

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

BETH A. WOOD, CPA



WAKE TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT

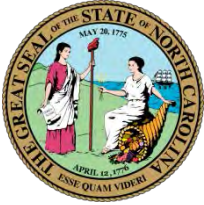
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA



NCOSA
The Taxpayers' Watchdog

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Office of the State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

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AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Pat McCrory, Governor
The General Assembly of North Carolina
Board of Trustees, Wake Technical Community College

We have completed a financial statement audit of Wake Technical Community College for the year ended June 30, 2015, and our audit results are included in this report. You will note from the independent auditor's report that we determined that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The results of our tests disclosed no deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses in relation to our audit scope or any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the ways listed in the back of this report.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Beth A. Wood'.

Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

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Article V, Chapter 147 of the *North Carolina General Statutes*, gives the Auditor broad powers to examine all books, records, files, papers, documents, and financial affairs of every state agency. The Auditor also has the power to summon people to produce records and to answer questions under oath.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Office of the State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Wake Technical Community College
Raleigh, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Wake Technical Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the College's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wake Technical Community College, as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, Wake Technical Community College adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68. – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71 – *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters – Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2016 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

March 24, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

The following information provides a general overview of the financial statements and activities of Wake Technical Community College for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Management's Discussion & Analysis is required supplementary information (RSI) comparing data for the current and previous year. Significant capital asset activity and conditions expected to influence financial position and results of operations are also discussed. Contact the Division of Finance for additional information at (919) 866-5901.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The College's financial report includes three financial statements:

- The Statement of Net Position
- The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- The Statement of Cash Flows

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information required for an understanding of the financial statements.

Important characteristics of the financial statements include the following:

- The Statement of Net Position is separated by current and noncurrent assets. The designation is also used in reporting liabilities. The term current is used to cover a time period of one year or less while noncurrent is considered to be a period of greater than one year.
- Revenues and expenses are categorized as either operating or nonoperating.
- Purchases of capital assets are expensed over the asset's useful life by the recognition of depreciation expense on the capital assets.
- Scholarships and fellowships applied to student accounts are discounted from revenue to avoid overstatement of tuition and fees.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Statement of Net Position

The following condensed Statement of Net Position compares current year information with the prior year and indicates the categorical as well as overall percentage of increase or decrease.

	2015	2014 (as restated)	Change	% Change
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 31,051,197.35	\$ 22,036,146.49	\$ 9,015,050.86	40.91%
Noncurrent Assets	3,095,984.70	2,110,650.88	985,333.82	46.68%
Capital Assets, Net	<u>308,010,840.11</u>	<u>246,586,046.89</u>	<u>61,424,793.22</u>	24.91%
Total Assets	<u>342,158,022.16</u>	<u>270,732,844.26</u>	<u>71,425,178</u>	26.38%
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	<u>7,840,749.00</u>	<u>5,420,806.00</u>	<u>2,419,943.00</u>	44.64%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	20,257,838.20	10,814,889.40	9,442,949	87.31%
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>8,781,219.36</u>	<u>28,308,747.70</u>	<u>(19,527,528)</u>	-68.98%
Total Liabilities	<u>29,039,057.56</u>	<u>39,123,637.10</u>	<u>(10,084,580)</u>	-25.78%
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	<u>18,764,194.00</u>	<u>18,764,194</u>	<u>18,764,194</u>	100.00%
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	295,379,987.46	242,541,390.88	52,838,597	21.79%
Restricted - Expendable	18,286,578.61	8,344,300.05	9,942,279	119.15%
Unrestricted	<u>(11,471,046.47)</u>	<u>(13,855,677.77)</u>	<u>(2,384,631)</u>	-17.21%
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 302,195,519.60</u>	<u>\$ 237,030,013.16</u>	<u>\$ 60,396,243.84</u>	27.49%

Analysis of Statement of Net Position Comparison

The Statement of Net Position measures the value of all the College's assets and deferred outflows of resources, after deducting liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and depreciation. Current assets consist of inventories, cash, prepaid items, intergovernmental receivables related to capital projects which offset current liabilities, and receivables expected to be collected within the next accounting cycle. Noncurrent assets consist of receivables estimated to be collected beyond the next fiscal year, intergovernmental receivables related to capital projects and also capital assets. Accounts payable, funds held for others, unearned revenue, and the current portion of accrued compensated absences comprise most of current liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities represent accrued compensated absences not expected to be used within the next twelve months, the noncurrent portion of obligations for pollution remediation, and a net pension liability. The amounts for compensated absences reflect a last-in, first-out estimate. Net investment in capital assets consists primarily of buildings, infrastructure, and equipment with a unit purchase cost of \$5,000 or greater and an expected life exceeding one year. Other equipment is expensed in the year of purchase. Restricted net position is separated from unrestricted because external sources exert control over the use of these funds.

