

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

BETH A. WOOD, CPA

STATE AUDITOR

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



Office of the State Auditor

2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0601 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 Internet http://www.ncauditor.net

AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Pat McCrory, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Trustees, North Carolina Central University

We have completed a financial statement audit of North Carolina Central University for the year ended June 30, 2014, and our audit results are included in this report. You will note from the independent auditor's report that we determined that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The results of our tests disclosed no deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses in relation to our audit scope or any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Beth A. Wood, CPA

Let A. Wood

State Auditor

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
University Exhibits	
A-1 Statement of Net Position	12
A-2 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	14
A-3 Statement of Cash Flows	15
Component Unit Exhibits	
B-1 Statement of Financial Position	17
B-2 Statement of Activities	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	49
Ordering Information	51

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



Office of the State Auditor

2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0601 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 Internet http://www.ncauditor.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees North Carolina Central University Durham, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of North Carolina Central University, a constituent institution of the multi-campus University of North Carolina System, which is a component unit of the State of North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc., which represent 6 percent and 1 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the University; nor the financial statements of the North Carolina Central University Foundation, Inc. (NCCU Foundation, Inc.), the University's discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for those entities, are based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. and the NCCU Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the University's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of North Carolina Central University and its discretely presented component unit, as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2014, North Carolina Central University adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65 – *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters – Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2014 on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Beth A. Wood, CPA

State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

Bed A. Wood

December 15, 2014

[This Page Left Blank Intentionally]

NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to give the reader an overview of factors that have affected operations and may affect operations in the future for North Carolina Central University (the University). Management has prepared the discussion and analysis to be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements. The University is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) to present three basic financial statements. Those statements are the Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information for the University.

Brief Institutional Highlights

North Carolina Central University earned an 11th place ranking on U.S. News & World Report's 2015 list of historically black colleges and universities (HBCUs). NCCU was the third-highest-rated public HBCU in the country and the second highest among HBCUs in North Carolina. NCCU was also ranked at No. 65 among Best Regional Universities in the South by U.S. News & World Report. In February 2014, the NCCU School of Law was ranked fifth in the nation by National Jurist magazine for clinical experience. Fifty percent of NCCU law students participated in clinics in the 2013 academic year. NCCU was the only North Carolina school to rank in the top 20 for student exposure to clinical experience. Service to others continues to be a cornerstone of NCCU. During the 2013-14 academic year NCCU students provided 207,437 volunteer hours assisting organizations and agencies in the Triangle, a contribution worth \$4.3 million to the local economy.

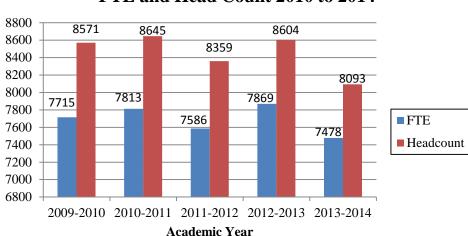
The U.S. Department of Agriculture's National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA) awarded NCCU a grant of \$497,723 to develop better methods of isolating and concentrating disease-causing microorganisms in food samples. The NIFA grant was one of 25 awarded to universities for work involving food safety, and one of just two received by an HBCU. In 2014 the NCCU Institute for Homeland Security and Workforce Development received a grant of \$100,000 from the U.S. Department of Homeland Security to train members of faith-based and community organizations in rural communities in disaster preparedness.

Adjusted state appropriations were \$79.6 million for fiscal year 2014, which was a \$5.1 million, or 6.0%, decrease from fiscal year 2013. While there was a decrease in the state appropriations for the year, the total fiscal year budget increased by \$1.0 million, from \$129.6 million in 2013 to \$130.6 million in 2014.

The Division of Institutional Advancement is responsible for developing, securing, and stewarding private dollars from individuals, corporations, and foundations for the University's areas of greatest need, including scholarship support for its students. During fiscal year 2014, the Division generated \$3.3 million in combined gifts, including new pledges and other non-

cash gifts of \$0.7 million which is managed for the University by the NCCU Foundation until donor restrictions are satisfied for the release of donated funds.

During fiscal year 2013-14, the University's total enrollment decreased by 511 students, a 5.9% decline from the previous fiscal year. This can be attributed to an increase in the minimal admissions requirements and reductions in state and federal financial aid available to students. The University strategically managed the receipts shortfall through internal realignments. Although there was an enrollment decline, there were continued improvements in the overall retention rates. This increase is reflective of the University's well-prepared and talented enrollees, resulting from its higher enrollment standards implemented over the past several years.



FTE and Head Count 2010 to 2014

Financial Highlights

The Statement of Net Position reports all of the University's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The sum of assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as "net position." The statement classifies those assets and liabilities as current and noncurrent depending on the availability of the assets or satisfaction of the obligation within 12 months (current) or longer. The reader may use the net position to gauge the financial position of the University as of June 30, 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Condensed Statement of Net Position

		2014	2013 (as restated)
Assets	•		(
Current Assets	\$	34,940,341	\$ 35,771,134
Capital Assets, Net		281,502,168	289,282,336
Other Noncurrent Assets		30,248,778	 25,209,224
Total Assets		346,691,287	350,262,694
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,570,285	 1,659,930
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities		15,113,983	13,173,616
Noncurrent Liabilities		91,674,838	 96,630,313
Total Liabilities		106,788,821	109,803,929
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		206,520,864	210,409,614
Restricted - Nonexpendable		15,528,157	15,084,853
Restricted - Expendable		17,727,085	13,275,755
Unrestricted		1,696,645	 3,348,473
Total Net Position	\$	241,472,751	\$ 242,118,695

As of June 30, 2014, the University's total assets were \$346.7 million as compared to \$350.3 million in the prior year, a decrease of \$3.6 million. The change in assets reflects a decrease of \$7.8 million in net capital assets and an increase in current and other assets of \$4.2 million. The decrease in net capital assets is due to accumulated depreciation of \$8.8 million and current year capital asset purchases of \$1.0 million. The \$5.0 million change in other assets was primarily attributable to an increase in the market value of the endowment investments.

The University's liabilities totaled \$106.8 million at June 30, 2014 and \$109.8 million at June 30, 2013, reflecting a 2.7% decrease in total liabilities. The June 30, 2014 balance consisted primarily of the debt service on the UNC System Pool Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C (\$55.7 million) and student housing bonds (\$23.2 million). The net decrease in liabilities from 2013 to 2014 of \$3.0 million was due to the University paying its capital debt obligations of \$3.9 million, an increase of \$1.3 million in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, an increase of \$0.5 million in unearned revenue, and a decrease of \$0.9 million in compensated absences. The increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$1.3 million was due primarily to a steam line repair project that was undertaken in the last quarter of the fiscal year. See Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements for more information about debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The total current liabilities of \$15.1 million were covered 2.3 times by current assets of \$34.9 million, which indicates the University's ability to pay current liabilities as they become due.

