

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT OF

DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LEXINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

RALPH CAMPBELL, JR.

STATE AUDITOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT OF

DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LEXINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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THE NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA Office of the State Auditor

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AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Michael F. Easley, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Trustees, Davidson County Community College

This report presents the results of our financial statement audit of Davidson County Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, for the year ended June 30, 2002. Our audit was made by authority of Article 5A of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes.

The accounts and operations of the College are an integral part of the State's reporting entity represented in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the State's *Single Audit Report*. In those reports, the State Auditor expresses an opinion on the State's financial statements. In the *Single Audit Report*, the State Auditor also presents the audit results on the State's internal controls and on the State's compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the State's financial statements and to its federal financial assistance programs.

As part of the audit work necessary for the CAFR and the *Single Audit Report*, the accounts and operations of the College were subjected to audit procedures as we considered necessary. In addition, we performed auditing procedures that we considered necessary for us to report on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Davidson County Community College. The audit procedures were conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of our audit on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Davidson County Community College. A summary of our reporting objectives and audit results is:

1. **Objective** – To express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Davidson County Community College.

Results - The accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the amounts and disclosures made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These matters are more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements.

2. Objective – To present significant deficiencies, if any, in internal control over financial reporting which could adversely affect the College's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data in the financial statements and present instances of noncompliance, if any, with laws, regulations, contracts, or grants.

Results - Our tests disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and no instances of noncompliance which require disclosure herein under *Government Auditing Standards*. These matters are more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

apph Campbell, J.

Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA Office of the State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Davidson County Community College Lexington, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Davidson County Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the College's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Davidson County Community College as of June 30, 2002, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments,* as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities* and GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures* during the year ended June 30, 2002.

Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 6, 2003 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3 to 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

apph Campbell. J.

Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

May 6, 2003

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, Davidson County Community College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*. As required by these pronouncements, this Management's Discussion and Analysis section of Davidson County Community College's Annual Financial Report presents the College's financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. This section should be read in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and the related notes to the financial statements.

The new financial statements focus on the College as a whole. As such, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity (BTA) and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements now consist of three statements.

Statement of Net Assets - shows, at a glance, the financial position of the College. For the first time, capital assets are presented in the same column as other resources. The Statement of Net Assets is presented in a "classified" format. This means that assets are classified by current-unrestricted, current-restricted, or noncurrent.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - presents the revenues and expenses for the fiscal year. Again, all activity is presented in one column. Revenues and expenses are classified as operating or nonoperating.

Statement of Cash Flows - presents the sources from which the College received its cash and uses for which cash was spent. The Cash Flow Statement is presented using the direct method, with a reconciliation between operating income (loss) and net cash provided (used) by operating activities.

Financial Highlights:

(NOTE: In this first year of GASB Statement Nos. 34/35 implementation, only certain prior year numbers have been restated using GASB Statement Nos. 34/35. These limited restated numbers are used for comparative and analytical purposes. In future years, when prior year comparable information is available, a more comprehensive comparative analysis will be presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis section.)

For fiscal year ended 2002, total assets were \$19,075,915.32, of which \$14,569,797.92 were capital assets. For the year ended June 30, 2002, the College's net assets increased by \$1,243,189.13, from \$17,083,880.05 in fiscal year ended 2001 (restated for GASB Statement Nos. 34/35) to \$18,327,069.18 in fiscal year ended 2002. While State appropriations, the largest part of the College's revenue source, was cut in the fiscal year ended 2002, the increase in net assets was obtained primarily as a result of the following factors:

- 1) Increase in county appropriations of \$225,616.00
- 2) Increase in sales and services income of \$207,458.30
- 3) Increase in federal grants and contracts revenue of \$953,105.19
- 4) Increase in scholarships and fellowships expense of \$665,685.65
- 5) Cost cutting efforts employed as a result of the tight budget year.

The following chart depicts the allocation of net assets:



For the year ended June 30, 2002, total revenues were 20,075,027.92, which is a 1,362,066.99 (7.3%) increase over fiscal year ended 2001 (restated for GASB Statement Nos. 34/35). As mentioned above, revenue is classified between operating and nonoperating as a result of GASB Statement Nos. 34/35.