The increase in noncurrent assets of \$62,410,127, including capital assets, is related to ongoing construction projects in conjunction with the building program at the North Campus and a renovation project on Main Campus. The increase in current liabilities of \$9,442,949 is also related to ongoing construction projects. Noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$19,527,528 mainly from the reduction of the prior year restated net pension liability by \$20,017,593. As a result of implementing GASB 68, deferred outflows related to pensions, deferred inflows related to pensions, and a net pension liability have been recorded as of June 30, 2015. In addition, net position was restated and decreased by \$19,792,136.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The following condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position compares current year information with the prior year and indicates the categorical as well as overall percentage of increase or decrease.

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014*</u>	<u>Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Operating Revenues				
Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 29,517,519.73	\$ 26,946,249.14	\$ 2,571,270.59	9.54%
Other Operating Revenues	<u>2,436,160.61</u>	<u>2,105,114.50</u>	<u>331,046.11</u>	15.73%
Total Operating Revenues	<u>31,953,680.34</u>	<u>29,051,363.64</u>	<u>2,902,316.70</u>	9.99%
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and Benefits	101,906,177.76	97,521,666.90	4,384,510.86	4.50%
Supplies and Materials	7,632,250.46	7,913,542.68	(281,292.22)	-3.55%
Services	16,908,985.65	14,466,917.24	2,442,068.41	16.88%
Scholarships and Fellowships	24,075,618.57	23,881,267.40	194,351.17	0.81%
Other Operating Expenses	<u>8,029,290.50</u>	<u>7,801,999.17</u>	<u>227,291.33</u>	2.91%
Total Operating Expenses	<u>158,552,322.94</u>	<u>151,585,393.39</u>	<u>6,966,929.55</u>	4.60%
Operating Loss	<u>(126,598,642.60)</u>	<u>(122,534,029.75)</u>	<u>4,064,612.85</u>	3.32%
Nonoperating Revenues				
State Aid	62,994,761.59	55,749,357.98	7,245,403.61	13.00%
County Appropriations	16,477,999.92	16,190,937.96	287,061.96	1.77%
Noncapital Grants-Student Financial Aid	35,722,354.67	34,530,578.19	1,191,776.48	3.45%
Other Net Nonoperating Revenues	<u>7,924,643.94</u>	<u>7,171,034.08</u>	<u>753,609.86</u>	10.51%
Net Nonoperating Revenues	<u>123,119,760.12</u>	<u>113,641,908.21</u>	<u>9,477,851.91</u>	8.34%
State Capital Aid	2,919,088.59	4,404,905.00	(1,485,816.41)	-33.73%
County Capital Aid	64,962,164.13	24,938,683.87	40,023,480.26	160.49%
Capital Grants & Gifts	<u>763,136.20</u>	<u>326,054.63</u>	<u>437,081.57</u>	134.05%
Increase in Net Position	65,165,506.44	20,777,521.96	44,387,984.48	213.63%
Net Position				
Net position - July 1	256,822,149.16	236,044,627.20	20,777,521.96	
Restatements	<u>(19,792,136.00)</u>			
Net position - June 30	<u>\$ 302,195,519.60</u>	<u>\$ 256,822,149.16</u>	<u>\$ 45,373,370.44</u>	

*Note: The year-end June 30, 2014 column is not presented "as restated" above because actuarial calculations performed relative to the implementation of GASB 68 do not provide sufficient information to restate these amounts.

Analysis of Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Comparison

Transactions reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position have a direct correlation to changes in total net position recorded on the Statement of Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses are segregated into individual sections of the statement. Student tuition and fees, adjusted for scholarship discounts, accounted for 89% of the increase in operating revenues and was directly related to enrollment growth as well as an increase in curriculum tuition rates and campus access fees. Salaries and benefits is the predominant operating expense and grew as the result of positions added to accommodate student enrollment growth along with an overall salary increase for full-time employees. Service contracts and Pell grants form the major components of services and scholarships and fellowships. Pell grant awards continue to grow due to the state of the economy. Services increased by \$2,442,068 due to increases in lease expenditures and customized training expenditures of \$420,322 and \$687,931, respectively. Services donated to the College through the Wake Technical Community College Foundation, Inc. also increased by \$510,079. The largest components of nonoperating revenues are state and county aid. State aid for current operations continues to increase relative to student enrollment growth. Grants from the Department of Education and the National Science Foundation (NSF) comprise

additional federal revenue. State capital aid remained low in proportion to county capital aid because the majority of construction projects are now financed with county bond funds. State capital aid decreased from \$4,404,905 in 2014 to \$2,919,089 in 2015. The amount needed to furnish new buildings decreased in 2015 due to available furniture and equipment being repurposed to the Beltline Education Center. County capital aid increased from \$24,938,684 in 2014 to \$64,962,164 due to an increase in construction activity in 2015. Capital grants and gifts increased by \$437,082 from 2014 to 2015. This is a result of an increase in capital gifts donated to the College through the Wake Technical Community College Foundation in the amount of \$215,991 and an increase in the amount of \$221,091 in the amount of federal capital funding received through the North Carolina Community College System.