As of June 30, 2014, the University's net position was \$241.5 million, which is a decrease of \$0.6 million from the prior year, as restated. The University experienced flat growth in both operating and nonoperating income and expenses, with the exception of a decrease in state appropriations.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the fiscal year. The increase or decrease of revenues over expenses directly affects (increases/decreases) the total net position reported on the Statement of Net Position. These transactions are classified as operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues primarily consist of student tuition and fees reported net of discounts and scholarship allowances, federal and state contracts and grants, and auxiliary sales and services revenues. Operating expenses consist of salaries, supplies, services, scholarships, utilities, and depreciation.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2014	2013 (as restated)
Operating Revenues		
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 40,109,895	\$ 39,813,206
Contracts and Grants	7,381,594	8,418,350
Sales and Services, Net	22,896,035	23,386,964
Other Operating Revenues	1,326,348	1,020,155
Total Operating Revenues	71,713,872	72,638,675
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and Benefits	117,389,686	118,558,009
Supplies and Materials	12,173,070	11,142,601
Services	29,001,094	29,299,646
Scholarships and Fellowships	13,229,772	13,069,080
Utilities	5,625,894	5,177,778
Depreciation	8,787,645	8,639,183
Operating Expenses	186,207,161	185,886,297
Operating Loss	(114,493,289)	(113,247,622)
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses		
State Appropriations	79,621,943	84,714,668
Noncapital Grants	32,070,971	32,122,703
Noncapital Gifts	82,717	14,931
Investment Income, Net	4,242,889	2,756,662
Other Nonoperating Expenses	(4,043,928)	(4,583,134)
Income (Loss) Before Other Revenues	(2,518,697)	1,778,208
State Capital Appropriations	1,807,823	305,900
Capital Grants	64,930	2,211,219
Capital Gifts		
Additions to Endowments		500,000
Total Other Revenues	1,872,753	3,017,119
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(645,944)	4,795,327
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	242,118,695	237,323,368
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 241,472,751	\$ 242,118,695

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Operating revenues were \$71.7 million at June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$0.9 million from 2013. Revenue from grants and contracts, which is recognized when earned, decreased by \$1.0 million. Grants and contracts revenue is earned when expended in accordance with the grant or contract terms; those expenditures rise and fall as the sponsored program progresses, often over a period of several years. Tuition and fees increased by \$0.3 million due to an increase in the tuition and fee rate, despite the decrease in enrollment by 511 students. The decreased enrollment did cause slight decreases in housing revenues, meal plan sales, and other services by a net of \$0.5 million. Food sales and residential housing services generate the greatest portion of sales and services revenue and are directly impacted by the number of students enrolled. All other operating revenues increased by \$0.3 million.

Total operating expenses increased by only \$0.3 million or less than 1.0%, when compared to 2013. As a result of continuing strategic budget realignments, salaries and benefits decreased by \$1.2 million and purchased services decreased by \$0.3 million, while supplies and materials increased by \$1.0 million and utilities costs increased by \$0.4 million. Other operating expenses increased slightly by \$0.3 million.

Overall, the University sustained a total operating loss of \$114.5 million in the current fiscal year, which is \$1.2 million more than the loss in fiscal year 2013. Operating losses are likely to continue due, in part, to the accounting requirement to categorize state appropriations (a major source of funding) as nonoperating revenues. In 2014, state appropriations were \$79.6 million.

Nonoperating revenues and expenses stem from transactions that occur outside of the primary scope of the University's purpose for existence and for which no goods or services are provided. State appropriations, noncapital grants and gifts, investment income/expenses, and capital-related interest primarily represent the nonoperating revenues and expenses. From fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014, investment income increased by \$1.5 million of which \$1.4 million was in net unrealized investment gains due to improved market conditions.

Operating Revenues by Source Other Operating Interest Earnings on_ Revenues, 1.74% Loans, 0.11% Sales and Services, Net, 31.93% Non-gov't Grants and Contracts, 0.09% State and Local. Grants and Student Tuition and Contracts, 0.07% Fees, Net, 55.93% Federal Grants and Contracts, 10.13%

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2014, there was no construction in progress. During the year, there was a \$1.0 million increase in small projects, machinery, equipment, and other capital assets. For additional information concerning capital assets, see Notes 1(H), 5, and 15(A) in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

As of June 30, 2014, the University had \$86.3 million in outstanding bonds, notes, and leases payable of which \$55.7 million was for outstanding bonds issued by the UNC System Pool Revenue Bonds, Series 2009C to complete the construction of student housing, a parking deck, and renovations to the Walker Athletic Complex.

The University's Moody's Investor Service rating is A3, with a stable outlook. The rating has the potential to affect the cost of capital for any future borrowing that the University undertakes.

For additional information concerning debt administration, see Note 7 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Outlook

The economic conditions of the State and nation will have a sustained impact on the University and the campus community. The University will see further reductions in its appropriations from State government to adjust for expected decreases in the State's revenues. In response to the unstable economy, the University will continue to strategically manage vacant positions, reorganize and restructure departmental units to be more efficient, purchase

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONCLUDED)

only goods and services critical to daily operations, limit travel to that which enhances delivery of services to all customers, and enhance fundraising strategies for private contributions.

Although there was a 5.9% decline in full-time and part-time students in FY 2013-14, the full-time equivalency (FTE) best captures the current enrollment trends. This is also the primary measure, coupled with the number of student credit hours, used to calculate enrollment change funding. For Fall 2013, the overall FTE was only 5.0% lower than the previous fiscal year. On average, students are enrolled in more credit hours. This positive factor, coupled with recent academic progression policy changes, increased admissions standards and targeted retention efforts, place NCCU in a great position to meet future enrollment growth targets.

NCCU remains at the forefront of research and economic development within North Carolina. Through the Julius L. Chambers Biomedical/Biotechnology Research Institute (BBRI) and the Biomanufacturing Research Institute and Technology Enterprise (BRITE) NCCU continues to go beyond being just a deliverer of information to being an institution that generates information and contributes to the general overall pool of knowledge, attracting growing support from sponsors such as the National Science Foundation and the National Institutes of Health.

North Carolina Central University Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Exhibit A-1
Page 1 of 2

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Short-Term Investments Receivables, Net (Note 4) Due from University Component Units Inventories Notes Receivable, Net (Note 4) Other Assets	\$ 14,298,713 10,440,188 1,102,005 6,687,031 1,106,174 1,081,775 214,721 9,734
Total Current Assets	 34,940,341
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Due from Primary Government Endowment Investments Notes Receivable, Net (Note 4) Capital Assets - Nondepreciable (Note 5) Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net (Note 5)	1,026,812 1,232 25,996,577 3,224,157 8,135,209 273,366,959
Total Noncurrent Assets	 311,750,946
Total Assets	 346,691,287
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Loss on Refunding Accumulated Decrease in Fair Value of Hedging Derivatives Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 496,840 1,073,445 1,570,285
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 6) Due to Primary Government Funds Held for Others Unearned Revenue Interest Payable Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 7)	4,915,793 133,519 1,106,174 2,854,138 984,923 5,119,436
Total Current Liabilities	15,113,983
Noncurrent Liabilities: Deposits Payable Funds Held for Others U. S. Government Grants Refundable Hedging Derivative Liability Long-Term Liabilities, Net (Note 7)	 400 767,861 2,153,140 1,073,445 87,679,992
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 91,674,838
Total Liabilities	106,788,821
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 0

North Carolina Central University Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Exhibit A-1
Page 2 of 2

NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	206,520,864
Restricted for:	
Nonexpendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	4,545,289
Endowed Professorships	9,443,854
Loans	1,539,014
Expendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	3,716,247
Research	15,726
Endowed Professorships	9,128,000
Departmental Uses	2,320,204
Capital Projects	2,537,336
Other	9,572
Unrestricted	1,696,645
Total Net Position	\$ 241,472,751

North Carolina Central University Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	1 .	1 .	- 4	_
Ex	ทา	nıt	· /	_ /
الدنا	ııı	vu	$\boldsymbol{\Box}$	-2