Net Assets By Type

In fiscal year ended 2002 operating revenues were \$5,868,811.12. This represents a \$1,390,861.38 (31.1%) increase over operating revenues in fiscal year ended 2001. The majority of this increase was due to the large increase in the number of students that applied for and received Pell. When a Pell Award is given to a student, the College receives the funds from the US Department of Education and these funds are reported as "federal grants and contracts" revenue. The amount of Pell awarded increased \$759,700.36 (53.4%) from fiscal year ended 2001 to fiscal year ended 2002. In addition to an increase in the number of students that received Pell, there was an increase in the maximum amount of the Pell Award (In fiscal year ended 2001 the maximum award was \$3,300, while in fiscal year ended 2002 the maximum award was \$3,750). Other significant explanations for the increase in operating revenues were as follows:

- 1) Received a \$219,362.00 federal TRIO grant in fiscal year ended 2002.
- 2) Received \$386,698.00 increase for bond funded construction projects in fiscal year ended 2002, which was offset somewhat by \$180,238.88 decrease in funding received from Smart Start in fiscal year ended 2002.
- 3) Realized \$207,458.30 net increase in sales and services income in fiscal year ended 2002. This was due to the former bookstore operator filing bankruptcy in fiscal year ended 2001, and terminating operations of the Gantt Child Development Center in fiscal year ended 2002, which had been losing money.

The following chart shows the components of operating revenues for fiscal year ended 2002:



Operating Revenues

Operating expenses also increased, although at a much smaller percentage than operating revenues. Operating expenses for fiscal year ended 2002 totaled \$18,817,707.00, which represents a \$628,544.57 (3.5%) increase over operating expenses for fiscal year ended 2001. The primary reason for this increase was that the number of students receiving Pell Awards increased. This increase not only affected revenue, but it also had an impact on the "scholarships and fellowships" expense, which increased by \$665,685.65 (42.1%).

The following chart shows the components of operating expenses:



The "nonoperating" revenues consist of State aid, State capital aid, county appropriations, county capital appropriations, noncapital gifts, and investment income. The total amount reported for these items in fiscal year ended 2002 was \$14,206,216.80. The majority of the College's funding comes from State appropriations. These funds are reported as "nonoperating revenue" in the financial statements. In fiscal year ended 2002, the amount reported for State aid (general and capital) was \$10,411,968.19. As mentioned above, fiscal year ended 2002 was a tight budget year for the State of North Carolina. As a result, the amount received from the State decreased \$191,999.72 (1.8%) compared to fiscal year ended 2001. In addition, noncapital gifts decreased \$63,094.04 (12.7%) due to a decrease in funding from the Davidson County Community College Foundation. These decreases were somewhat offset by increases in county appropriations. County appropriations (general and capital) were reported as \$3,188,685.00, which is a \$225,616.00 (7.6%) increase over fiscal year ended 2001.



The following chart shows the components of nonoperating revenues:

Nonoperating Revenues

Construction and Other Significant Commitments:

As of June 30, 2002, the College had two bond construction projects in process. These projects included a \$6,295,467.00 capital improvement project for the Gee Building, and a \$343,361.00 capital improvement project for the Davie campus. At June 30, 2002, \$288,981.21 had been expended on the Gee Building improvement and \$307,342.35 on the Davie campus improvement. Of the remaining unexpended balances, the College had committed \$179,913.40 for general contractor, architectural, and engineering services at June 30, 2002.

The College also entered into a \$2,144,494.00 guaranteed energy savings contract. The contract requires a \$160,000.00 advance payment, with the remaining \$1,984,494.00 financed over 12 years, carrying an interest rate of 5.06%. The College is obligated to pay 12 annual installments of \$223,901.35, beginning December 17, 2002 and ending December 17, 2013.

Statement of Net Assets	
June 30, 2002	 Exhibit A
5 mile 50, 2002	 LANDIA
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,267,791.57
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	317,410.10
Receivables (Note 3)	347,829.92
Inventories	47,529.98
Total Current Assets	2,980,561.55
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,423,018.90
Restricted Due from Primary Government	102,536.95
Capital Assets, Net (Note 4)	14,569,797.92
Total Noncurrent Assets	16,095,353.77
Total Assets	19,075,915.32
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 5)	 336,404.52
Funds Held for Others	 40,072.64
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 6)	 17,878.81
Total Current Liabilities	 394,355.97
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 6)	 354,490.17
	334,430.17
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	354,490.17
Total Liabilities	748,846.14
	140,040.14
NET ASSETS	
nvested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	14,567,036.04
Restricted For:	
Nonexpendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	59,609.68
Expendable:	
Loans	 9,498.01
Capital Projects	 1,504,204.20
Other	 275,397.78
Unrestricted	 1,911,323.45
Total Net Assets	\$ 18,327,069.18

