Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditor's Report

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BOARD MEMBERS (2016-2017)

Kim D. Gemeinhardt, DVM, President

William K. Dean, DVM, Vice President

Dwight E. Cochran, DVM, Secretary-Treasurer (July-April)

Susan K. Bull, DVM, Secretary-Treasurer (May-June)

Jane A. Barber, DVM

Robin A. Lazaro, RVT

R. Douglas Meckes, DVM

Kristina J. Newman (May-June)

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Thomas M. Mickey, Executive Director (July-February) Tod J. Schadler, DVM, Executive Director (March-June)

LEGAL COUNSEL

George G. Hearn, Attorney At-Law Johnson, Hearn, Vinegar & Gee, PLLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

This section of the Board's financial report represents Management's analysis of the Board's financial performance during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Analysis

During 2017, the Board's net position increased by \$41,800, or 5.2%, due primarily to the Board's operating revenues exceeding its operating expenses. During 2016, the Board's net position increased by \$22,577, or 2.7%, due primarily to the Board's operating revenues exceeding its operating expenses.

During 2017, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$38,099, or 3.5%, due primarily to an increase in license fees and hospital inspection fees. During 2016, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$52,875, or 5.1%, due primarily to an increase in license fees, hospital inspection fees, and temporary permits revenue.

During 2017, the non-operating revenues of the Board decreased by \$1,841, or 26.5%, due to a decrease in cash on hand. During 2016, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$788, or 12.8%, due to an increase in cash on hand.

During 2017, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$17,035, or 1.6%, due primarily to an increase in employee salaries and related benefits. During 2016, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$43,621, or 4.2%, due primarily to an increase in employee salaries and related benefits.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This financial report consists of two sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Board has no other supplementary information required by GASB 34. The Financial Statements also include notes to the financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statements of Net Position present the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations.

The Statements of Cash Flows present information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Condensed Financial Information

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

			Cu	rrent Year			
	Cu	irrent Year	as of and for				
	as	of and for	the year ended				
	the	year ended	Jur	ne 30, 2016			
	Jur	ne 30, 2017	(a	s restated)			
Current assets	\$	562,701	\$	723,698			
Capital assets		786,976		549,769			
Total assets	\$	1,349,677	\$	1,273,467			
Current liabilities	\$	488,398	\$	450,276			
Long-term liabilities		8,173		11,885			
Total liabilities	\$	496,571	\$	462,161			
Investment in capital assets	\$	786,976	\$	549,769			
Unrestricted		66,130		261,537			
Total net position	\$	853,106	\$	811,306			
Operating revenues	\$	1,136,183	\$	1,098,084			
Operating expenses		(1,099,491)		(1,082,456)			
Operating income		36,692		15,628			
Non-operating revenues		5,108		6,949			
Change in net position	\$	41,800	\$	22,577			

Events Affecting Future Operations

A committee appointed by the North Carolina Legislature, The Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee, has been performing a study concerning the deregulation, elimination and consolidation of occupational licensing boards in the State of North Carolina. The effect of any resulting legislation on the Board's operations in future years is not certain at this time.

Contacting the Board's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact: North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board, 1611 Jones Franklin Road, Suite 106, Raleigh, NC 27606.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board Raleigh, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board (the "Board"), an independent state agency which is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Board's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Prior Period Restatement

We have previously audited the accompanying financial statements of the Board as of June 30, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 19, 2016. We have restated those financial statements herein. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the prior period restatement. This is described and discussed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Shelton L. Hawley, C.P.A., P.A.

Shelta Lowery, C.P.A., P.A.