REVENUES Operating Revenues: Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 10) Federal Grants and Contracts State and Local Grants and Contracts Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts Sales and Services, Net (Note 10) Interest Earnings on Loans Other Operating Revenues	\$ 40,109,895 7,267,176 51,739 62,679 22,896,035 80,284 1,246,064
Total Operating Revenues	71,713,872
EXPENSES Operating Expenses: Salaries and Benefits Supplies and Materials Services Scholarships and Fellowships Utilities Depreciation	117,389,686 12,173,070 29,001,094 13,229,772 5,625,894 8,787,645
Total Operating Expenses	186,207,161
Operating Loss	(114,493,289)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State Appropriations Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid Noncapital Grants Noncapital Gifts Investment Income (Net of Investment Expense of \$124,515) Interest and Fees on Debt Other Nonoperating Revenues	79,621,943 20,524,424 11,546,547 82,717 4,242,889 (4,094,153) 50,225
Net Nonoperating Revenues	111,974,592
Loss Before Other Revenues	(2,518,697)
Capital Appropriations Capital Grants	1,807,823 64,930
Decrease in Net Position	(645,944)
NET POSITION Net Position - July 1, 2013, as Restated (Note 17)	242,118,695
Net Position - June 30, 2014	\$ 241,472,751

North Carolina Central University Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit A-3
Page 1 of 2

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from Customers Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits Payments to Vendors and Suppliers Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships Loans Issued Collection of Loans Interest Earned on Loans Other Payments	\$ 72,721,618 (118,292,057) (44,923,680) (13,229,772) (295,471) 256,001 76,142 (217,978)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	 (103,905,197)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State Appropriations Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid Noncapital Grants Noncapital Gifts William D. Ford Direct Lending Receipts William D. Ford Direct Lending Disbursements Related Activity Agency Receipts Other Receipts	79,621,943 20,524,424 12,240,768 82,717 86,090,198 (86,090,198) 10,264 50,225
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	112,530,341
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES State Capital Appropriations Capital Grants Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt and Leases Interest and Fees Paid on Capital Debt and Leases	1,807,823 64,930 (1,201,129) (3,898,526) (4,066,482)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing and Related Financing Activities	 (7,293,384)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments Investment Income Purchase of Investments and Related Fees	 7,297,313 323,580 (7,986,462)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	 (365,569)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2013	 966,191 24,799,522
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2014	\$ 25,765,713

North Carolina Central University
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit A-3
Page 2 of 2

RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING LOSS		
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(114,493,289)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used		,
by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		8,787,645
Allowances, Write-Offs, and Amortizations		69,845
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Receivables, Net		661,346
Inventories		154,057
Notes Receivable, Net		(39,471)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		1,757,004
Due to Primary Government		(13,857)
Due to State or Federal Agencies		(249,991)
US Government Grants Refundable		(217,978)
Unearned Revenue		585,141
Compensated Absences	-	(905,649)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(103,905,197)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Current Assets:	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,298,713
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,440,188
Noncurrent Assets:		4 000 040
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,026,812
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2014	\$	25,765,713
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Assets Acquired through the Assumption of a Liability	\$	352,635
Change in Fair Value of Investments	Ψ	3,222,070
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(11,732)
Amortization of Bond Discounts		14,496
		,

North Carolina Central University Foundation, Inc. Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2014

ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,541,036
Investments	12,197,296
Cash Surrender Value of Life Insurance	237,636
Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trust	1,934,706
Receivables, Net	466,292
Property and Equipment, Net	 143,098
Total Assets	 17,520,064
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	35,831
Funds Held for Others	 82,156
Total Liabilities	 117,987
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	990,623
Temporarily Restricted	4,815,537
Permanently Restricted	 11,595,917
Total Net Assets	\$ 17,402,077

Exhibit B-1

	τ	Inrestricted		Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
REVENUES Revenues, Gains, and Other Support: Contributions Interest and Dividends, Net Realized and Unrealized Gains on Investments Other Income Net Assets Released from Donor Restrictions	\$	417,960 1,327 261,051 14,814 2,263,803	\$	1,947,055 149,485 909,937 109,519 (2,263,803)	\$ 2,639,341 3,699 23,554	\$ 5,004,356 154,511 1,194,542 124,333
Total Revenues, Gains, and Other Support		2,958,955		852,193	2,666,594	6,477,742
EXPENSES Program Services: Scholarships and Grants University Support Management and General Provision for Bad Debts		1,018,339 1,153,526 521,609		(58,709)	(27,434)	 1,018,339 1,153,526 521,609 (86,143)
Total Expenses		2,693,474		(58,709)	 (27,434)	 2,607,331
Changes in Net Assets Before Asset Transfers		265,481		910,902	 2,694,028	 3,870,411
Transfer from North Carolina Central University for Capital Lease Payment		55,985			 _	 55,985
Changes in Net Assets		321,466		910,902	2,694,028	3,926,396
NET ASSETS Net Assets at Beginning of Year Restatements		1,869,098 (1,199,941)	_	1,800,658 2,103,977	 8,901,889	 12,571,645 904,036
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	990,623	\$	4,815,537	\$ 11,595,917	\$ 17,402,077

NORTH CAROLINA CENTRAL UNIVERSITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. North Carolina Central University is a constituent institution of the multi-campus University of North Carolina System, which is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds belonging to the University and its component units. While the Board of Governors of the University of North Carolina System has ultimate responsibility, the Chancellor, the Board of Trustees, and the Board of Trustees of the Endowment Fund have delegated responsibilities for financial accountability of the University's funds. The University's component units are either blended or discretely presented in the University's financial statements. See below for further discussion of the University's component units.

Blended Component Unit - Although legally separate, the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. (Real Estate Foundation), a component unit of the University, is reported as if it were part of the University.

The Real Estate Foundation is governed by a five-member board whose purpose is to acquire property and to construct and own residential facilities for students. Because the elected directors of the Real Estate Foundation are appointed by the Chancellor and the Real Estate Foundation's sole purpose is to benefit North Carolina Central University, its financial statements have been blended with those of the University.

Separate financial statements for the Real Estate Foundation may be obtained from the University Comptroller's Office, 1801 Fayetteville Street, Durham, North Carolina 27707, or by calling 919-530-7432. Other related foundations and similar nonprofit corporations for which the University is not financially accountable are not part of the accompanying financial statements.

Condensed combining information regarding blended component units is provided in Note 16.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The North Carolina Central University Foundation, Inc. (NCCU Foundation) is a legally separate nonprofit corporation and is reported as a discretely presented component unit based on the nature and significance of its relationship to the University.

The NCCU Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. The NCCU Foundation board consists of 17 members. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the NCCU Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the NCCU Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the NCCU Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of the University, the NCCU Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as described below.

The NCCU Foundation is a private nonprofit organization that reports its financial results under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Codification. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the NCCU Foundation's financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the NCCU Foundation distributed \$1,486,292 to the University for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. The University remitted \$139,157 in payroll deducted employee contributions and \$79,769 in other reimbursements to the NCCU Foundation. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the University Comptroller's Office, 1801 Fayetteville Street, Durham, North Carolina 27707, or by calling 919-530-7432.

B. Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB.

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for*

Public Colleges and Universities, the full scope of the University's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the University have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the University receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include state appropriations, certain grants, and donations. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection.

- **D.** Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, money market accounts, cash on deposit with fiscal agents, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- E. Investments Investments generally are reported at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices or estimated amounts determined by management if quoted market prices are not available. The fair value for investments in the UNC Investment Fund was based on amounts reported to the University by UNC Management Company, Inc. University management reviews and evaluates the values provided by UNC Management Company, Inc. as well as the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of such investments. Because of the inherent uncertainty in the use of estimates, values that are based on estimates may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments. The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments is recognized as a component of investment income.