Davidson County Community College		
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and		
Changes in Net Assets		
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002		Exhibit B
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues: Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 8)	\$	1,175,910.57
Federal Grants and Contracts	φ	2,765,284.07
State and Local Grants and Contracts		763,062.42
Sales and Services (Note 8)		1,135,985.74
Other Operating Revenues		28,568.32
Total Operating Revenues		5,868,811.12
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Services		12,402,028.93
Supplies and Materials		1,079,394.69
Services		1,797,939.24
Scholarships and Fellowships		2,245,996.55
Utilities		555,618.46
Depreciation		736,729.13
Total Operating Expenses		18,817,707.00
Operating Loss		(12,948,895.88
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Aid		9,787,274.33
County Appropriations		2,549,785.00
Noncapital Gifts (Note 8)		434,295.79
Investment Income, Net		171,267.82
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(14,131.79
Net Nonoperating Revenues		12,928,491.15
Loss Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, and Losses		(20,404.73
State Capital Aid		624,693.86
County Capital Appropriations		638,900.00
Increase in Net Assets		1,243,189.13
NET ASSETS		
Net Assets, July 1, 2001 as Restated (Note 16)		17,083,880.05
Net Assets, June 30, 2002	\$	18,327,069.18
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

Davidson County Community College	
Statement of Cash Flows	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002	 Exhibit C
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Received from Customers	\$
Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits	(12,386,544.33
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	(3,453,062.64
Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships	(2,284,209.17
Other Receipts	5,345.08
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(12,242,355.34
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Aid Received	9,787,274.33
County Appropriations	2,549,785.00
Noncapital Grants Received	114,799.58
Noncapital Gifts and Endowments Received	434,295.79
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	12,886,154.70
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Capital Aid Received	573,734.39
County Capital Appropriations	638,900.00
Capital Grants Received	(938.44
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(769,604.60
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	(33,142.56
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	408,948.79
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest on Investments	167,741.74
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	 167,741.74
	•
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,220,489.89
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2001	2,787,730.68
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2002	\$ 4,008,220.57

Davidson County Community College		
Statement of Cash Flows		Exhibit C
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002		Page 2
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET	_	
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(12,948,895.88)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		· · · · ·
Depreciation Expense		736,729.13
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables, Net		(30,908.02)
Inventories		17,060.02
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		3,360.64
Funds Held for Others		5,345.08
Compensated Absences		(25,046.31)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(12,242,355.34)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in Receivables Related to Nonoperating Income	\$	50,959.47
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement	nt.	

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NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Davidson County Community College is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. Related foundations and similar non-profit corporations for which the College is not financially accountable are not part of the accompanying financial statements. These entities are not included because they are separately incorporated and there are neither common directors nor other evidence of common control.

B. Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities* effective for the College's year ended June 30, 2002, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity (BTA) and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the College does not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for proprietary activities, unless the GASB Statement amends its pronouncements to specifically adopt FASB pronouncements issued after that date.

- **D.** Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification appears on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Cash Flows and includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, and short-term investments with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool (a governmental external investment pool). The short-term investment portfolio maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- **E. Receivables** Receivables consist of tuition and fees charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal government, State and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded at book value with no provision for doubtful accounts considered necessary.
- **F. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are stated at cost using the last invoice cost.
- **G.** Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost in excess of \$5,000 at the date of acquisition and an expected useful life of one or more years. Library books are expensed.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line and/or units of output method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 15 to 25 years for general infrastructure, 40 years for buildings, and 3 to 15 years for equipment.

The College does not capitalize the art collection. This collection adheres to the College's policy to maintain for public exhibition, education, or research; protect, keep unencumbered, care for and preserve; and requires proceeds from their sale to be used to acquire other collection items. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America permit collections maintained in this manner to be charged to operations at time of purchase rather than be capitalized.

- **H. Restricted Assets** Restricted assets represent assets whose use is restricted by external parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- I. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities Noncurrent long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.
- J. Compensated Absences The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each July 1st or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30th equals the leave carried forward at the previous June 30th plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between July 1st and June 30th.

When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out method.