Angier, North Carolina

August 18, 2017

NORTH CAROLINA VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	June 30, 2017			June 30, 2016
		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	520,360	\$	717,707
Accrued interest receivable (on savings accounts)				677
Prepaid expenses (Note 1)		42,341		5,314
Total current assets		562,701		723,698
Capital assets (Notes 1 and 3):				
Land	\$	275,000	\$	150,000
Building and improvements		496,767		374,625
Furniture and office equipment		15,209		25,144
Total capital assets - net of depreciation	\$	786,976	\$	549,769
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,349,677	\$	1,273,467
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	29,331	\$	5,908
Due to other state agencies		303		2,340
Accrued vacation - current portion (Notes 1 and 7)		10,117		14,558
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		439,270		415,700
SEP retirement contribution payable		862		1,166
Withheld and accrued payroll taxes		8,515		10,604
Total current liabilities	\$	488,398	\$	450,276
Long-term debt:				
Accrued vacation - long-term portion (Notes 1 and 7)		8,173		11,885
Total long-term debt	\$	8,173	\$	11,885
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	496,571	\$	462,161
NET POSITION (NOTES 5 and 13)				
Investment in capital assets		786,976		549,769
Unrestricted net position		66,130		261,537
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	853,106	\$	811,306
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,349,677	\$	1,273,467

NORTH CAROLINA VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017		2016
	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:			
License and renewal fees (including late fees)	\$ 886,230	\$	850,285
Examination fees	83,500		87,250
Hospital inspection fees	84,075		76,525
Reinstatement fees	3,250		2,625
Temporary permits	50,550		49,800
Service verifications	6,556		4,944
Corporate registration and application fees	8,640		11,180
Miscellaneous income (including consent order income)	 13,382	_	15,475
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,136,183	\$	1,098,084
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries - staff (including accumulated leave)	\$ 262,493	\$	205,945
Salaries - inspections (including accumulated leave)	69,285		87,265
Salaries - investigations (including accumulated leave)	62,503		64,384
Payroll taxes	30,602		30,359
Retirement contributions (Note 8)	1,904		6,426
Employee insurance	45,467		34,329
Board members and meeting expenses (including hearing expenses)	32,868		35,848
Travel - staff (including training expenses)	3,807		10,130
Travel - investigations (including investigations expenses)	24,226		38,876
Registration fees	7,030		4,015
Travel - hospital inspections	27,493		21,763
Contractual services -impairment fund expenses (Note 12)	67,500		67,500
Telephone (including internet related costs)	14,020		15,837
Building operating expenses	20,367		22,461
Depreciation	25,463		31,339

NORTH CAROLINA VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	 2017	2016
	oprietary- nterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED):		
Office equipment rental and maintenance expenses (Note 6)	19,288	18,138
Office and computer supplies	14,706	15,339
Online processing fees	23,420	21,460
Printing	6,799	5,863
Postage and shipping	9,290	9,520
Insurance and bonding	20,121	18,301
Dues and subscriptions	500	500
Legal, audit, and other professional fees	263,715	288,826
Computer consulting expenses	34,404	26,199
Management consulting expenses	11,524	
Miscellaneous expenses	696	1,833
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,099,491	\$ 1,082,456
Operating income	\$ 36,692	\$ 15,628
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	\$ 5,108	\$ 6,949
Total non-operating revenues	\$ 5,108	\$ 6,949
Change in net position	\$ 41,800	\$ 22,577
Net position - beginning of year (Note 13)	 811,306	 788,729
Net position - end of year	\$ 853,106	\$ 811,306

NORTH CAROLINA VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	2016 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from fees and other income	\$ 1,159,753	\$	1,116,934		
Cash payments to employees for services (including benefits)	(482,800)		(430,304)		
Cash payments for operating expenses	(617,415)		(634,369)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 59,538	\$	52,261		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	\$ (262,670)	\$	(3,194)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$ (262,670)	\$	(3,194)		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Earnings on investments	\$ 5,785	\$	6,852		
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 5,785	\$	6,852		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (197,347)	\$	55,919		
Cash - beginning of year	 717,707		661,788		
Cash - end of year	\$ 520,360	\$	717,707		

NORTH CAROLINA VETERINARY MEDICAL BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

	2017 roprietary- Enterprise Fund	2016 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 36,692	\$	15,628	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$ 25,463	\$	31,339	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid expense	(37,027)		1,533	
Accounts payable	21,386		(13,493)	
Unearned revenue	23,570		18,850	
Other accrued liabilities	 (10,546)		(1,596)	
Total adjustments	\$ 22,846	\$	36,633	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 59,538	\$	52,261	

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Organization and Purpose

The North Carolina Veterinary Medical Board (the "Board") is an independent state agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 90 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of eight members who are appointed by the Governor, the General Assembly, and the Commissioner of Agriculture of the State of North Carolina. It is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by veterinarians.