Money market mutual funds are reported at cost, if purchased, or at fair value or appraised value at date of gift, if donated.

Endowment investments include the principal amount of gifts and bequests that, according to donor restrictions, must be held in perpetuity or for a specified period of time, along with any accumulated investment earnings on such amounts. Further, endowment investments also include amounts internally designated by the University for investment in an endowment capacity (i.e. quasi-endowments), along with accumulated investment earnings on such amounts.

- **F.** Receivables Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.
- **G. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method.
- **H.** Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The value of assets constructed includes all material direct and indirect construction costs. Interest costs incurred are capitalized during the period of construction.

The University capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$5,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 10 to 75 years for general infrastructure, 50 to 75 years for buildings, and 5 to 25 years for equipment.

Art collections are capitalized at cost or fair value at the date of donation. These collections are considered inexhaustible and are therefore not depreciated.

- I. Restricted Assets Certain resources are reported as restricted assets because restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Resources that are not available for current operations and are reported as restricted include resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets, resources legally segregated for the payment of principal and interest as required by debt covenants, unspent debt proceeds, and endowment and other restricted investments.
- **J. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities** Noncurrent long-term liabilities include principal amounts of revenue bonds payable, notes payable, capital lease obligations, and compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

Revenue bonds payable are reported net of unamortized discounts. The University amortizes bond discounts over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred charges on refundings are amortized over the life of the new debt using the straight-line method, and are included as Deferred Outflows or Deferred Inflows of Resources on the Statement of Net Position. Issuance costs are expensed.

K. Compensated Absences - The University's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each January 1 or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30 equals the leave carried forward at the previous December 31 plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between January 1 and June 30.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences include the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonuses awarded by the North Carolina General Assembly. The bonus leave balance on December 31 is retained by employees and transferred into the next calendar year. It is not subject to the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above and is not subject to conversion to sick leave.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the University has no obligation to pay sick leave upon termination or retirement. However, additional service credit for retirement pension benefits is given for accumulated sick leave upon retirement.

L. Net Position - The University's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This represents the University's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of Net Investment in Capital Assets. Additionally, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted Net Position - Nonexpendable - Nonexpendable restricted net position includes endowments and similar type assets whose use is

limited by donors or other outside sources, and, as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity.

Restricted Net Position - **Expendable** - Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Position - Unrestricted net position includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, royalties, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the University. For projects funded by tax-exempt debt proceeds and other sources, the debt proceeds are always used first. Both restricted and unrestricted net position include consideration of deferred inflows and outflows of resources.

- M. Scholarship Discounts Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from University charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The scholarship discount is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount.
- N. Revenue and Expense Recognition The University classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the University's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, (3) certain federal, state, and local grants and contracts that are essentially contracts for services, and (4) interest earned on loans. Operating expenses are all

expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions and state appropriations that represent subsidies or gifts to the University, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital, or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

O. Internal Sales Activities - Certain institutional auxiliary operations provide goods and services to University departments, as well as to its customers. These institutional auxiliary operations include activities such as central stores, copy centers, motor pool, and postal services. In addition, the University has other miscellaneous sales and service units that operated either on a reimbursement or charge basis. All internal sales activities to University departments from auxiliary operations and sales and service units have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. These eliminations are recorded by removing the revenue and expense in the auxiliary operations and sales and service units and, if significant, allocating any residual balances to those departments receiving the goods and services during the year.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits - Unless specifically exempt, the University is required by *North Carolina General Statute* 147-77 to deposit moneys received with the State Treasurer or with a depository institution in the name of the State Treasurer. However, the University of North Carolina Board of Governors, pursuant to G.S. 116-36.1, may authorize the University to deposit its institutional trust funds in interest-bearing accounts and other investments authorized by the Board of Governors, without regard to any statute or rule of law relating to the investment of funds by fiduciaries. Although specifically exempted, the University may voluntarily deposit institutional trust funds, endowment funds, special funds, revenue bond proceeds, debt service funds, and funds received for services rendered by health care professionals with the State Treasurer. Special funds consist of moneys for intercollegiate athletics and agency funds held directly by the University.

At June 30, 2014, the amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes \$24,189,773 which represents the

University's equity position in the State Treasurer's STIF. The STIF (a portfolio within the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and does not have a credit rating) had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years as of June 30, 2014. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.nc.gov/ and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

Cash on hand at June 30, 2014 was \$1,900. The carrying amount of the University's deposits not with the State Treasurer was \$1,574,040 and the bank balance was \$1,622,441. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the University's deposits may not be returned to it. The University does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014, the University's uninsured and uncollateralized bank balance was \$1,476,800.

B. Investments

University - The University is authorized by The University of North Carolina Board of Governors pursuant to G.S. 116-36.2 and Section 600.2.4 of the Policy Manual of the University of North Carolina to invest its special funds and funds received for services rendered by health care professionals in the same manner as the State Treasurer is required to invest, as discussed below.

G.S. 147-69.1(c), applicable to the State's General Fund, and G.S. 147-69.2, applicable to institutional trust funds, authorize the State Treasurer to invest in the following: obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of certain federal agencies; repurchase agreements; obligations of the State of North Carolina; certificates of deposit and other deposit accounts of specified financial institutions; prime quality commercial paper; asset-backed securities with specified ratings, specified bills of exchange or time drafts, and corporate bonds/notes with specified ratings; general obligations of other states; general obligations of North Carolina local governments; and obligations of certain entities with specified ratings.

In accordance with the bond resolutions, bond proceeds and debt service funds are invested in obligations that will by their terms mature on or before the date funds are expected to be required for expenditure or withdrawal.

G.S. 116-36(e) provides that the trustees of the Endowment Fund shall be responsible for the prudent investment of the Fund in the exercise of their sound discretion, without regard to any statute or rule of law relating to the investment of funds by fiduciaries but in compliance with any lawful condition placed by the donor upon that part of the Endowment Fund to be invested.

Investments of the University's component units, the Real Estate Foundation and the NCCU Foundation, are subject to and restricted by G.S. 36E "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) and any requirements placed on them by contract or donor agreements.

Investments of various funds may be pooled unless prohibited by statute or by terms of the gift or contract. The University utilizes investment pools to manage investments and distribute investment income.

Investments are subject to the following risks.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk the University may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. The University does not have a formal policy that addresses interest rate risk.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The University does not have a formal policy that addresses credit risk.

Long-Term Investment Pool - This is an internal investment pool that is utilized for the investment of the endowment funds. Fund ownership is measured using the unitized method. Under this method, each participating fund's investment balance is determined on the current market value per unit multiplied by the number of units purchased. The investment strategy, including the selection of investment managers, is based on the directives of the University's Endowment Board.

The following table presents the fair value of investments by type and investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2014, for the Long-Term Investment Pool.

Long-Term Investment Pool

	 Fair Value
Investment Type UNC Investment Fund	\$ 19,808,377

UNC Investment Fund, LLC - At June 30, 2014, the University's investments include \$19,808,377 which represents the University's equity position in the UNC Investment Fund, LLC (UNC Investment Fund). The UNC Investment Fund is an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, does not have a credit rating, and is not subject to any regulatory oversight. Asset and ownership interests of the UNC Investment Fund are determined on a market unit valuation basis each month. Investment risks associated with the UNC Investment Fund are included in audited financial statements of the UNC Investment Fund, LLC which may be obtained from UNC Management Company, Inc., 1400 Environ Way, Chapel Hill, NC 27517.

Non-Pooled Investments - The following table presents the fair value of investments by type and investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2014, for the University's non-pooled investments.