K. Net Assets - The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets - Nonexpendable - Nonexpendable restricted net assets include endowments and similar type assets whose use is limited by donors or other outside sources, and, as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity.

Restricted Net Assets - Expendable - Expendable restricted net assets include resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets - Unrestricted net assets include resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College.

- L. Scholarship Discounts Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. The scholarship discount is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, State or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.
- M. Revenue and Expense Recognition The College presents its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating based on recognition definitions from GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Operating activities are those activities that are necessary and essential to the mission of the College. Operating revenues include all charges to customers, grants received for student financial assistance, and interest earned on loans. Grants received for student financial assistance are considered operating revenues because they provide resources for student charges, and such programs are necessary and essential to the mission of the College. Revenues from nonexchange transactions and State appropriations that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either capital or noncapital financing or investing activities. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital or noncapital financing or investing activities. Revenues received for capital financing activities, as well as related expenses, are considered neither operating nor nonoperating activities and are presented after nonoperating activities on the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.
- **N.** Internal Sales Activities Certain institutional auxiliary operations provide goods and services to College departments as well as to its customers. These institutional auxiliary operations include activities such as Child Care Centers and Central Stores. The expense is charged to the user department.
- **O. County Appropriations -** County appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicle purchases, and maintenance of

equipment. Unexpended county current appropriation and county capital appropriation do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

All funds of the College are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized in accordance with General Statute 115D-58.7. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina or with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. At year-end, cash on hand was \$5,171.39. The carrying amount of cash on deposit was \$4,003,049.18 and the bank balance was \$3,980,820.27.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Cash on deposit at year end consisted of the following:

	Book	Bank
	Balance	Balance
Cash on Deposit with State Treasurer Cash on Deposit with Private	\$ 3,770,475.03	\$ 3,785,475.03
Financial Institutions	232,574.15	194,648.05
	\$ 4,003,049.18	\$ 3,980,123.08

The cash on deposit with the State Treasurer is pooled with State agencies and similar institutions in short-term investments with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. These moneys are invested in accordance with General Statutes 147-69.1(c) and 147-69.2, and as required by law are "readily convertible into cash." All investments of the fund are held either by the Department of State Treasurer or agent in the State's name. The fund's uninvested cash is either covered by federal depository insurance or, pursuant to 20 NCAC 7, is collateralized under either the dedicated or pooling method.

The financial statements and disclosures for the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <u>http://www.osc.state.nc.us/</u> and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Of the cash on deposit with private financial institutions at June 30, 2002, \$100,875.00 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$93,773.05 was covered by collateral held by an authorized escrow agent in the name of the State Treasurer (pooling method).

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	Amount
Current Receivables:	
Students	\$ 220,081.14
Accounts	40,278.38
Intergovernmental	61,939.66
Investment Earnings	15,697.19
Interest on Loans	 9,833.55
Total Current Receivables	\$ 347,829.92

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2002
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable:	 5ury 1, 2001		mereuses		Decreases		June 30, 2002
Land	\$ 264,141.31	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	264,141.31
Construction in Progress	 112,210.00		487,078.66				599,288.66
Total Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	 376,351.31		487,078.66				863,429.97
Capital Assets, Depreciable:							
Buildings	18,691,794.94		65,419.90				18,757,214.84
Machinery and Equipment	2,191,936.09		174,031.93		79,754.58		2,286,213.44
General Infrastructure	 572,012.97		14,084.11				586,097.08
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	 21,455,744.00		253,535.94		79,754.58		21,629,525.36
Less Accumulated Depreciation:							
Buildings	5,936,657.92		499,790.31				6,436,448.23
Machinery and Equipment	1,035,843.73		209,264.97		65,622.78		1,179,485.92
General Infrastructure	 279,549.41		27,673.85				307,223.26
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 7,252,051.06	_	736,729.13	_	65,622.78	_	7,923,157.41
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	 14,203,692.94		(483,193.19)		14,131.80		13,706,367.95
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,580,044.25	\$	3,885.47	\$	14,131.80	\$	14,569,797.92

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	 Amount
Accounts Payable	\$ 76,604.03
Accrued Payroll	200,409.14
Intergovernmental Payables	54,367.22
Other	 5,024.13
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 336,404.52

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001		Additions Reductions		Balance June 30, 2002		Current Portion		
Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences	\$	35,904.44 394,653.41	\$	0.00 362,285.58	\$ 33,142.56 387,331.89	\$	2,761.88 369,607.10	\$	2,761.88 15,116.93
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	430,557.85	\$	362,285.58	\$ 420,474.45	\$	372,368.98	\$	17,878.81

Additional information regarding capital lease obligations is included in Note 7.

