

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT REVIEW REPORT OF

ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LUMBERTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

RALPH CAMPBELL, JR.

STATE AUDITOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENT REVIEW REPORT OF

ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LUMBERTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2002

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Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

Office of the State Auditor

2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0601 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 Internet http://www.osa.state.nc.us

REVIEWER'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Michael F. Easley, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Trustees, Robeson Community College

This report presents the results of our financial statement review of Robeson Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, for the year ended June 30, 2002. Our review was made by authority of Article 5A of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes.

The accounts and operations of the College are an integral part of the State's reporting entity represented in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the State's *Single Audit Report*. In those reports, the State Auditor expresses an opinion on the State's financial statements. In the *Single Audit Report*, the State Auditor also presents the audit results on the State's internal controls and on the State's compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the State's financial statements and to its federal financial assistance programs.

As part of the work necessary for the CAFR and the *Single Audit Report*, the accounts and operations of the College were subjected to review procedures as we considered necessary. In addition, we performed review procedures that we considered necessary for us to report on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Robeson Community College. The review procedures were conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of our review of the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Robeson Community College. Our reporting objectives and review results are:

1. **Objective** - To disclose any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Results - We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These matters are more fully described in the Independent Accountant's Review Report on the financial statements.

REVIEWER'S TRANSMITTAL (CONCLUDED)

2. Objective – To present significant deficiencies, if any, in internal control over financial reporting which could adversely affect the College's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data in the financial statements and present instances of noncompliance, if any, with laws, regulations, contracts, or grants that came to our attention during our review of the financial statements.

Results - Our review disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and no instances of noncompliance which require disclosure herein under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make reports available to the public. Copies of review reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

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State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REVIEW REPORT

Board of Trustees Robeson Community College Lumberton, North Carolina

We have reviewed the accompanying Statement of Net Assets of Robeson Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of June 30, 2002, and the related Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. All information included in these financial statements is the representation of the College's management.

A review consists principally of inquiries of College personnel and analytical procedures applied to financial data. It is substantially less in scope than an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3 to 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such information has been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements, and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made thereto.

Our review was conducted for the purpose of expressing limited assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the basic financial statements in order for them to be in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the inquiry and analytical procedures applied in the review of the basic financial statements, and we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made thereto.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

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State Auditor

April 2, 2003

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Purpose

The information in this section is intended to provide a general overview of the College's financial statements and is based upon the information contained in the financial statements accompanying this Discussion and Analysis. The user is encouraged to reference the appropriate section of the financial statements for the supporting detailed information. For more information, please contact the Division of Finance at 910-618-5680, Extension 157.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Effective July 1, 2001, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities, and GASB No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures. The College has elected to report as a special purpose government engaged in business type activities. Under this option, the College presents financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The basic financial statements under this option are the following: Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Institutional Assets

The assets of the College are divided between current and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash, receivables and inventories.

Current Assets

Cash	\$ 540,815.96
Receivables	317,572.93
Inventories	 35,779.29
Total Current Assets	\$ 894,168.18

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Noncurrent assets include receivables due from the State for construction projects and capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings, general infrastructure, and equipment). During the 2001-2002 year, there was a decrease in the College's assets resulting from the implementation of GASB 34/35.

Noncurrent Assets

Due from Primary Government	\$ 250,648.23
Capital Assets	 8,382,485.56
Total Current Assets	\$ 8,633,133.79

The College's capital assets are stated at their purchase price or, in the case of donations, assigned a fair market value when they are accepted. The College records purchases as a capital asset when the purchased items cost more than \$5,000 at the date of purchase and have a useful life of more than one year. Library books are expensed.

The College uses the straight-line depreciation method to determine the current value of capital assets. In general, infrastructure is depreciated over a 10 to 75 year period, buildings are depreciated over a 10 to 50 year period, and equipment is depreciated in 3 to 25 years, depending on the expected useful life of the infrastructure, equipment, or building.