Non-Pooled Investments

	In	vestment Mat	uritie	s (in Years)
		Fair		Less
		Than 1		
Investment Type				
Debt Securities				
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	80,238	\$	80,238
Other Securities				
Domestic Stocks		7,209,967		
Total Non-Pooled Investments	\$	7,290,205		

At June 30, 2014, the University's non-pooled investments included \$80,238 in unrated Money Market Mutual Funds.

Total Investments - The following table presents the fair value of the total investments at June 30, 2014:

	 Fair Value					
Investment Type Debt Securities Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 80,238					
Other Securities UNC Investment Fund Domestic Stocks	19,808,377 7,209,967					
Total Investments	\$ 27,098,582					

Component Unit - Investments of the University's discretely presented component unit, NCCU Foundation, Inc. are subject to and restricted by G.S. 36E "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA) and any requirements placed on them by contract or donor agreements. Because the NCCU Foundation reports under the FASB reporting model, disclosures of the various investment risks are not required. The following is an analysis of investments by type:

	 Fair Value
Investment Type	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 567,543
Mutual Funds	1,646,269
Equity Securities	5,910,195
Debt Securities	1,950,634
U. S. Government Obligations	1,221,305
Exchange Traded Funds	633,350
Asset Backed Securities	 268,000
Total Investments	\$ 12,197,296

C. Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments - A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the University as of June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Cash on Hand Amount of Deposits with Private Financial Institutions Deposits in the Short-Term Investment Fund Investment in the UNC Investment Fund Non-Pooled Investments	\$ 1,900 1,574,040 24,189,773 19,808,377 7,290,205
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 52,864,295
Deposits Current: Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Noncurrent: Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Deposits	\$ 14,298,713 10,440,188 1,026,812 25,765,713
Investments Current: Restricted Short-Term Investments Noncurrent: Endowment Investments	1,102,005 25,996,577
Total Investments	 27,098,582
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 52,864,295

NOTE 3 - ENDOWMENT INVESTMENTS

Investments of the University's endowment funds are pooled, unless required to be separately invested by the donor. If a donor has not provided specific instructions, state law permits the Board of Trustees to authorize for expenditure the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, of the investments of the endowment funds. Under the "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act" (UPMIFA), authorized by the North Carolina General Assembly on March 19, 2009, the Board may also appropriate expenditures from eligible nonexpendable balances if deemed prudent and necessary to meet program outcomes and for which such spending is not specifically prohibited by the donor agreements. However, a majority of the University's endowment donor agreements prohibit spending of nonexpendable balances and therefore the related nonexpendable balances are not eligible for expenditure. During the year, the Board did not appropriate expenditures from eligible nonexpendable endowment funds.

Investment return of the University's endowment funds is predicated on the total return concept (yield plus appreciation). Annual payouts from the University's endowment funds are determined by 5.5% of the 12-quarter moving average of the fund's market value. If current year earnings do not

meet the payout requirements, the University uses accumulated income and appreciation to make up the difference. Expenditures in excess of the payout are authorized by the University's Board of Trustees of the Endowment Fund. At June 30, 2014, net appreciation of \$12,021,324 was available to be spent, of which \$10,919,319 was classified in net position as Restricted Expendable: Scholarships and Fellowships and Restricted Expendable Endowed Professorships, as it is restricted for specific purposes. The remaining portion of net appreciation available to be spent is classified as unrestricted net position.

Lace

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Gross Receivables			Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Receivables		
Current Receivables:							
Students	\$	6,167,909	\$	3,700,973	\$	2,466,936	
Accounts		649,886				649,886	
Intergovernmental		3,446,698				3,446,698	
Investment Earnings		7,596				7,596	
Interest on Loans		115,915				115,915	
Total Current Receivables	\$	10,388,004	\$	3,700,973	\$	6,687,031	
Notes Receivable:							
Notes Receivable - Current:							
Federal Loan Programs	\$	449,904	\$	235,183	\$	214,721	
Notes Receivable - Noncurrent:							
Federal Loan Programs	\$	6,766,058	\$	3,541,901	\$	3,224,157	

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2014, is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable: Land Art, Literature, and Artifacts	\$ 7,274,669 831,440	\$ 0 29,100	\$ 0	\$ 7,274,669 860,540
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	8,106,109	29,100		8,135,209
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	331,451,048			331,451,048
Machinery and Equipment	36,418,190	837,808	67,532	37,188,466
General Infrastructure	21,617,307	152,301		21,769,608
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	389,486,545	990,109	67,532	390,409,122
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	82,184,377	5,641,836		87,826,213
Machinery and Equipment	15,159,864	2,217,346	55,800	17,321,410
General Infrastructure	10,966,077	928,463		11,894,540
Total Accumulated Depreciation	108,310,318	8,787,645	55,800	117,042,163
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	281,176,227	(7,797,536)	11,732	273,366,959
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 289,282,336	\$ (7,768,436)	\$ 11,732	\$ 281,502,168

NOTE 6 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

	 Amount
Current Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 3,489,828
Accrued Payroll	791,498
Contract Retainage	320,534
Intergovernmental Payables	305,723
Other	 8,210
Total Current Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 4,915,793

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014, is presented as follows:

	 Balance July 1, 2013 (as restated)	_	Additions	Balance Reductions June 30, 2014		 Current Portion	
Revenue Bonds Payable Less: Unamortized Discount	\$ 81,345,000 (298,519)	\$	0	\$ 2,400,000 (14,496)	\$	78,945,000 (284,023)	\$ 2,500,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable, Net	81,046,481			2,385,504		78,660,977	 2,500,000
Notes Payable Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences	6,258,499 2,635,213 7,648,912		4,295,680	293,476 1,205,049 5,201,328		5,965,023 1,430,164 6,743,264	313,316 1,257,081 1,049,039
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 97,589,105	\$	4,295,680	\$ 9,085,357	\$	92,799,428	\$ 5,119,436

Additional information regarding capital lease obligations is included in Note 9.

B. Revenue Bonds Payable - The University was indebted for revenue bonds payable for the purposes shown in the following table:

Purpose	Series	Interest Rate/ Ranges	Final Maturity Date		Original Amount of Issue	Principal Paid Through June 30, 2014	_	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2014	See Table Below
Revenue Bonds Payable The University of North Carolina System Pool Revenue Bonds Housing System Revenue Bonds Housing System, Parking Facility	2004B 2009C	4.0% to 5.0% 4.0% to 5.5%	04/01/2023 10/01/2034	\$	8,670,000 60,675,000	\$ 3,725,000 4,940,000	\$	4,945,000 55,735,000	
Total of The University of North Carolina System Pool Revenue Bonds				_	69,345,000	8,665,000	_	60,680,000	
NCCU REAL Estate Foundation, Inc. Real Estate Foundation Housing System	2003A	3.46% *	10/01/2034		21,475,000	3,210,000	_	18,265,000	(1)
Total Revenue Bonds Payable (principal only)				\$	90,820,000	\$ 11,875,000	\$	78,945,000	
Less: Unamortized Discount								(284,023)	
Total Revenue Bonds Payable, Net							\$	78,660,977	

^{*} For variable rate debt with interest rate swaps, the synthetic fixed rates are included.

The University has pledged future revenues, net of specific operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds as shown in the table below:

		-	Total Future		Revenues					Estimate of %		
Ref	Revenue Source	Re	venues Pledged	N	Net of Expenses		Net of Expenses		Principal		Interest	of Revenues Pledged
(1) Hous	sing Revenues Real Estate	\$	21,344,667	\$	585,058	\$	455,000	\$	11,597	24.45%		

C. Demand Bonds - Included in bonds payable is a variable rate demand bond issue. Demand bonds are securities that contain a "put" feature that allows bondholders to demand payment before the maturity of the debt upon proper notice to the University's remarketing or paying agents.