NOTE 7 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A. Capital Lease Obligations - Capital lease obligations relating to computer equipment are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Future minimum lease payments under capital lease obligations consist of the following at June 30, 2002:

Fiscal Year	 Amount			
2003	\$ 2,931.12			
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 2,931.12			
Amount Representing Interest (6.2% Rate of Interest)	 169.24			
Present Value of Future Lease Payments	\$ 2,761.88			

Leased assets amounted to \$99,427.50 at June 30, 2002.

B. Operating Lease Obligations - Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2002:

Fiscal Year	Amount		
2003	¢	117 742 15	
2003	\$	117,742.15 120,571.35	
2004		48,345.24	
2006		48,345.24	
2007		36,803.54	
2008-2013		25,871.40	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	397,678.92	

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$129,805.38.

NOTE 8 - **REVENUES**

A summary of eliminations and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

		Less		
Gross		Scholarship		Net
 Revenues		Discounts		Revenues
\$ 1,689,399.24	\$	513,488.67	\$	1,175,910.57
\$ 87,815.85	\$	0.00	\$	87,815.85
509,832.03				509,832.03
81,354.87				81,354.87
 456,982.99				456,982.99
\$ 1,135,985.74	\$	0.00	\$	1,135,985.74
\$ 434,295.79	\$	0.00	\$	434,295.79
\$ \$ \$ \$	Revenues \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ 87,815.85 509,832.03 81,354.87 456,982.99 \$ 1,135,985.74	Revenues \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ \$ 509,832.03 \$ \$ 509,832.03 \$ \$ 509,832.03 \$ \$ 509,832.03 \$ \$ 1,354.87 456,982.99 \$ 1,135,985.74 \$	Gross Revenues Scholarship Discounts \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ 513,488.67 \$ 87,815.85 \$ 0.00 \$ 009,832.03 \$ 1,354.87 456,982.99 \$ 0.00 \$ 1,135,985.74 \$ 0.00	Gross Scholarship Revenues Discounts \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ 513,488.67 \$ \$ 1,689,399.24 \$ 0.00 \$ \$ 87,815.85 \$ 0.00 \$ \$ 87,815.85 \$ 0.00 \$ \$ 509,832.03 \$ 81,354.87 \$ \$ 456,982.99 \$ 0.00 \$ \$ 1,135,985.74 \$ 0.00 \$

NOTE 9 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	 Salaries and Benefits	 Supplies and Materials			Scholarships and Fellowships	 Utilities	 Depreciation	Total		
Instruction	\$ 7,103,499.90	\$ 178,085.70	\$ 408,908.18	\$	0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$	7,690,493.78	
Public Service	30,556.41	52,880.51	6,397.21						89,834.13	
Academic Support	1,470,001.97	47,976.07	70,051.40						1,588,029.44	
Student Services	987,333.93	4,282.89	90,273.94						1,081,890.76	
Institutional Support	1,966,304.30	199,252.16	543,419.85						2,708,976.31	
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	433,595.63	566,688.85	657,528.88			555,618.46			2,213,431.82	
Student Financial Aid			7,328.32		2,245,996.55				2,253,324.87	
Auxiliary Enterprises	410,736.79	30,228.51	14,031.46						454,996.76	
Depreciation	 	 	 			 	 736,729.13		736,729.13	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 12,402,028.93	\$ 1,079,394.69	\$ 1,797,939.24	\$	2,245,996.55	\$ 555,618.46	\$ 736,729.13	\$	18,817,707.00	

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

A. Retirement Plans - Each permanent full-time employee, as a condition of employment, is a member of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (System) is a multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit pension plan administered by the North Carolina State Treasurer.

After five years of creditable service, members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System qualify for a vested deferred benefit. Employees who retire on or after age 65 and complete 5 years of membership service (age 55 and 5 years of creditable service for law

enforcement officers), reach age 60 with 25 years of membership service, or complete 30 years of creditable service receive a retirement allowance of 1.81% of an average final compensation (based on the 4 consecutive years that produce the highest average) multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Employees may retire with reduced benefits if they reach age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or reach age 60 with 5 years of creditable service (age 50 with 15 years creditable service for law enforcement officers).