Institutional Liabilities

The College's liabilities are divided between current liabilities payable within 12 months and non-current liabilities that extend beyond a year. Long-term liabilities include the portion of accrued employee annual leave that will not be paid within the next fiscal year, calculated at the current salary rates for each employee, consistent with the institution's leave policies.

Current Liabilities

Noncurrent Liabilities

\$ 204,062.90
2,817.00
5,295.20
60,247.56
 57,172.00
\$ 329,594.66
\$ <u>\$</u>

\$514,552.98

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Net Assets

Net assets are a measure of the value of all the College's assets after liabilities and depreciation are deducted. The College's net assets increased by \$642,177.07 for the fiscal year to \$8,683,154.33. Net assets invested in capital assets were \$8,382,485.56. Restricted net assets were \$171,233.88. Unrestricted net assets were \$129,434.89.

Revenues

The College's revenues are classified as operating and nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues include student tuition and fees, federal, State and local grants and contracts, and the revenue received from sales and services, principally comprised of the revenue received from the bookstore, vending, and the rental of the food service operation. Student tuition, though identified as a revenue, is remitted back to the State Treasurer and not netted against the College's State aid identified as nonoperating revenue. The largest operating revenue (\$3,213,957.81) accrues from the College's participation in Federal Title IV financial aid programs, including Pell Grants of \$2,850,572.52.

Operating Revenues

Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 1,142,770.93
Federal Grants and Contracts	3,213,957.81
State and Local Grants and Contracts	969,299.56
Sales and Service	172,959.76
Other Operating Revenues	 7,619.65
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 5,506,607.71

Nonoperating revenues comprise the major portion of the College's income and include formula allocations from the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges for current expense, equipment, and capital improvements as well as funds appropriated from the Robeson County Board of Commissioners. Noncapital gifts include contributions from the Robeson Community College Foundation, Inc.

Nonoperating Revenues

State Aid	\$ 10,120,094.57
County Appropriations	1,186,812.00
Noncapital Gifts	33,067.00
Investment Income	 24,094.08
Net Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 11,364,067.65

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Operating Expenses

The operating expenses of the College are comprised principally of the direct cost of personnel and their fringe benefits identified as 'personal services'. Depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation were identified for the first time, consistent with the requirements of GASB 34/35.

Personal Services	\$ 10,884,243.11
Supplies and Materials	924,157.41
Services	1,723,622.14
Scholarships and Fellowships	2,798,232.19
Utilities	336,449.51
Depreciation	612,234.85
Total Expenses	\$ 17,278,939.21

Capital Contributions

Capital Contributions are received from appropriations from the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges under a formula allocation for educational equipment and library books. The Board also provided construction funds as part of the North Carolina 2000 Higher Education Bond Referendum and previous legislative action providing funds for renovations and repairs.

State Capital Aid \$ 1,050,440.92

Significant Capital Asset Activity

The College received \$13,805,122.00 from the 2000 North Carolina Higher Education Bond Referendum which provides \$3,085,343.00 for the renovation and repair of facilities and \$10,719,779.00 for new construction. Funds are allocated according to a cash flow schedule established by the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges with final distribution of funds ending June 2007.

The following contractual obligations were incurred against these allocations during the year:

Project # 1214: Emergency Training Facility Addition \$18,108.30

Project # 1206: Main Campus Continuing Education Building \$24,926.85 Project # 1109: Pembroke Center Continuing Education Building \$30,218.58

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

Significant Effects on Financial Position

- 1. As a result of actions taken by the North Carolina General Assembly, tuition for curriculum students was increased to \$34.35 a credit hour with a maximum of \$548.00 for 16 or more hours. This represents a 10.5% increase in the direct cost to students attending the College.
- 2. The College's enrollment increased from \$2,125 for the Fall, 2001 to \$2,207 for the Fall, 2002. This represents a 4% increase.

