

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT OF

ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LUMBERTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

RALPH CAMPBELL, JR.

STATE AUDITOR

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT OF

ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE

LUMBERTON, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003

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AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Michael F. Easley, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Trustees, Robeson Community College

This report presents the results of our financial statement audit of Robeson Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, for the year ended June 30, 2003. Our audit was made by authority of Article 5A of Chapter 147 of the *North Carolina General Statutes*.

The accounts and operations of the College are an integral part of the State's reporting entity represented in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) and the State's *Single Audit Report*. In those reports, the State Auditor expresses an opinion on the State's financial statements. In the *Single Audit Report*, the State Auditor also presents the audit results on the State's internal controls and on the State's compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the State's financial statements and to its federal financial assistance programs.

As part of the audit work necessary for the CAFR and the *Single Audit Report*, the accounts and operations of the College were subjected to audit procedures as we considered necessary. In addition, we performed auditing procedures that we considered necessary for us to report on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Robeson Community College. The audit procedures were conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of our audit on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Robeson Community College. A summary of our reporting objectives and audit results is:

1. Objective – To express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements that relate solely to Robeson Community College.

Results - The accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the amounts and disclosures made in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These matters are more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements.

AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL (CONCLUDED)

2. Objective – To present significant deficiencies, if any, in internal control over financial reporting which could adversely affect the College's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data in the financial statements and present instances of noncompliance, if any, with laws, regulations, contracts, or grants.

Results - Our tests disclosed no material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and no instances of noncompliance which require disclosure herein under *Government Auditing Standards*. These matters are more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

app Campbell, J.

State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Robeson Community College Lumberton, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Robeson Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the College's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Robeson Community College as of June 30, 2003, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 5, 2004 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. Schedule 1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

app Campbell, J.

State Auditor

April 5, 2004

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Purpose

The information in this section is intended to provide a general overview of the College's financial statements and is based upon the information contained in the financial statements accompanying this discussion and analysis. The user is encouraged to reference the appropriate section of the financial statements for the supporting detailed information. For more information, please contact the Division of Finance at (910) 618-5680, extension 157.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Effective July 1, 2001, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public College's and Universities, and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Disclosures. The College has elected to report as a special purpose government engaged in business type activities. Under this option, the College presents financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The basic financial statements under this option are the following: Statement of Net Assets, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements.

Institutional Assets

The assets of the College are divided between current and noncurrent assets. Current assets include cash, receivables and inventories. Noncurrent assets include cash, receivables due from the State for construction projects and capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings, general infrastructure and equipment).

Current Assets

	 6/30/03	 6/30/02
Cash	\$ 440,270.71	\$ 540,815.96
Receivables	562,855.43	317,572.93
Inventories	 47,010.20	 35,779.29
Total Current Assets	\$ 1,050,136.34	\$ 894,168.18
Noncurrent Assets		
	 6/30/03	 6/30/02
Cash	\$ 	\$ 6/30/02 0.00
	\$ 68,564.43 1,090,903.11	\$ 0.00
Cash Due from Primary Government Capital Assets	\$ 68,564.43	\$

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The College's capital assets are stated at their purchase price or, in the case of donations, assigned a fair market value when they are accepted. The College records purchases as a capital asset when the purchase price is more than \$5,000 at the date of purchase and the asset has a useful life of more than one year. Library books are not included as assets.

The College uses straight-line depreciation to determine the current value of capital assets. In general, infrastructure is depreciated over a 5 to 75 year period, buildings are depreciated over a 10 to 50 year period, and equipment is depreciated in 3 to 25 years, depending on the expected useful life of the infrastructure, equipment or building.

Institutional Liabilities

The College's liabilities are divided between current liabilities payable within 12 months and noncurrent liabilities that extend beyond one year. Long-term liabilities include a capital lease and the portion of accrued employee annual leave that will not be paid within the next fiscal year, calculated at the current salary rates for each employee, consistent with the Institution's leave policies.