Benefit and contribution provisions for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are established by North Carolina General Statutes 135-5 and 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employer and member contribution rates are set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly based on annual actuarial valuations. For the year ended June 30, 2002, these rates were set at 1.97% of covered payroll for employers and 6% of covered payroll for members.

For the year ended June 30, 2002, the College had a total payroll of \$10,580,896.59, of which \$8,255,032.32 was covered under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Total employee and employer contributions for pension benefits for the year were \$495,301.94 and \$162,643.99, respectively. The College made one hundred percent of its annual required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, which were \$162,643.99, \$404,230.02, and \$568,944.59, respectively.

The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System's financial information is included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <u>http://www.osc.state.nc.us/</u> and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

B. **Deferred** Compensation and Supplemental Retirement Income Plans - IRC Section 457 Plan - The State of North Carolina offers its permanent employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 through the North Carolina Public Employee Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan). The Plan permits each participating employee to defer a portion of his or her salary until future years. The deferred compensation is available to employees upon separation from service, death, disability, retirement, or financial hardships if approved by the Board of Trustees of the Plan. The Board, a part of the North Carolina Department of Administration, maintains a separate fund for the exclusive benefit of the participating employees and their beneficiaries, the North Carolina Public Employee Deferred Compensation Trust Fund. The Board also contracts with an external third party to perform certain

administrative requirements and to manage the trust fund's assets. All costs of administering and funding the Plan are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$21,098.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

IRC Section 401(k) Plan - All members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are eligible to enroll in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan, created under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). All costs of administering the plan are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$159,181.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

IRC Section 403(b) and 403(b)(7) Plans - Eligible College employees can participate in tax sheltered annuity plans created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 403(b)(7). The employee's eligible contributions, made through salary reduction agreements, are exempt from federal and State income taxes until the annuity is received or the contributions are withdrawn. These plans are exclusively for employees of colleges and certain charitable and other non-profit institutions. All costs of administering and funding these plans are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$164,712.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Health Care for Long-Term Disability Beneficiaries and Retirees - The **A.** College participates in State-administered programs which provide postemployment health insurance to eligible former employees. Eligible former employees include long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. These benefits were established by Chapter 135, Article 3, Part 3, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Funding for the health care benefit for long-term disability beneficiaries and retirees is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The College contributed 2.35% of the covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System for these health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the College's total contribution to the Plan was \$193,987.96. The College assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution. Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Long-Term Disability - The College participates in the Disability Income **B**. Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC). Established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, DIPNC provides short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Long-term disability income benefits are advance Retirement System. funded on an actuarially determined basis using the one-year term cost The College contributes .52% of covered payroll under the method. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Optional Retirement Program to the DIPNC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the College's total contribution to the DIPNC was \$42,926.17. The College assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the plan other than its contribution. Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in State-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Tort claims of up to \$500,000 are self-insured under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$11,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The premium, based on a composite rate, is paid by the North Carolina Community College System Office directly to the private insurer.

Fire and other property losses are covered by contracts with private insurance companies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

State-owned vehicles used for instructional purposes are covered by liability insurance handled by the State Department of Insurance. Liability insurance for other College-owned vehicles is covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from State funds. The blanket honesty bond is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance with coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and a \$50,000 deductible. Losses from County and Institutional Fund paid employees are covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

Employees and retirees are provided health care coverage by the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (Plan), a component unit of the State. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions and is administered by a third-party contractor. Effective for the October 1, 2001 through September 30, 2002 year, the Plan no longer offers health coverage through HMO plans.

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from State funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the board entirely from County or Institutional Funds.

Term life insurance of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This self-insured death benefit program is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions.

Additional details on the State-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- A. Commitments The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$179,913.40 and on other purchases were \$24,407.75 at June 30, 2002. The College also entered into a \$2,144,494.00 guaranteed energy savings contract. The contract requires a \$160,000.00 advance payment, with the remaining \$1,984,494.00 financed over 12 years, carrying an interest rate of 5.06%. The College is obligated to pay 12 annual installments of \$223,901.35, beginning December 17, 2002 and ending December 17, 2013.
- **B.** Community College General Obligation Bonds The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the issuance of 600 million dollars of general obligation bonds of the State, as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters of the State, to provide funds for capital improvements for the North Carolina Community College System. The funds authorized are to be used solely to construct new buildings and to renovate and modernize existing buildings on the North Carolina Community College System campuses. The bond legislation specifies the amount of bond funding for each College campus as well as the intended