Robeson Community College Statement of Net Assets		
June 30, 2002		Exhibit A
5147£C 50, 2002		Exhibit A
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	540,815.96
Receivables, Net (Note 3)	Ψ	317,572.93
Inventories		35,779.29
		00,110.20
Total Current Assets		894,168.18
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Due from Primary Government		250,648.23
Capital Assets, Net (Note 4)	\perp	8,382,485.56
Total Noncurrent Assets		0.000.400.70
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	8,633,133.79
Total Assets		9,527,301.97
		0,021,001.01
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 5)		204,062.90
Due to Primary Government		2,817.00
Deferred Revenue		5,295.20
Funds Held for Others		60,247.56
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 6)		57,172.00
Total Current Liabilities		329,594.66
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 6)		514,552.98
Total Liabilities		844,147.64
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets		8,382,485.56
Restricted For:		
Expendable:		
Scholarships and Fellowships		(68,496.92)
Capital Projects		239,730.80
Unrestricted		129,434.89
Total Net Assets	\$	8,683,154.33
Total Net Assets	Ψ	0,000,104.00
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statemen	t.	

Robeson Community College		
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in No.	et Assets	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002		Exhibit B
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 7)	\$	1,142,770.93
Federal Grants and Contracts		3,213,957.81
State and Local Grants and Contracts		969,299.56
Sales and Services, Net (Note 7)		172,959.76
Other Operating Revenues		7,619.65
Total Operating Revenues		5,506,607.71
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Services		10,884,243.11
Supplies and Materials		924,157.41
Services		1,723,622.14
Scholarships and Fellowships		2,798,232.19
Utilities		336,449.51
Depreciation		612,234.85
Total Operating Expenses		17,278,939.21
Operating Loss		(11,772,331.50
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
State Aid		10,120,094.57
County Appropriations		1,186,812.00
Noncapital Gifts, Net (Note 7)		33,067.00
Investment Income, Net		24,094.08
Net Nonoperating Revenues		11,364,067.65
Loss Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, and Losses		(408,263.85)
State Capital Aid		1,050,440.92
Increase in Net Assets		642,177.07
NET ASSETS		0.040.077.00
Net Assets, July 1, 2001 as Restated (Note 15)		8,040,977.26
Net Assets, June 30, 2002	\$	8,683,154.33
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this s	statement.	
See Independent Accountant's Review Report		

Statement of Cash Flows		
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002		Exhibit C
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Received from Customers	\$	7 100 101 00
Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits	Ф	7,286,262.86 (10,875,981.74)
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers		(4,017,566.96
Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships		(2,941,387.81
Other Receipts		24,844.19
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(10,523,829.46
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Aid Received		10,120,094.57
County Appropriations		1,186,812.00
Noncapital Grants Received		(1,550,853.26
Noncapital Gifts and Endowments Received		38,362.20
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		9,794,415.51
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Capital Aid Received		1,050,440.92
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(291,970.52
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		758,470.40
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments		24,094.08
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		24,094.08
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		53,150.53
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2001		487,665.43
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2002	\$	540,815.96
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(11,772,331.50
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities: Depreciation Expense		612,234.85
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		012,204.00
Receivables, Net		893,669.16
Inventories		41,582.40
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(1,075,541.13
Due to Primary Government		743,451.20
Funds Held for Others		24,844.19
Compensated Absences		8,261.37
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(10,523,829.46
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability		44,520.71
Increase in Receivables Related to Nonoperating Income		897,906.55
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2002

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Robeson Community College is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. Related foundations and similar non-profit corporations for which the College is not financially accountable are not part of the accompanying financial statements. These entities are not included because they are separately incorporated and there are neither common directors nor other evidence of common control.

B. Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities effective for the College's year ended June 30, 2002, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity (BTA) and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the College does not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for proprietary activities, unless the GASB amends its pronouncements to specifically adopt FASB pronouncements issued after that date.