Liabilities

	 6/30/03	 6/30/02
Current Long-Term	\$ 615,805.36 595,107.99	\$ 329,594.66 514,552.98
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,210,913.35	\$ 844,147.64

Net Assets

Net Assets are a measure of the value of all the College's assets after liabilities and depreciation are deducted. The College's net assets increased by \$855,618.93 for the fiscal year to \$9,687,064.08. Net assets invested in capital assets were \$8,688,373.55. Restricted net assets were \$854,736.80. Unrestricted net assets were \$143,953.73.

Revenues

The College's revenues are classified as operating and nonoperating revenues. Operating revenues include student tuition and fees, federal, State and local grants and contracts, and the revenue received from sales and services, principally comprised of the revenue received from the bookstore, vending, and the rental of the food service operation. Student tuition, though identified as revenue, is remitted back to the State Treasurer and is not netted against the College's State aid identified as nonoperating revenue. The largest operating revenue, \$4,191,533.83, accrues from the College's participation in Federal Title IV financial aid programs, including Pell grants of \$3,703,765.65.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Operating Revenues

	6/30/03	6/30/02
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 685,807.69	\$ 1,142,770.93
Federal Grants and Contracts	4,191,533.83	3,213,957.81
State and Local Grants and Contracts	283,947.21	969,299.56
Sales and Services	131,870.20	172,959.76
Other	37,880.31	7,619.65
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 5,331,039.24	\$ 5,506,607.71

Nonoperating revenues comprise the major portion of the College's income and include formula allocations from the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges for current expense, equipment, and capital improvements, as well as funds appropriated from the Robeson County Board of Commissioners. Noncapital gifts include contributions from the Robeson Community College Foundation, Inc.

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)

	6/30/03	6/30/02
State Aid	\$ 9,327,649.68	\$ 10,120,094.57
County Appropriations	1,196,954.00	1,186,812.00
Noncapital Grants	825,292.58	
Noncapital Gifts	20,550.00	33,067.00
Investment Income	18,511.13	24,094.08
Interest and Fees on Capital Asset Related Debt	(6,377.04)	
Net Nonoperating Revenues	\$ 11,382,580.35	\$ 11,364,067.65

Operating Expenses

The operating expenses of the College are comprised principally of the direct cost of personnel and their fringe benefits identified as "personal services".

	6/30/03	6/30/02
Personal Services	\$ 10,941,810.09	\$ 10,884,243.11
Supplies and Materials	1,226,384.31	924,157.41
Services	1,430,076.26	1,723,622.14
Scholarships and Fellowships	2,852,428.36	2,798,232.19
Utilities	352,318.09	336,449.51
Depreciation	621,190.77	612,234.85
Total Expenses	\$ 17,424,207.88	\$ 17,278,939.21

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are received from appropriations from the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges under a formula allocation for educational equipment and library books. The Board also provided construction funds as part of the North Carolina 2000 Higher Education Bond Referendum and previous legislative action providing funds for renovations and repairs. Robeson County provides capital contributions for maintenance equipment and small construction items.

	6/30/03	6/30/02
State Capital Aid County Capital Appropriations Capital Grants	\$ 358,872.22 45,858.00 1,161,477.00	\$ 1,050,440.92
Total Capital Contributions	\$ 1,566,207.22	\$ 1,050,440.92

Significant Capital Asset Activity

The College received \$13,805,122.00 from the 2000 North Carolina Higher Education Bond Referendum which provides \$1,151,996.00 for the renovation and repair of facilities and \$12,653,126.00 for new construction. Funds are allocated according to a cash flow schedule established by the North Carolina State Board of Community Colleges with final distribution of funds ending June 2007.

The following contractual obligations were incurred against these allocations during the year:

DCC #1214:	Emergency Training Facility Additions	\$ 20,330.00
DCC #1329:	Renovations/Site Work	648,036.02
DCC #1109:	Continuing Education Building - COMtech	2,410,934.45

Significant Effects on Financial Position

As a result of actions taken by the North Carolina General Assembly, tuition for curriculum students was increased to \$34.25 a credit hour with a maximum of \$548.00 for 16 or more hours.