Student Housing Facilities Revenue Bonds (Series 2003): In October of 2003, the North Carolina Capital Facilities Finance Agency issued revenue bonds consisting of Series 2003A for \$21,475,000 that has a final maturity date of October 1, 2034. The series was issued to provide funds to the Real Estate Foundation (Foundation) for the purpose of financing the acquisition and construction of certain student housing facilities at North Carolina Central University. The bond proceeds were used to fund a portion of construction period interest, to fund a debt service reserve fund for the 2003A bonds, and to pay certain costs of issuance of the bonds. The University entered into a loan agreement with the Foundation dated October 1, 2003, whereby the bond proceeds were loaned to the Foundation. Under the terms of the loan agreement, the Foundation agrees to provide funds for the principal and interest payments due on the bonds. The loan will be repaid over a 30-year period with variable interest rates set on a weekly basis, which was 0.05% for Series 2003A bonds at June 30, 2014. The interest rate can be converted from time to time to another interest rate made at the option of the Foundation given certain established criteria. The 2003A bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at the principal amount on the interest payment dates.

The payment of principal and interest on the Series 2003A bonds is secured by an irrevocable, direct-pay letter of credit issued by a financial institution, which originally expired on October 15, 2006. The letter of credit was subsequently extended until August 31, 2016, by request from the Foundation by delivering a notice of extension to the Trustee. The Foundation is entitled to draw up to \$18,472,003. A commitment fee was paid to the financial institution in the amount of \$109,098 for the letter of credit on the date the bonds were issued. The Foundation is required to pay a quarterly fee for the letter of credit of 1.2% per annum based on the unused portion of the letter of credit commitment. The Foundation paid credit facility fees in the amount of \$226,620 during the year ended June 30, 2014. The total amount drawn and paid on the letter of credit for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$466,597.

Under the letter of credit agreement, the proceeds of each drawing under the letter of credit to pay the portion of the purchase price of Series 2003A bonds allocable to principal will constitute a tender advance and must be reimbursed as provided in the agreement. The Foundation is required to repay each tender advance to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. plus an interest rate of prime plus 1.0%. According to the Reimbursement Agreement Amendment dated May 2008, the amount of any tender

advance made is repaid based on the earliest to occur of the date the credit provider bonds purchased pursuant to such tender advances are remarketed, the close of business on the date that is 366 days after the tender was made, and/or the termination date.

The Series 2003A bonds have remarketing fees, an upfront charge paid to the remarketing agent to reset the interest rates on a weekly basis. At June 30, 2014, the remarketing fee rate for the bonds was 0.125%. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Foundation paid remarketing fees of \$22,808.

Swap Payments and Associated Debt: As rates vary, variable-rate debt and net swap payments will vary. As of June 30, 2014, debt service requirements of the University's outstanding variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same, for their terms were as follows:

	_	Interest Rate Swap											
				Variable	-Rate	e Bond							
E' 137		D ' ' 1		T		Letter of				Interest Rate		TD + 1	
Fiscal Year		Principal	_	Interest	_	Credit		Remarketing		Swaps, Net		Total	
2015	\$	480,000	\$	8,971	\$	215,314	\$	22,429	\$	244,479	\$	971,193	
2016		505,000		8,745		209,887		21,863		238,317		983,812	
2017		535,000		8,458		202,975		21,143		231,762		999,338	
2018		565,000		8,178		196,272		20,445		222,231		1,012,126	
2019		595,000		7,884		189,208		19,709		216,801		1,028,602	
2020-2024		3,515,000		34,428		826,278		86,071		938,461		5,400,238	
2025-2029		4,610,000		24,152		579,654		60,381		41,362		5,315,549	
2030-2034		6,040,000		10,709		257,010		26,772				6,334,491	
2035-2039		1,420,000		179		4,304		448				1,424,931	
Total Requirements	\$	18,265,000	\$	111,704	\$	2,680,902	\$	279,261	\$	2,133,413	\$	23,470,280	

D. Annual Requirements - The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the long-term obligations at June 30, 2014, are as follows:

		A	nnual Requireme	nts					
	Re	venue Bonds Paya	ıble	Notes Payable					
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Interest Rate Swaps, Net	Principal	Interest				
2015	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,040,459	\$ 244,479	\$ 313,316	\$ 286,918				
2016	2,615,000	2,954,032	238,317	334,007	271,847				
2017	2,730,000	2,863,627	231,762	355,584	255,781				
2018	2,865,000	2,764,659	222,231	378,077	238,678				
2019	3,015,000	2,651,553	216,801	401,522	220,492				
2020-2024	16,800,000	11,380,803	938,461	2,395,104	788,512				
2025-2029	18,530,000	8,039,183	41,362	1,787,413	175,007				
2030-2034	24,200,000	3,789,106							
2035-2039	5,690,000	117,604							
Total Requirements	\$ 78,945,000	\$ 37,601,026	\$ 2,133,413	\$ 5,965,023	\$ 2,237,235				

The effective interest rate on the variable rate Student Housing Facilities Revenue Bonds (including the effect of the swap) is calculated at 3.46% at June 30, 2014. Interest rates are reset each week by the remarketing agent based upon a combination of the University's credit rating and market conditions. This schedule also includes the debt service requirements for debt associated with interest rate swaps. More detailed information about interest rate swaps is presented in Note 8 Derivative Instruments.

- **E. Prior Year Defeasances** During prior years, the University defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the University's financial statements. At June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance of prior year defeased bonds was \$4,670,000.
- **F. Notes Payable** The University was indebted for notes payable for the purposes shown in the following table:

Purpose	Financial Institution	Interest Rate/ Ranges	Final Maturity Date	Original Amount of Issue		Principal aid Through ane 30, 2014	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2014
Energy Performance Contract	FifthThird Bank	4.81%	12/09/2026	\$	6,532,959	\$ 567,936	\$ 5,965,023

NOTE 8 - DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Derivative instruments held at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

		Change in Fair	Valu	e	Fair Value at June 30, 2014				
Туре	Notional Amount	Classification]	Increase	Classification		Liability		
Hedging Derivative Instruments Cash Flow Hedges									
Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Swap 2003A Bonds	\$ 7,306,000	Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	32,864	Hedging Derivative	\$	(1,073,445)		

Hedging derivative instruments held at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Туре	Objective	 Notional Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms
Hedging Derivative Instruments	Hedge of Changes in Cash				
Cash Flow Hedges	Flows on the Student Housing				Pay 3.515%
Pay-Fixed Interest Rate	Facilities Revenue Series				Receive 70%
Swap 2003A Bonds	2003A Bonds	\$ 7,306,000	4/1/2004	10/1/2024	1 Mo. LIBOR

The fair value of the pay-fixed interest rate swap was developed by the financial institution. This method calculates the present value of the future net settlement payments required by the swap assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. The fair value is the present value of these payments.

The University's interest rate swap hedging derivative has been determined to be effective as of June 30, 2014 using the regression analysis method.

Hedging Derivative Risks

Credit Risk: At June 30, 2014, the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) was not exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. When the fair value of the swap is negative, the Foundation owes the counterparty and, therefore, it does not possess credit risk. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap become positive, the Foundation would be exposed to credit risk. Wells Fargo's current long-term ratings are Aa3 by Moody's Investor's Service and AA- by Standard and Poor's Corporation (S&P).