- **D.** Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification appears on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Cash Flows and includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, and short-term investments with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool (a governmental external investment pool). The short-term investment portfolio maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- **E.** Receivables Receivables consist of tuition and fees charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the Federal government, State and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded at book value with no provision for doubtful accounts considered necessary.
- **F. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are stated at the lower of cost or market value using the first-in, first-out method.
- **G.** Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost in excess of \$5,000 at the date of acquisition and an expected useful life of one or more years. Library books are expensed.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 10 to 75 years for general infrastructure, 10 to 50 years for buildings, and 3 to 25 years for equipment.

H. Restricted Assets – Restricted assets represent assets whose use is restricted by external parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- I. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities Noncurrent long-term liabilities include compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.
- **J.** Compensated Absences The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each July 1st or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave

When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last in, first out method.

K. Net Assets – The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – Nonexpendable – Nonexpendable restricted net assets include endowments and similar type assets whose use is limited by donors or other outside sources, and, as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity.

Restricted Net Assets – Expendable – Expendable restricted net assets include resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets – Unrestricted net assets include resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College.

L. Scholarship Discounts – Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. The scholarship discount is the difference

between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, State, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.

- M. Revenue and Expense Recognition The College presents its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating based on recognition definitions from GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Operating activities are those activities that are necessary and essential to the mission of the College. Operating revenues include all charges to customers, grants received for student financial assistance, and interest earned on loans. Grants received for student financial assistance are considered operating revenues because they provide resources for student charges, and such programs are necessary and essential to the mission of the College. Revenues from nonexchange transactions and state appropriations that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either capital or noncapital financing or investing activities. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital or noncapital financing or investing activities. Revenues received for capital financing activities, as well as related expenses, are considered neither operating nor nonoperating activities and are presented after nonoperating activities on the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets.
- N. Internal Sales Activities Certain institutional auxiliary operations provide goods and services to College departments, as well as to its customers. These institutional auxiliary operations include activities such as facility rental, student fees, commissions, and fees from patrons. All internal sales activities to College departments from auxiliary operations and sales and service units have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. These eliminations are recorded by removing the revenue and expense in the auxiliary operations and sales and service units and, if significant, allocating any residual balances to those departments receiving the goods and services during the year.
- O. County Appropriations County Appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicles purchases, and

maintenance of equipment. Unexpended county current appropriation and county capital appropriation do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

All funds of the College are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized in accordance with General Statute 115D-58.7. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina or with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. At year-end, cash on hand was \$550.00. The carrying amount of cash on deposit was \$540,265.96 and the bank balance was \$625,344.12.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Cash on deposit at year end consisted of the following:

		Book Balance	Bank Balance
Cash on Deposit with State Treasurer	\$	335,312.74	\$ 333,968.57
Cash on Deposit with Private Financial Institutions	_	204,953.22	 291,375.55
	\$	540,265.96	\$ 625,344.12

The cash on deposit with the State Treasurer is pooled with State agencies and similar institutions in short-term investments with the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool. These moneys are invested in accordance with General Statutes 147-69.1(c) and 147-69.2, and as required by law are "readily convertible into cash." All investments of the fund are held either by the Department of State Treasurer or its agent in the State's name. The fund's uninvested cash is either covered by federal depository insurance or, pursuant to 20 NCAC 7, is collateralized under either the dedicated or pooling method.

The financial statements and disclosures for the State Treasurer's Cash and Investment Pool are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.state.nc.us/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Of the cash on deposit with private financial institutions at June 30, 2002, \$100,000.00 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and \$191,375.55 was covered by collateral held by an authorized escrow agent in the name of the State Treasurer (pooling method).