The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to examinees and licensees.

Financial Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards.

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus measures all assets that are available to the entity, not only cash or soon to be assets. Both long-term assets and long-term liabilities are measured and depreciation is recorded as a cost of operations. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Fees received for the various licenses are deemed earned when the license period begins.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position classifies the Board's revenues as operating or non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license fees and includes activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing, capital, and non-capital financing activities; and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, checking accounts and time deposits (excluding certain certificates of deposit, if any) held by the Board.

Investments

The Board is authorized to invest idle funds in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes. The Board periodically purchases certificates of deposit for investment. Investments generally are reported at fair market value. Certificates of deposit, if any, are reported at cost (which is the same as fair value) if purchased in the primary certificate of deposit market, and at fair value if purchased in the secondary certificate of deposit market (as determined by quoted market prices). The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments for certificates of deposit is recognized as a component of investment interest income. The Board held no certificates of deposit at June 30, 2017 or June 30, 2016.

Prepaid Expenses

This classification includes prepaid computer consulting expense and office equipment rental expense.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. The Board capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$500 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally estimated as follows: building, 40 years; furniture and equipment, 5 to 7 years.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Board employees may accumulate up to thirty days earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. At year end, accrued vacation in excess of the limits are transferred and added to sick leave balances. Accumulated earned vacation payable at June 30, 2017 and 2016, consisted of the following:

	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Jur	ne 30, 2016
Current portion	\$	10,117	\$	14,558
Long-term portion		8,173		11,885
Total	\$	18,290	\$	26,443

The Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Since the Board has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made. The unrecorded contingent liability for sick leave accumulated is \$9,756 at June 30, 2017 and \$136,878 at June 30, 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Deposits

Deposits

All of the Board's deposits which are uninsured are uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)] by the financial institution holding said deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount (including undeposited receipts) of \$520,360 and a bank balance of \$540,534. Of the bank balance, \$307,294 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC), and \$233,240 was uninsured and uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)]. At June 30, 2016, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount (including undeposited receipts) of \$717,707 and a bank balance of \$727,879. Of the bank balance, \$267,543 was covered by federal depository insurance (National Credit Union Administration), and \$460,336 was uninsured and uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)].

Note 3- Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Cost					Cost					Cost Accumulated						Net
	(06-30-16	Ac	quisitions	Disposals		Disposals		Disposals		06-30-17		Depreciation		Amount		
Land	\$	150,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	275,000	\$	-	\$	275,000					
Building/Improvements		536,776		136,129		-		672,905		176,138		496,767					
Furniture/Equipment		312,274		1,541				313,815		298,606		15,209					
	\$	999,050	\$	262,670	\$	0	\$	1,261,720	\$	474,744	\$	786,976					
		Cost						Cost	Ac	cumulated		Net					
	(06-30-15	Ac	quisitions	D	isposals	06-30-16		6 Depreciation		Amount						
Land	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000					
Building/Improvements		536,776		-		-		536,776		162,151		374,625					
Furniture/Equipment		310,994		3,194		1,914		312,274		287,130		25,144					
	\$	997,770	\$	3,194	\$	1,914	\$	999,050	\$	449,281	\$	549,769					
							_										

When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in earnings for the period. Depreciation expense was \$25,463 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and \$31,339 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note 4 - Unearned Revenue

The Board's fees are assessed and collected on both an annual and a biennial basis, some of which correspond with the Board's accounting period and some of which correspond with the calendar year. License renewal fees received in the latter part of the fiscal year are deferred and recognized as revenue over the periods to which they relate.

Note 5 - Net Position

Investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any loan proceeds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted net position - expendable - This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no restricted net position at year end.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted or investment in capital assets*.

Note 6 - Operating Leases

V---- E-- J--J I---- 20

The Board leased office equipment under an operating lease. Total rent expense charged to operations under the lease agreement was \$2,782 in 2017 and \$2,760 in 2016.