The overall increase in the financial position of the College for year ending June 30, 2003 compared to year ending June 30, 2002 can be attributed to the increase in enrollment as follows. The College's enrollment increased from 2,211 for the Fall, 2002 to 2,461 for the Fall, 2003. This represents an increase of 11.31 percent. Enrollment for the Spring, 2003 was 2,183 which increased by 0.32 percent compared to enrollment of 2,176 for the Spring, 2002.

Statement of Net Assets		
June 30, 2003		Exhibit A
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	438,534.07
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,736.64
Receivables, Net (Note 3)		562,855.43
Inventories		47,010.20
Total Current Assets		1,050,136.34
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		68,564.43
Restricted Due from Primary Government		1,090,903.11
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable (Note 4)		1,175,538.70
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net (Note 4)		7,512,834.85
Total Noncurrent Assets		9,847,841.09
Total Assets		10,897,977.43
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 5)		314,704.25
Due to State of North Carolina Component Units		4,649.13
Deferred Revenue		62,089.77
Funds Held for Others		119,345.95
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 6)		115,016.26
Total Current Liabilities		615,805.36
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 6)		595,107.99
Long form Elabilities (Note by		000,101.00
Total Liabilities		1,210,913.35
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets		8,688,373.55
Restricted for:		
Expendable:		
Scholarships and Fellowships		8,922.06
Capital Projects		845,814.74
Unrestricted		143,953.73
Total Net Assets	\$	9,687,064.08
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part	of this statement.	

Robeson Community College		
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and		
Changes in Net Assets		
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003		Exhibit B
REVENUES		
Operating Revenues:	<u></u>	COE 007 CO
Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 8) Federal Grants and Contracts	\$	685,807.69
State and Local Grants and Contracts		4,191,533.83 283,947.21
Sales and Services		131,870.20
Other Operating Revenues		37,880.31
Other Operating Revenues		37,000.31
Total Operating Revenues		5,331,039.24
EXPENSES		
Operating Expenses:		
Personal Services		10,941,810.09
Supplies and Materials		1,226,384.31
Services		1,430,076.26
Scholarships and Fellowships		2,852,428.36
Utilities		352,318.09
Depreciation		621,190.77
Total Operating Expenses		17,424,207.88
Operating Loss		(12,093,168.64
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
State Aid		9,327,649.68
County Appropriations		1,196,954.00
Noncapital Grants		825,292.58
Noncapital Gifts		20,550.00
Investment Income, Net		18,511.13
Interest and Fees on Capital Asset-Related Debt		(6,377.04
Net Nonoperating Revenues		11,382,580.35
Loss Before Other Revenues, Expenses, Gains, and Losses		(710,588.29
State Capital Aid		358,872.22
County Capital Appropriations		350,072.22 45,858.00
County Capital Appropriations Capital Grants		1,161,477.00
		1,101,411.00
Increase in Net Assets		855,618.93
NET ASSETS		
Net Assets, July 1, 2002 as Restated (Note 15)		8,831,445.15
Net Assets, June 30, 2003	\$	9,687,064.08
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this s	tatement.	

Statement of Cash Flows		
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003		Exhibit C
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	or or	4 0 40 100 02
Received from Customers	\$	4,948,180.93
Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits		(10,932,037.87
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships		(3,104,351.48 (2,714,852.55
Other Receipts		59,098.39
Other Receipts		35,050.35
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(11,743,962.58
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Aid Received		9,327,649.68
County Appropriations		1,196,954.00
Noncapital Grants Received		825,292.58
Noncapital Gifts Received		77,344.57
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		11,427,240.83
		11,121,210.00
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIE	S	250 072 20
State Capital Aid Received County Capital Appropriations		358,872.22 45,858.00
Capital Grants Received		321,222.12
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(432,980.68
Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases		(20,364.84
Interest Paid on Capital Debt and Leases		(6,377.04
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		266,229.80
		200,220.00
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment Income	_	18,511.13
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(31,980.82
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2002		540,815.98
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2003	\$	508,835.14
	*	000,000.1
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
JSED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0.0	(40,000,400,0
Operating Loss	\$	(12,093,168.64
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:		604 400 77
Depreciation Expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		621,190.77
Receivables, Net		/3.4E 393 E0
Inventories		(245,282.50 (11,230.91
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(80,929.93
Due to Primary Government		1,832.13
Funds Held for Others		59,098.39
Compensated Absences		4,528.11
	Œ	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(11,743,962.58