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	Net	
	Receivables	
Current Receivables:		
Students	\$	3,741.80
Accounts		96,450.33
Intergovernmental		217,380.80
Total Current Receivables	\$	317,572.93

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets is presented as follows:

Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable:	Balance July 1, 2001	Adjustments	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2002
Land	\$ 155.203.75	\$ 0.00	\$ 203,768.88	\$ 0.00	\$ 358,972.63
Construction in Progress			100,228.12		100,228.12
Total Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	155,203.75		303,997.00		459,200.75
Capital Assets, Depreciable:					
Buildings	11,038,565.39				11,038,565.39
Machinery and Equipment	1,595,022.64		181,415.05	43,319.48	1,733,118.21
General Infrastructure	1,016,660.33				1,016,660.33
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	13,650,248.36		181,415.05	43,319.48	13,788,343.93
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings	4,452,033.96		275,964.24		4,727,998.20
Machinery and Equipment	807,302.13		326,820.97	43,319.48	1,090,803.62
General Infrastructure	36,807.66		9,449.64		46,257.30
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,296,143.75		612,234.85	43,319.48	5,865,059.12
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	8,354,104.61		(430,819.80)		7,923,284.81
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,509,308.36	\$ 0.00	\$ (126,822.80)	\$ 0.00	\$ 8,382,485.56

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2002 were as follows:

	 Amount
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll	\$ 199,956.58 4,106.32
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 204,062.90

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2001	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2002	Current Portion
Compensated Absences	\$ 563,463.61	\$ 422,597.00	\$ 414,335.63	\$ 571,724.98	\$ 57,172.00
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 563,463.61	\$ 422,597.00	\$ 414,335.63	\$ 571,724.98	\$ 57,172.00

NOTE 7 - REVENUES

A summary of eliminations and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

	Gross Revenues	Less Scholarship Discounts	Net Revenues
Operating revenues:			
Student tuition and fees	\$ 2.046.292.72	\$ 903.521.79	\$ 1.142.770.93
Sales and services: Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises: Dining Bookstore Other	\$ 27,360.90 57,628.36 87,970.50	\$	\$ 27,360.90 57,628.36 87,970.50
Total sales and services	\$ 172,959.76	\$ 	\$ 172,959.76
Nonoperating-Noncapital Gifts	\$ 33,067.00	\$	\$ 33,067.00

NOTE 8 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	Salaries and		Supplies and		Scholarships and					
_	Benefits	. —	Materials	 Services	 Fellowships	_	Utilities	_	Depreciation	 Total
Instruction \$	6,712,470.89	\$	430,268.17	\$ 501,315.18	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$ 7,644,054.24
Academic Support	1,023,725.49		42,842.86	75,229.82						1,141,798.17
Student Services	858,227.90		17,204.36	124,871.74						1,000,304.00
Institutional Support	1,678,666.13		400,567.37	885,224.37						2,964,457.87
Operations and Maintenance of Plan	611,152.70		28,423.56	108,957.38			336,449.51			1,084,983.15
Student Financial Aid				28,023.65	2,798,232.19					2,826,255.84
Auxiliary Enterprises			4,851.09							4,851.09
Depreciation						_		_	612,234.85	 612,234.85
Total Operating Expenses \$	10,884,243.11	\$	924,157.41	\$ 1,723,622.14	\$ 2,798,232.19	\$	336,449.51	\$	612,234.85	\$ 17,278,939.21

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLANS

A. Retirement Plans - Each permanent full-time employee, as a condition of employment, is a member of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (System) is a multiple-employer cost sharing defined benefit pension plan administered by the North Carolina State Treasurer.

After five years of creditable service, members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System qualify for a vested deferred benefit. Employees who retire on or after age 65 and complete 5 years of membership service (age 55 and 5 years of creditable service for law enforcement officers), reach age 60 with 25 years of membership service, or complete 30 years of creditable service receive a retirement allowance of 1.81% of an average final compensation (based on the 4 consecutive years that produce the highest average) multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Employees may retire with reduced benefits if they reach age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or reach age 60 with 5 years of creditable service (age 50 with 15 years creditable service for law enforcement officers).

Benefit and contribution provisions for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are established by North Carolina General Statute 135-5 and 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employer and member contributions rates are set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly based on annual actuarial valuations. For the year ended June 30, 2002, these rates were set at 1.97% of covered payroll for employers and 6% of covered payroll for members.