Interest Rate Risk: The Foundation is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swap. The fair value of this instrument is highly sensitive to interest rate changes. Because bonds are trading at a yield above 70% of USD-LIBOR-BBA Index, the swap has a negative fair value as of June 30, 2014.

Basis Risk: The swap exposes the Foundation to basis risk when the variable payment received is based on an index other than SIFMA. Should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA converge, the synthetic rates on the debt would change. The Foundation receives 70% of 1-month USD-LIBOR-BBA Index. If the relationship of the Foundation's bonds trade to a percentage of LIBOR greater than 70%, the Foundation will experience an increase in debt service above the fixed rate on the swap. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate of 3.52% and the actual rate of 3.46% at June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2014, the rate on the Foundation's bonds was 0.05% whereas 70% of LIBOR was 0.108%.

Termination Risk: The swap contract uses the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. Termination could result in the Foundation being required to make an unanticipated termination payment.

Rollover Risk: The Foundation is exposed to rollover risk when the swap matures on October 1, 2024. When the swap matures, the interest rate on the underlying debt will return to a variable rate until it matures on October 1, 2034.

NOTE 9 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A. Capital Lease Obligations - Capital lease obligations relating to general infrastructure and machinery and equipment are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Future minimum lease payments under capital lease obligations consist of the following at June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year	 Amount
2015 2016 2017	\$ 1,322,720 94,409 94,408
Total Minimum Lease Payments	1,511,537
Amount Representing Interest (4.004% to 7.9% Rate of Interest)	 81,373
Present Value of Future Lease Payments	\$ 1,430,164

General infrastructure acquired under capital lease amounted to \$566,900 at June 30, 2014. Machinery and equipment acquired under capital lease amounted to \$5,622,271 at June 30, 2014.

Depreciation for the capital assets associated with capital leases is included in depreciation expense, and accumulated depreciation for assets acquired under capital lease totaled \$2,095,347 at June 30, 2014.

B. Operating Lease Obligations - The University entered into operating leases for equipment. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year	 Amount
2015	\$ 51,311

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$688,360.

NOTE 10 - REVENUES

A summary of eliminations and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

	Gross Revenues		F	Internal Sales Eliminations		Less Scholarship Discounts		Less Allowance for Uncollectibles		Net Revenues
Operating Revenues: Student Tuition and Fees	\$	54,910,251	\$	0	\$	14,519,402	\$	280,954	\$	40,109,895
Sales and Services:										
Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises:										
Residential Life	\$	13,715,161	\$	130,329	\$	3,050,084	\$	0	\$	10,534,748
Dining		8,935,335		396,098		2,388,976				6,150,261
Student Union Services		1,601,635		26,704		427,231				1,147,700
Health, Physical Education,										
and Recreation Services		745,441		1,275		198,844				545,322
Bookstore		277,011								277,011
Parking		1,161,745		52,935						1,108,810
Athletic		1,348,545		483,960		369,858				494,727
Other		2,273,074		618,329						1,654,745
Sales and Services of Education										
and Related Activities	_	1,827,752		845,041			_		_	982,711
Total Sales and Services	\$	31,885,699	\$	2,554,671	\$	6,434,993	\$	0	\$	22,896,035

NOTE 11 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The University's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

		Salaries and Benefits	Supplies and Materials		Services		Scholarships and Fellowships	Utilities		Depreciation	_	Total
Instruction	\$	61,134,395	\$ 3,527,409	\$	4,781,608	\$	0	\$ 5,609	\$	0	\$	69,449,021
Research		4,505,795	1,102,015		1,367,765							6,975,575
Public Service		742,989	21,973		171,848							936,810
Academic Support		12,155,677	2,816,524		949,538							15,921,739
Student Services		3,247,723	186,862		1,039,828							4,474,413
Institutional Support		17,628,182	898,541		3,723,849							22,250,572
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		5,032,810	2,089,144		4,418,978			4,976,514				16,517,446
Student Financial Aid		1,271,918	6,737		128,650		13,229,772					14,637,077
Auxiliary Enterprises		11,670,197	1,523,865		12,419,030			643,771				26,256,863
Depreciation			 	_		_		 	_	8,787,645	_	8,787,645
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 1	17,389,686	\$ 12,173,070	\$	29,001,094	\$	13,229,772	\$ 5,625,894	\$	8,787,645	\$	186,207,161

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

Retirement Plans - Each permanent full-time employee, as a condition of employment, is a member of either the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the Optional Retirement Program. Eligible employees can elect to participate in the Optional Retirement Program at the time of employment; otherwise they are automatically enrolled in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System.

The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the State to provide pension benefits for employees of the State, its component units, and local boards of education. TSERS is administered by a 14-member Board of Trustees, with the State Treasurer serving as Chairman of the Board.

Benefit and contribution provisions for the TSERS are established by *North Carolina General Statutes* 135-5 and 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employer and member contribution rates are set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly based on annual actuarial valuations. For the year ended June 30, 2014, these rates were set at 8.69% of covered payroll for employers and 6% of covered payroll for members.

For the current fiscal year, the University had a total payroll of \$91,833,690, of which \$54,290,369 was covered under the TSERS. Total employer and employee contributions for pension benefits for the year were \$4,717,833 and \$3,257,422, respectively.

Required employer contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, were 8.33% and 7.44%, respectively, while employee contributions were 6% each year. The University made 100% of its annual required contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, which were \$4,717,833, \$4,604,523, and \$4,155,823, respectively.

The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System's financial information is included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.nc.gov/ and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

The Optional Retirement Program (Program) is a defined contribution retirement plan that provides retirement benefits with options for payments to beneficiaries in the event of the participant's death. Administrators and eligible faculty of the University may join the Program instead of the TSERS. The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina is responsible for the administration of the Program and designates the companies authorized to offer investment products or the trustee responsible for the investment of contributions under the Program and approves the form and contents of the contracts and trust agreements.

Participants in the Program are immediately vested in the value of employee contributions. The value of employer contributions is vested after five years of participation in the Program. Participants become eligible to receive distributions when they terminate employment or retire.

Participant eligibility and contributory requirements are established by General Statute 135-5.1. Employer and member contribution rates are set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly. For the year ended June 30, 2014, these rates were set at 6.84% of covered payroll for employers and 6% of covered payroll for members. The University assumes no liability other than its contribution.

For the current fiscal year, the University had a total payroll of \$91,833,690, of which \$23,715,788 was covered under the Optional Retirement Program. Total employer and employee contributions for pension benefits for the year were \$1,622,160 and \$1,422,947, respectively.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Health Benefits - The University participates in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan that provides postemployment health insurance to eligible former employees. Eligible former employees include long-term

disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System or the Optional Retirement Program. Coverage eligibility varies depending on years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement.

The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 3B, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

By General Statute, a Retiree Health Benefit Fund (the Fund) has been established as a fund in which accumulated contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries. By statute, the Fund is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and contributions to the Fund are irrevocable. Also by law, Fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Fund. Contribution rates to the Fund, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are established by the General Assembly.

For the current fiscal year the University contributed 5.40% of the covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Optional Retirement Program to the Fund. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, were 5.30% and 5.0%, respectively. The University made 100% of its annual required contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, which were \$4,212,332, \$4,163,223, and \$3,971,843, respectively. The University assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution.

Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.osc.nc.gov/ and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

B. Disability Income - The University participates in the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Optional Retirement Program. Benefit and

contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established by the General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the University made a statutory contribution of .44% of covered payroll under the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the Optional Retirement Program to the DIPNC. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2013, and 2012, were .44% and .52%, respectively. The University made 100% of its annual required contributions to the DIPNC for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, which were \$343,227, \$345,626, and \$413,072, respectively. The University assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the Plan other than its contribution.

Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in state-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The risk of tort claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claimant is retained under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$10,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The University pays the premium, based on a composite rate, directly to the private insurer.

The University is required to maintain fire and lightning coverage on all state-owned buildings and contents through the State Property Fire Insurance Fund (Fund), an internal service fund of the State. However, the University has chosen to maintain "Broad Form Coverage" on all operations supported by the State's General Fund. Broad Form coverage protects buildings in the case of fire, lightning, water damage, vandalism, sprinkler malfunction, damage from weight of snow, falling objects, and hail. Other operations not supported by the State's General Fund are charged for the coverage. This past year, all buildings on campus, including the Residential Buildings, upgraded to Broad Form

coverage. All losses covered by the Fund are subject to a \$5,000 per occurrence deductible.

All state-owned vehicles are covered by liability insurance through a private insurance company and handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The liability limits for losses are \$1,000,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 per occurrence. The University pays premiums to the North Carolina Department of Insurance for the coverage.

The University is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud. This coverage is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. Universities are charged a premium by the private insurance company. Coverage limit is \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The private insurance company pays 90% of each loss less a \$75,000 deductible.

The University purchased other authorized coverage from private insurance companies through the North Carolina Department of Insurance. These types of insurance include Master Musical Insurance to cover musical instruments owned by the University; Fine Art insurance to protect items considered works of art; Boiler and Machinery insurance to cover heavy equipment; and Postal Bond insurances to cover possible losses of United States Postal Service property.

University employees and retirees are provided comprehensive major medical care benefits. Coverage is funded by contributions to the State Health Plan (Plan), a discretely presented component unit of the State of North Carolina. The Plan has contracted with third parties to process claims.

The North Carolina Workers' Compensation Program provides benefits to workers injured on the job. All employees of the State and its component units are included in the program. When an employee is injured, the University's primary responsibility is to arrange for and provide the necessary treatment for work related injury. The University is responsible for paying medical benefits and compensation in accordance with the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act. The University retains the risk for workers' compensation.

North Carolina Central University also carries professional internship insurance on students working in health fields. Departments that secure this coverage include Nursing, Psychology, Communication Disorders, Physical Education and Recreation, Athletic Training, and Social Work. Medical Liability insurance is carried on employees of the University who are accredited medical professionals and who practice in a clinical setting on campus.

Term life insurance (death benefits) of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This Death Benefit Plan is administered by the State

Treasurer and funded via employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was .16% for the current fiscal year.

Additional details on the state-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

- **A.** Commitments The University has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on maintenance and renovation projects. Outstanding commitments on these projects were \$1,372,281 at June 30, 2014.
- **B.** Pending Litigation and Claims The University is a party to litigation and claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Since it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of these matters, no provision for any liability has been made in the financial statements. University management is of the opinion that the liability, if any, for any of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the University.

NOTE 16 - BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

Condensed combining information for the University's blended component unit for the year ended June 30, 2014, is presented as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

			NC	CCU Real Estate			
		University	F	oundation, Inc.	I	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS							
Current Assets	\$	32,776,983	\$	5,035,722	\$	(2,872,364)	\$ 34,940,341
Capital Assets		266,545,803		14,956,365			281,502,168
Noncurrent Assets		30,248,778					 30,248,778
Total Assets		329,571,564		19,992,087		(2,872,364)	 346,691,287
Deferred Outflows of Resources		496,840		1,073,445			 1,570,285
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities		14,632,150		3,354,197		(2,872,364)	15,113,983
Noncurrent Liabilities	_	72,955,551		18,719,287			 91,674,838
Total Liabilities		87,587,701		22,073,484		(2,872,364)	 106,788,821
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		208,117,687		(1,596,823)			206,520,864
Restricted - Nonexpendable		15,528,157					15,528,157
Restricted - Expendable		17,727,085					17,727,085
Unrestricted		1,107,774		588,871			 1,696,645
Total Net Position	\$	242,480,703	\$	(1,007,952)	\$	0	\$ 241,472,751

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		University		CCU Real Estate oundation, Inc.	<u>I</u>	Eliminations		Total
OPERATING REVENUES Operating Revenues	\$	71,713,872	\$	2.222.056	\$	(2,222,056)	\$	71,713,872
Operating Revenues	φ	/1,/13,6/2	φ	2,222,030	φ	(2,222,030)	φ	/1,/13,6/2
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Operating Expenses		178,381,158		1,260,414		(2,222,056)		177,419,516
Depreciation		8,386,842		400,803				8,787,645
Total Operating Expenses		186,768,000		1,661,217		(2,222,056)		186,207,161
Operating Income		(115,054,128)		560,839				(114,493,289)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
State Appropriations		79,621,943						79,621,943
Noncapital Grants and Gifts		32,153,688						32,153,688
Investment Income		4,242,779		110				4,242,889
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(3,518,817)		(525,111)				(4,043,928)
Net Nonoperating Revenues		112,499,593		(525,001)				111,974,592
Capital Appropriations and Grants		1,872,753						1,872,753
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		(681,782)		35,838				(645,944)
NET POSITION								
Net Position, July 1, 2013, as Restated		243,162,485		(1,043,790)				242,118,695
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$	242,480,703	\$	(1,007,952)	\$	0	\$	241,472,751

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows June 30, 2014

,	 University	 CU Real Estate undation, Inc.	Total	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$ (105,515,160) 112,530,341 (6,320,255)	\$ 1,609,963 (973,129)	\$ (103,905,197) 112,530,341 (7,293,384)	
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	 (365,569)	 (****,-=*/	 (365,569)	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	329,357	636,834	966,191	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2013	 20,400,634	 4,398,888	 24,799,522	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2014	\$ 20,729,991	\$ 5,035,722	\$ 25,765,713	

NOTE 17 - NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

As of July 1, 2013, net position as previously reported was restated as follows:

	 Amount
July 1, 2013 Net Position as Previously Reported	\$ 242,597,280
Restatement:	
Expense PreviouslyAamortized Bond Issuance Costs	
Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 65 Requirements	 (478,585)
July 1, 2013 Net Position as Restated	\$ 242,118,695

[This Page Left Blank Intentionally]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



Office of the State Auditor

2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0601 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 Internet http://www.ncauditor.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees North Carolina Central University Durham, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of North Carolina Central University, a constituent institution of the multi-campus University of North Carolina System, which is a component unit of the State of North Carolina, and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2014. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. and the NCCU Foundation, Inc., as described in our report on the University's financial statements. The financial statements of the NCCU Real Estate Foundation, Inc. and the NCCU Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or instances of reportable noncompliance associated with those entities.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONCLUDED)

possibility that a material misstatement of the University's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Beth A. Wood, CPA

State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

Beel A. Wood

December 15, 2014

ORDERING INFORMATION

Copies of this report may be obtained by contacting the:

Office of the State Auditor State of North Carolina 2 South Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-0601

> Telephone: 919-807-7500 Facsimile: 919-807-7647

Internet: http://www.ncauditor.net

To report alleged incidents of fraud, waste or abuse in state government contact the:

Office of the State Auditor Fraud Hotline: 1-800-730-8477 or download our free app



https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=net.ncauditor.ncauditor



https://itunes.apple.com/us/app/nc-state-auditor-hotline/id567315745

For additional information contact:
Bill Holmes
Director of External Affairs

This audit required 940 audit hours at an approximate cost of \$88,360.