Robeson Community College		
Statement of Cash Flows		Exhibit C
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003		Page 2
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	438,534.07
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,736.64
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		68,564.43
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2003	\$	508,835.14
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability	\$	401,061.01
Increase in Receivables Related to Nonoperating Income		840,254.88
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2003

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Robeson Community College is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. Related foundations and similar nonprofit corporations for which the College is not financially accountable are not part of the accompanying financial statements. These entities are not included because they are separately incorporated and there are neither common directors nor other evidence of common control.

B. Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for Public Colleges and Universities, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity (BTA) and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the College does not apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, for proprietary activities, unless the GASB amends its pronouncements to specifically adopt FASB pronouncements issued after that date.

- **C. Basis of Accounting** The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.
- D. Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the short-term investment portfolio. The short-term investment portfolio maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- **E.** Receivables Receivables consist of tuition and fees charges to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal government, State and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.
- **F. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market value using the first-in, first-out method.
- **G.** Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost in excess of \$5,000 at the date of acquisition and an expected useful life of more than one year. Library books are generally not considered to have a useful life of more than one year unless part of a collection and are expensed in the year of acquisition.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 5 to 75 years for general infrastructure, 10 to 50 years for buildings, and 3 to 25 years for equipment.

H. Restricted Assets – Unexpended capital contributions are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by donor/grantor agreements. Certain other assets are classified as restricted because their use is limited by external parties or statute.

- **I. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities** Noncurrent long-term liabilities include a capital lease obligation and compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.
- J. Compensated Absences The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each July 1st or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30th equals the leave carried forward at the previous June 30th plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between July 1st and June 30th.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences includes the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonus awarded by the College to all full-time permanent employees as of September 30, 2002. The unused portion of this leave remains available until used, notwithstanding the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above.

When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out method.

K. Net Assets – The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets – This represents the College's total investment in capital assets.

Restricted Net Assets – Expendable – Expendable restricted net assets include resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Assets – Unrestricted net assets include resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College.

- L. Scholarship Discounts Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. The scholarship discount is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, State, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.
- M. Revenue and Expense Recognition The College classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the College's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) certain federal, State and local grants and contracts. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions and State aid that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

N. County Appropriations - County appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicle purchases, and maintenance of equipment. Unexpended county current appropriation and county capital appropriation do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

All funds of the College are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized in accordance with General Statute 115D-58.7. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina or with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. At year-end, cash on hand was \$550.00. The carrying amount of cash on deposit was \$508,285.14 and the bank balance was \$748,783.83.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Cash on deposit at year end consisted of the following:

	Balance	 Balance
Cash on Deposit with State Treasurer Cash on Deposit with Private	\$ 349,808.74	\$ 348,736.78
Financial Institutions	 158,476.40	 400,047.05
	\$ 508,285.14	\$ 748,783.83

The cash on deposit with the State Treasurer is pooled with State agencies and similar institutions in short-term investments with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. These moneys are invested in accordance with General Statutes 147-69.1(c) and 147-69.2, and as required by law are "readily convertible into cash." All investments of the fund are held either by the Department of State Treasurer or agent in the State's name. The fund's uninvested cash is either covered by federal depository insurance or, pursuant to 20 NCAC 7, is collateralized under either the dedicated or pooling method.

The financial statements and disclosures for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

http://www.osc.state.nc.us/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Of the cash on deposit with private financial institutions at June 30, 2003, \$100,000.00 of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance and \$300,047.05 was covered by collateral held by an authorized escrow agent in the name of the State Treasurer (pooling method).