For the year ended June 30, 2002, the College had a total payroll of \$9,359,803.21, of which \$7,671,009.44 was covered under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Total employee and employer contributions for pension benefits for the year were \$460,260.57 and \$151,118.89, respectively. The College made one hundred percent of its annual required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2002, 2001, and 2000, which were \$151,118.89, \$362,736.37, and \$498,813.64, respectively.

The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System's financial information is included in the State of North Carolina *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.state.nc.us/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

B. Supplemental Retirement Income Plans - IRC Section 401(k) Plan - All members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are eligible to enroll in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan, created under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). All costs of administering the plan are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$167,236.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

IRC Section 403(b) and 403(b)(7) Plans - Eligible College employees can participate in tax sheltered annuity plans created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 403(b)(7). The employee's eligible contributions, made through salary reduction agreements, are exempt from federal and state income taxes until the annuity is received or the contributions are withdrawn. These plans are exclusively for employees of Colleges and certain charitable and other non-profit institutions. All costs of administering and funding these plans are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$28,920.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

- Health Care for Long-Term Disability Beneficiaries and Retirees -The College participates in State-administered programs which provide postemployment health insurance to eligible former employees. Eligible former employees include long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. These benefits were established by Chapter 135, Article 3, Part 3, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Funding for the health care benefit for long-term disability beneficiaries and retirees is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The College contributed 2.35% of the covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System for these health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the College's total contribution to the Plan was \$180,268.72. The College assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution. Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.
- **B.** Long-Term Disability The College participates in the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC). Established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, DIPNC provides short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability income

benefits are advance funded on an actuarially determined basis using the one-year term cost method. The College contributes .52% of covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System to the DIPNC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002, the College's total contribution to the DIPNC was \$39,889.25. The College assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the plan other than its contribution. Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in State-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Tort claims of up to \$500,000 are self-insured under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$11,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The premium, based on a composite rate, is paid by the North Carolina Community College System Office directly to the private insurer.

Fire and other property losses are covered by the Public School Insurance Fund, a State-administered public entity risk pool. This fund is financed by premiums and interest and reinsures losses greater than \$10,000,000 per occurrence. The excess insurer provides property coverage up to \$30,000,000 per location annually. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

State-owned vehicles used for instructional purposes are covered by liability insurance handled by the State Department of Insurance. Liability insurance for other college-owned vehicles are covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from State funds. The blanket honesty bond is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance with coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and a \$50,000 deductible. The College is protected for losses from employee

dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid by County and Institutional funds by contracts with private insurance companies.

Employees and retirees are provided health care coverage by the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (Plan), a component unit of the State. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions and is administered by a third-party contractor. Effective for the October 1, 2001 through September 30, 2002 year, the Plan no longer offers health coverage through HMO plans.

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from State funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the board entirely from County or Institutional Funds.

Malpractice coverage for campus programs requiring coverage is provided by contracts with private insurance companies.

Term life insurance of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This self-insured death benefit program is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions.

Additional details on the State-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- **A.** Commitments The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$421,085.45 at June 30, 2002.
- B. Community College General Obligation Bonds The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the issuance of six hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds of the State, as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters of the State, to provide funds for capital improvements for the North Carolina Community College System. The funds authorized are to be used solely to construct new buildings and to renovate and modernize existing buildings on the North Carolina Community College System campuses. The bond legislation specifies the amount of bond funding for each College campus as well as the intended amount for new construction and repair and replacement. The legislation further provides that the State

Board of Community Colleges shall be responsible for the approval of projects in accordance with provisions of the legislation. The bonds are authorized to be issued over a six-year period beginning in 2001 at a level not to exceed amounts provided in the legislation. Using a cash flow financing approach, The Community College System's Office (CCSO), establishes annual amounts not to exceed for each approved project. The amounts not to exceed are subject to change due to actual cash availability and needs during the year. Subsequent to the bond sales and the availability of bond proceeds, CCSO notifies the Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) of the amount not to exceed for the total of the approved projects. Within this amount, based on an official request of cash needs from the State Board of Community Colleges, OSBM authorizes allotments. These allotments are then recorded to specific Community College allotment accounts by the CCSO. The College records the allotments as revenue on the accompanying financial statements. The College's remaining authorization \$13,098,358.51 is contingent on future bond sales and CCSO allotment approval. Because of uncertainty and time restrictions the remaining authorization is not recorded as an asset or revenue on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 13 - ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC.