Rental commitments under noncancellable operating leases at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 2,677
2019	2,677
2020	 2,677
	\$ 8,031

Note 7 - Non-Current Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities consist of compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year. A summary of changes in non-current liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 follows:

	F	Balance]	Balance		Non-
	0	6-30-16	-16 Additions		ditions Deletions 06-30-17			Current	Current	
Compensated absences	\$	26,443	\$	17,458	\$	25,611	\$	18,290	\$ 10,117	\$ 8,173
	\$	26,443	\$	17,458	\$	25,611	\$	18,290	\$ 10,117	\$ 8,173
	(as	Balance restated) 6-30-15	A	dditions		Deletions		Balance 6-30-16	Current	Non- Current
Compensated absences	\$	24,791	\$	22,510	\$	20,858	\$	26,443	\$ 14,558	\$ 11,885
	\$	24,791	\$	22,510	\$	20,858	\$	26,443	\$ 14,558	\$ 11,885

The beginning balance in compensated leave absences (above) was restated for the year ended June 30, 2016 as discussed in Note 13 and as follows:

	Be	E	Balance							
	Balance					Balance			(as	restated)
	06	-30-15	Res	tatement	0	6-30-15				
Compensated absences	\$	74,980	\$	50,189	\$	24,791				
	\$	74,980	\$	50,189	\$	24,791				

Note 8 - Pension Plan and Postemployment Benefits other Than Pensions

Simplified Employee Pension Plan

On April 14, 1997, the Board entered into a Simplified Employee Pension plan agreement on behalf of employees of the Board. Four employees are covered under the plan, one management employee and three clerical staff employees. Only the Board contributes to the plan, and only the Board has the authority to authorize and amend the plan. There are no forfeitures inuring to other employees under this type plan. The Board's payroll for employees covered by the plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$190,410; the Board's total payroll was \$394,281. The Board's payroll for employees covered by the plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$234,456; the Board's total payroll was \$357,594. The Board's pension contribution amounted to \$1,904 for 2017, and \$6,426 for 2016. The Board had outstanding liabilities to the plan in the amount of \$862 at June 30, 2017 and \$1,166 at June 30, 2016. The Board assumes no liability for retiree benefits provided by this program other than its required contributions. The Board has no postemployment benefits other than this defined contribution retirement plan.

Note 9- Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in state-administered risk programs and self retention of certain risks. Additionally, the Board protects itself from exposure to loss through the purchase of commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and no insurance claims were filed during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Note 10 - Contingencies

The Board is involved in a number of disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the years under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position, or cash flows for the years herein ended.

Note 11 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 18, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

Note 12 - Payments to Impairment Fund

The Board contributes to the North Carolina Physicians Health Program, Inc., pursuant to a contractual agreement with the program. The Board paid into the program \$67,500 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and \$67,500 for the year ended June 30, 2016. These payments were made to benefit veterinarians in need of the services of the program. The North Carolina Physicians Health Program was created in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 90-21.22. According to the Federation of State Physician Health Programs, Inc., the purpose of a physician health program is to "provide a non-disciplinary therapeutic program for health care practitioners with health conditions which may compromise their ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety." A memorandum of understanding between the North Carolina Medical Board (Medical Board) and the North Carolina Medical Society (Medical Society) establishes the provisions for administering the Program. The memorandum also establishes the North Carolina Physicians Health Program, Inc., a nonprofit affiliate organization of the Medical Society, as the Program's administrator. The North Carolina Physicians Health Program, Inc. has a 15-member Board of Directors that consists of five members from the Medical Society, three members from the Medical Board, and seven members from other health care provider organizations.

Note 13- Restatement of Net Position

The Board restated its beginning net position as of July 1, 2015 and its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 related to a retroactive change in the compensated leave benefits policy of the Board (which former policy the Board asserted was not formally approved by the Board members). The compensated leave change had a current year effect and a retroactive years' effect on the Board's financial statements. This change resulted in an increase in revenues in excess of expenses in the amount of \$1,692 for the year ended June 30, 2016. Salaries expense, payroll tax expense and retirement expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 were reduced in the amount of \$1,692 as a result of this change.

In connection with these changes, the beginning net position (for 2016) has been restated as follows:

Net Position at July 1, 2015, as previously reported	\$ 738,540
Remove overstated accrued compensated leave liability	50,189
Net Position at July 1, 2015, as restated	\$ 788,729

Note 14 - North Carolina Legislative Statutory Disclosure Requirement Concerning Audit Fees

This audit required 102 audit hours at a cost of \$9,695.