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2003 were as follows:

	Gross Receivables		Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Receivables		
Current Receivables:						
Students	\$	8,203.81	\$ 0.00	\$	8,203.81	
Accounts		135,083.47	22,566.69		112,516.78	
Intergovernmental		442,134.84	 		442,134.84	
Total Current Receivables	\$	585,422.12	\$ 22,566.69	\$	562,855.43	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2003, is presented as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2002	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2003
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 358,972.63	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 358,972.63
Construction in Progress	100,228.12	716,337.95	Ψ 0.00	816,566.07
č				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	459,200.75	716,337.95		1,175,538.70
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	11,038,565.39			11,038,565.39
Machinery and Equipment	1,733,118.21	60,396.03	85,373.09	1,708,141.15
General Infrastructure	1,016,660.33	154,236.00	,	1,170,896.33
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	13,788,343.93	214,632.03	85,373.09	13,917,602.87
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	4,727,998.20	275,964.24		5,003,962.44
Machinery and Equipment	1,090,803.62	262,385.85	81,481.87	1,271,707.60
General Infrastructure	46,257.30	82,840.68		129,097.98
m. I. I. I. I.	5.055.050.40	624 400 55	04.404.05	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,865,059.12	621,190.77	81,481.87	6,404,768.02
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	7,923,284.81	(406,558.74)	3,891.22	7,512,834.85
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,382,485.56	\$ 309,779.21	\$ 3,891.22	\$ 8,688,373.55

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2003 were as follows:

	 Amount
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Contract Retainage	\$ 290,102.40 5,244.11 19,357.74
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 314,704.25

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2002	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2003	Current Portion
Capital Lease Payable Compensated Absences	\$ 0.00 571,724.98	\$ 154,236.00 584,162.08	\$ 20,364.84 579,633.97	\$ 133,871.16 576,253.09	\$ 28,578.30 86,437.96
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 571,724.98	\$ 738,398.08	\$ 599,998.81	\$ 710,124.25	\$ 115,016.26

Additional information regarding the capital lease obligation is included in Note 7.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

A capital lease obligation relating to a lighting system is recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Future minimum lease payments under the capital lease obligation consists of the following at June 30, 2003:

Fiscal Year	Amount			
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008	\$ 35,655.84 35,655.84 35,655.84 35,655.84 11,885.28			
Total Minimum Lease Payments	154,508.64			
Amount Representing Interest (5.854% Rate of Interest)	20,637.48			
Present Value of Future Lease Payments	\$ 133,871.16			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

General infrastructure acquired under the capital lease amounted to \$154,236.00 at June 30, 2003.

NOTE 8 - REVENUES

Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts, is presented as follows:

	Gross	Less	Net
	Operating	Scholarship	Operating
	Revenues	Discounts	Revenues
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 1,938,630.66	\$ 1,252,822.97	\$ 685,807.69

NOTE 9 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	Salaries and Benefits	_	Supplies and Materials		Services		Scholarships and Fellowships		Utilities		Depreciation		Total
Instruction	\$ 6,843,249.50	\$	578,237.51	\$	656,624.23	\$	3,231.75	\$	0.00	\$	0.00	\$	8,081,342.99
Academic Support	1,018,686.62		45,296.47		52,197.22								1,116,180.31
Student Services	904,441.35		31,074.65		35,487.17								971,003.17
Institutional Support	1,613,149.48		114,292.66		509,077.21		272.09						2,236,791.44
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	562,283.14		456,300.57		149,642.67			3	52,318.09				1,520,544.47
Student Financial Aid					27,047.76		2,848,924.52						2,875,972.28
Auxiliary Enterprises			1,182.45										1,182.45
Depreciation				_		_		_		_	621,190.77	_	621,190.77
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 10,941,810.09	\$	1,226,384.31	\$	1,430,076.26	\$	2,852,428.36	\$ 3	52,318.09	\$	621,190.77	\$	17,424,207.88

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

A. Retirement Plans - Each permanent full-time employee, as a condition of employment, is a member of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (System) is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the North Carolina State Treasurer.

