postemployment Benefits Other Than Retirement Plan(s)

Simplified Employee Pension Plan

During 2011, the Board entered into a Simplified Employee Pension plan agreement on behalf of eligible employee(s) of the Board. Two employees are covered under the plan, one management employee and one clerical staff employee. Only the Board contributes to the plan, and only the Board has the authority to authorize and amend the plan. There are no forfeitures inuring to other employees under this type plan. The Board's payroll for employee(s) covered by the plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$125,450; the Board's total payroll was \$128,054. The Board's pension contribution amounted to \$7,527 for 2017. The Board's payroll for employee(s) covered by the plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$117,698; the Board's total payroll was \$120,143. The Board's pension contribution amounted to \$7,062 for 2016. The Board had no outstanding liabilities to the plan at June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Board assumes no liability for retiree benefits provided by this program other than its required contributions. The Board has no postemployment benefits other than this defined contribution retirement plan.

Note 10 - Contingencies

The Board is involved in occasional disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the years under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position, or cash flows for the years herein ended.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in certain state-administered risk programs and self retention of certain risks. Additionally, the Board protects itself from exposure to loss through the purchase of commercial insurance coverage.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 4, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

Note 13 - North Carolina Legislative Statutory Disclosure Requirement Concerning Audit Fees

This audit required 66 audit hours at a cost of \$5,995.