amount for new construction and repair and replacement. The legislation further provides that the State Board of Community Colleges shall be responsible for the approval of projects in accordance with provisions of the legislation. The bonds are authorized to be issued over a six-year period beginning in 2001 at a level not to exceed amounts provided in the legislation. Using a cash flow financing approach, The Community College System's Office (CCSO), establishes annual amounts not to exceed for each approved project. The amounts not to exceed are subject to change due to actual cash availability and needs during the year. Subsequent to the bond sales and the availability of bond proceeds, CCSO notifies the Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) of the amount not to exceed for the total of the approved projects. Within this amount, based on an official request of cash needs from the State Board of Community Colleges, OSBM authorizes These allotments are then recorded to specific community allotments. college allotment accounts by the CCSO. The College records the allotments as revenue on the accompanying financial statements. The College's remaining authorization \$5,563,537.73 is contingent on future bond sales and CCSO allotment approval. Because of uncertainty and time restrictions the remaining authorization is not recorded as an asset or revenue on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 14 - DAVIDSON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION

The Davidson County Community College Foundation is a separately incorporated non-profit foundation associated with the College. This organization serves as the primary fundraising arm of the College through which individuals, corporations, and other organizations support College programs by providing scholarships, fellowships, faculty salary supplements, and unrestricted funds to specific departments and the College's overall academic environment. The College's financial statements do not include the assets, liabilities, net assets, or operational transactions of the Foundation, except for the distributions made and benefits provided by the Foundation. The distributions received and/or benefits provided approximated \$399,924.85 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

NOTE 15 - ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Effective July 1, 2001, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities*. The financial statement presentation required by these Statements is a single-column enterprise activity rather than the fund-group perspective previously reported. Significant accounting changes in order to

comply with the new requirements include adopting depreciation on capital assets, reporting revenues net of discounts and allowances, eliminating interfund activities, classifying activities as operating or nonoperating, classifying assets and liabilities as current or noncurrent, and prorating summer school activities to periods earned.

In addition, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*. Changes in existing disclosures include more detailed information on debt service requirements, obligations under leases, and short-term debt. New disclosures include variable debt interest information and the major components of receivable and payable balances.

NOTE 16 - NET ASSET RESTATEMENT

As referred to in Note 15, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities.

July 1, 2001 Fund Equity as previously reported Implementation of GASB 34/35	\$ 26,248,841.32 (9,164,961.27)
July 1, 2001 Net Assets as Restated	\$ 17,083,880.05

Davidson County Community College		
Schedule of General Obligation Bond Project Au	thorizations,	
Budgets, and Expenditures		
For Project-to-Date as of June 30, 2002		Schedule 1

	Projected Start	C	General Obligation Bonds		Other		Total Project		Amount	Percent	Expected Completion
Capital Improvement Projects	Date		Authorized		Sources		Budget		Expended	Completed	Date
Projects Approved by the State Board							¢				
Classrooms/Laboratories/Renovations -1101	Oct 2001	\$	5,795,467.00	\$	500,000.00	\$	6,295,467.00	\$	288,981.00	4.59%	Jun 2004
Fire Services Laboratory -180	Oct 2001		325,000.00		16,473.00		341,473.00		308,717.35	90.41%	Aug 2002
Total All Projects		\$	6,120,467.00	\$	516,473.00	\$	6,636,940.00	\$	597,698.35		
Note: The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assemi as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters	of the State, to pr	ovide	funds for capital im	prov	ements for the	e No	orth Carolina Cor	nmı	unity College S		
The projects listed on this schedule are those funded	or to be funded by	bond	proceeds from the	gen	eral obligation	boi	nds authorized b	y S	enate Bill 912.		



Ralph Campbell, Jr.

State Auditor

Office of the State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Davidson County Community College Lexington, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of Davidson County Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated May 6, 2003.

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities* and GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures* during the year ended June 30, 2002.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and the State Board of Community Colleges, management and staff of the College, the Governor, the State Controller, the General Assembly, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

apph Campbell, J.

Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor May 6, 2003

DISTRIBUTION OF AUDIT REPORT

In accordance with General Statutes 147-64.5 and 147-64.6(c)(14), copies of this report have been distributed to the public officials listed below. Additional copies are provided to other legislators, state officials, the press, and the general public upon request.

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June 10, 2003

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