Benefit and contribution provisions for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are established by *North Carolina General Statutes* 135-5 and 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employer and member contribution rates are set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly based on annual actuarial valuations. For the year ended June 30, 2003, the General

Assembly required no contribution by employers and 6% of covered payroll for members.

For the year ended June 30, 2003, the College had a total payroll of \$9,525,554.65, of which \$7,436,523.99 was covered under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Total employee contributions for pension benefits for the year were \$446,191.44. No employer contributions were required. The College made one hundred percent of its annual required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2003, 2002, and 2001, which were \$0.00, \$151,118.89, and \$362,736.37, respectively.

The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System's financial information is included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.state.nc.us/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

B. Supplemental Retirement Income Plans - IRC Section 401(k) Plan - All members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System are eligible to enroll in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution plan, created under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). All costs of administering the Plan are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$184,245.00 for the year ended June 30, 2003.

IRC Section 403(b) and 403(b)(7) Plans - Eligible College employees can participate in tax sheltered annuity plans created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 403(b)(7). The employee's eligible contributions, made through salary reduction agreements, are exempt from federal and State income taxes until the annuity is received or the contributions are withdrawn. These plans are exclusively for employees of colleges and certain charitable and other nonprofit institutions. All costs of administering and funding these plans are the responsibility of the Plan participants. No costs are incurred by the College. The voluntary contributions by employees amounted to \$32,390.00 for the year ended June 30, 2003.

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Health Care for Long-Term Disability Beneficiaries and Retirees - The College participates in State-administered programs which provide postemployment health insurance to eligible former employees. Eligible

former employees include long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. These benefits were established by Chapter 135, Article 3, Part 3, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Funding for the health care benefit for long-term disability beneficiaries and retirees is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. The College contributed 2.35% of the covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System for these health care benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the College's total contribution to the Plan was \$174,758.31. The College assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution. Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

B. Long-Term Disability - The College participates in the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC). Established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, DIPNC provides short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability income benefits are advance funded on an actuarially determined basis using the one-year term cost method. The College contributes .52% of covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System to the DIPNC. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, the College's total contribution to the DIPNC was \$38,669.92. The College assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the Plan other than its contribution. Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in State-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Tort claims of up to \$500,000 are self-insured under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$11,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The premium, based on a composite rate, is paid by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

North Carolina Community College System Office directly to the private insurer.

Fire and other property losses are covered by the Public School Insurance Fund, a State-administered public entity risk pool. This fund is financed by premiums and interest and incurs a \$10 million self-insured deductible per occurrence, subject to a \$20 million annual aggregate. Reinsurance is purchased by the fund to cover catastrophic events in excess of the \$10 million deductible. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

State-owned vehicles used for instructional purposes are covered by liability insurance handled by the State Department of Insurance. Liability insurance for other College-owned vehicles is covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from State funds. The blanket honesty bond is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance with coverage of \$5,000,000 per occurrence and a \$50,000 deductible. The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid by county and institutional funds by contracts with private insurance companies.

Employees and retirees are provided health care coverage by the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (Plan), a component unit of the State. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions and is administered by a third-party contractor.

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from State funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the Board entirely from county or institutional funds.

Malpractice coverage for campus programs requiring coverage is provided by contracts with private insurance companies.

Term life insurance of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This self-insured death benefit program is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions.