The Robeson Community College Foundation, Inc. is a separately incorporated non-profit foundation associated with the College. This organization serves as the primary fundraising arm of the College through which individuals, corporations, and other organizations support College programs by providing scholarships, fellowships, faculty salary supplements, and unrestricted funds to specific departments and the College's overall academic environment. The College's financial statements do not include the assets, liabilities, net assets, or operational transactions of the Foundation, except for the distributions made and benefits provided by the Foundation. The distributions received and/or benefits provided approximated \$28,940.00 for the year ended June 30, 2002.

NOTE 14 - ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Effective July 1, 2001, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities. The financial statement presentation required by these Statements is a single-column enterprise activity rather than the fund-group perspective previously reported. Significant accounting changes in order to comply with the new requirements include adopting depreciation on capital assets, reporting revenues net of discounts and allowances, eliminating inter-fund activities, classifying activities as operating or nonoperating, classifying assets and liabilities as current or noncurrent, and prorating summer school activities to periods earned.

In addition, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*. Changes in existing disclosures include more detailed information on debt service requirements, obligations under leases, and short-term debt. New disclosures include variable debt interest information and the major components of receivable and payable balances.

NOTE 15 - NET ASSET RESTATEMENT

As referred to in Note 14, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities.

July 1, 2001 Fund Equity as previously reported	\$ 10,120,094.57
Implementation of GASB 34/35	 (7,496,637.50)
July 1, 2001 Net Assets as Restated	\$ 8,040,977.26

Robeson Community College		
Schedule of General Obligation Bond Project Authorizations,		
Budgets, and Expenditures		
For Project-to-Date as of June 30, 2002		Schedule 1

	Projected Start	(General Obligation Bonds	Other	 Total Project	Amount	Percent	Expected Completion
Capital Improvement Projects	Date		Authorized	Sources	Budget	Expended	Completed	Date
Projects Approved by the State Board								
Pembroke Center Land Purchase #1225	Nov 2000	\$	80,000.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 80,000.00	\$ 76,073.00	95.09%	Mar 2002
Continuing Education Building #1109 (Pembroke)	May 2001		2,590,239.00		2,590,239.00	94,228.12	3.64%	Jun 2004
Continuing Education Building #1206 (Main Campus)	Aug 2001		7,688,757.00		7,688,757.00	133,695.88	1.74%	Jul 2005
Emergency Training Facility Addition #1214	May 2001		61,160.00		61,160.00			Sep 2002
Repairs to Buildings #1108	Feb 2001		175,000.00	 7,701.00	182,701.00	710.82, 144	79.21%	Jan 2003
Projects Pending Approval by the State Board								
Renovations to Buildings 1, 9, 14	Apr 2004		912,888.00		912,888.00			Feb 2005
Renovations to Buildings 3, 7	Jun 2004		285,033.00		285,033.00			Apr 2005
Renovations to Buildings 4, 13	Aug 2004		690,224.00		690,224.00			Jun 2005
Renovations to Buildings 2	Oct 2004		45,202.00		45,202.00			Jun 2005
Truck Bays	Jul 2003		299,623.00		 299,623.00			Nov 2004
Projects Not Started - To Be Funded in Future Years						 		
Repair and Replacement Projects	Sep 2005		976,996.00		976,996.00			Jul 2008
Total All Projects		\$	13,805,122.00	\$ 7,701.00	\$ 13,812,823.00	\$ 448,707.82		

Note: The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the issuance of six hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds of the State, as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters of the State, to provide funds for capital improvements for the North Carolina Community College System.

The projects listed on this schedule are those funded or to be funded by bond proceeds from the general obligation bonds authorized by Senate Bill 912.

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April 21, 2003

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