Additional details on the State-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- **A.** Commitments The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$2,594,050.01 at June 30, 2003.
- Community College General Obligation Bonds The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the issuance of six hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds of the State, as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters of the State, to provide funds for capital improvements for the North Carolina Community College System. The funds authorized are to be used solely to construct new buildings and to renovate and modernize existing buildings on the North Carolina Community College System campuses. The bond legislation specifies the amount of bond funding for each College campus as well as the intended amount for new construction and repair and replacement. The legislation further provides that the State Board of Community Colleges shall be responsible for the approval of projects in accordance with provisions of the legislation. The bonds were authorized for issuance over a six-year period beginning in 2001 at a level not to exceed amounts provided in the legislation. Using a cash flow financing approach, The Community College System's Office (CCSO) establishes annual amounts not to exceed for each approved project. The amounts not to exceed are subject to change due to actual cash availability Subsequent to the bond sales and the and needs during the year. availability of bond proceeds, CCSO notifies the Office of State Budget and Management (OSBM) of the amount not to exceed for the total of the approved projects. Within this amount, based on an official request of cash needs from the State Board of Community Colleges, OSBM authorizes allotments. These allotments are then recorded to specific community college allotment accounts by the CCSO. The College records the allotments as revenue on the accompanying financial statements. The College's remaining authorization of \$11,948,411.00 is contingent on future bond sales and CCSO allotment approval. Because of uncertainty and time restrictions the remaining authorization is not recorded as an asset or revenue on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

NOTE 14 - ROBESON COMMUNITY COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC.

The Robeson Community College Foundation, Inc. is a separately incorporated nonprofit foundation associated with the College. This organization serves as the primary fundraising arm of the College through which individuals, corporations, and other organizations support College programs by providing scholarships, fellowships, faculty salary supplements, and unrestricted funds to specific departments and the College's overall academic environment. The College's financial statements do not include the assets, liabilities, net assets, or operational transactions of the Foundation, except for the distributions made and benefits provided by the Foundation. The distributions received and/or benefits provided approximated \$20,550.00 for the year ended June 30, 2003.

NOTE 15 - NET ASSET RESTATEMENT

As of July 1, 2002, net assets as previously reported was restated as follows:

	 Amount
July 1, 2002 Net Assets as Previously Reported Restatement - Prior Year Construction Expenses Capitalized	\$ 8,683,154.33 148,290.82
July 1, 2002 Net Assets as Restated	\$ 8,831,445.15

Robeson Community College Schedule of General Obligation Bond Project Authorizations, Budgets, and Expenditures For Project-to-Date as of June 30, 2003 Schedule 1

	Projected Start	General Obligation Bonds			Other	Total Project			Amount	Percent Completed	Expected Completion Date
Capital Improvement Projects	Date		Authorized		Sources		Budget		Expended		
Projects Approved by the State Board											
#1225 Land Purchase COMTech	Feb 2002	\$	80,000.00	\$	0.00	\$	80,000.00	\$	76,073.00	95.09%	Feb 2002
#1109 Continuing Education Building - COMTech	May 2001		2,590,239.00				2,590,239.00		316,568.64	12.22%	Jun 2004
#1206 Continuing Education/Allied Health Buildings	Jan 2002		7,416,318.00				7,416,318.00		158,622.73	2.14%	Jul 2006
#1214 Emergency Training Facility Additions	Feb 2002		61,160.00				61,160.00		35,338.30	57.78%	Jul 2003
#1329 Renovations/Site Work	Jan 2003		3,482,405.00				3,482,405.00		264,909.90	7.61%	Oct 2003
#1108 Repairs to Buildings 2, 3, 4 ,5, 6, 7, 9, 10 and 15	Feb 2001		175,000.00		7,701.00		182,701.00		167,622.38	91.75%	Apr 2003
Total All Projects		\$	13,805,122.00	\$	7,701.00	\$	13,812,823.00	\$	1,019,134.95		

Note: The 1999-2000 Session of the General Assembly of North Carolina authorized the issuance of six hundred million dollars of general obligation bonds of the State, as subsequently approved by a vote of qualified voters of the State, to provide funds for capital improvements for the North Carolina Community College System.

The projects listed on this schedule are those funded or to be funded by bond proceeds from the general obligation bonds authorized by Senate Bill 912.

Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

Office of the State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Robeson Community College Lumberton, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of Robeson Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated April 5, 2004.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and the State Board of Community Colleges, management and staff of the College, the Governor, the State Controller, the General Assembly, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

aph Campbell, J.

State Auditor

April 5, 2004

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