Total revenues increased from \$172,362,915 in 2014 to \$223,876,443 in 2015. This increase is primarily due to an increase in county capital aid in the amount of \$40,023,480 resulting from construction project reimbursements. State aid also increased by \$7,245,404. Total expenses also increased from \$151,585,393 in 2014 to \$158,710,937 in 2015, primarily due to the increases in salaries and benefits of \$4,384,511 and services of \$2,442,068 discussed above.

Capital Assets

The following schedule compares capital assets for the fiscal years 2015 and 2014, net of accumulated depreciation.

	2015	2014	Change	% Change
Land	\$ 23,161,242.38	\$ 22,579,954.48	\$ 581,287.90	2.57%
Construction in Progress	80,059,480.77	16,750,507.24	63,308,973.53	377.95%
Buildings	187,376,946.35	190,695,692.39	(3,318,746.04)	-1.74%
General Infrastructure	9,535,372.33	9,674,850.24	(139,477.91)	-1.44%
Machinery and Equipment	7,877,798.28	6,885,042.54	992,755.74	14.42%
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 308,010,840.11</u>	<u>\$ 246,586,046.89</u>	<u>\$ 61,424,793.22</u>	24.91%

Analysis of Capital Assets Comparison

Renovation projects at Main Campus and the Public Safety Education Campus and several new construction projects at Northern Wake Campus resulted in an increase in construction in progress. Expenditures of \$50.3 million for Building F, \$10.8 million for Building L, \$1.7 million on an additional parking deck and \$1.1 million on the plant building all for the Northern Wake Campus accounted for the majority of the increase. Renovations to Holding Hall on Main Campus and renovations to the Public Safety Education Campus also increased construction in progress during the year.

Economic Outlook and Effects on Financial Position

The full-time equivalents (FTE's) that generate the College's state budget continued to show growth over the previous year.

Instruction Area	2015 FTE'S	2014 FTE'S	% Change
Curriculum	16,056	15,077	6.49%
Occupational	1,611	1,634	-1.41%
Basic Skills	1,306	1,566	-16.60%
Total FTE'S	<u>18,973</u>	<u>18,277</u>	3.81%

Wake Tech experienced 3.81% FTE enrollment growth during fiscal year 2014-15 which resulted in an increase in funding for fiscal year 2015-16. However, NC Community College budgets were reduced by Management Flexibility Reductions as in previous years. Wake Tech continues to monitor budget and expenditures carefully to ensure that the funds are spent prudently and the College operates effectively and efficiently.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Wake Technical Community College
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

Exhibit A-1

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,444,751.31
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,307,895.62
Receivables, Net (Note 3)	16,228,024.59
Inventories	69,325.83
Prepaid Items	<u>1,200.00</u>
Total Current Assets	<u>31,051,197.35</u>

Noncurrent Assets:

Intergovernmental Receivables	1,095,984.70
Restricted Due from Primary Government	2,000,000.00
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable (Note 4)	103,220,723.15
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net (Note 4)	<u>204,790,116.96</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>311,106,824.81</u>

Total Assets	<u>342,158,022.16</u>
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DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	<u>7,840,749.00</u>
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LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities:

Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 5)	17,621,532.96
Unearned Revenue	1,744,130.44
Funds Held for Others	365,634.31
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 6)	<u>526,540.49</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>20,257,838.20</u>

Noncurrent Liabilities:

Long-Term Liabilities (Note 6)	<u>8,781,219.36</u>
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Total Liabilities	<u>29,039,057.56</u>
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DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	<u>18,764,194.00</u>
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NET POSITION

Net Investment in Capital Assets	295,379,987.46
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Restricted for:

Expendable:

Scholarships and Fellowships	808,204.37
Loans	6,555.03
Capital Projects	14,059,446.85
Restricted for Specific Programs	3,359,379.30
Other	52,993.06

Unrestricted	<u>(11,471,046.47)</u>
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Total Net Position	<u>\$ 302,195,519.60</u>
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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Wake Technical Community College
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and
Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Exhibit A-2

REVENUES

Operating Revenues:	
Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 8)	\$ 29,517,519.73
State and Local Grants and Contracts	726,105.30
Sales and Services	1,627,102.26
Other Operating Revenues	82,953.05
	<hr/>
Total Operating Revenues	31,953,680.34
	<hr/>

EXPENSES

Operating Expenses:	
Salaries and Benefits	101,906,177.76
Supplies and Materials	7,632,250.46
Services	16,908,985.65
Scholarships and Fellowships	24,075,618.57
Utilities	2,707,175.07
Depreciation	5,322,115.43
	<hr/>
Total Operating Expenses	158,552,322.94
	<hr/>
Operating Loss	(126,598,642.60)
	<hr/>

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

State Aid	62,994,761.59
County Appropriations	16,477,999.92
Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid	35,722,354.67
Noncapital Grants	6,197,234.91
Noncapital Gifts	1,872,132.95
Investment Income	13,890.10
Other Nonoperating Expenses	(158,614.02)
	<hr/>
Net Nonoperating Revenues	123,119,760.12
	<hr/>
Loss Before Other Revenues	(3,478,882.48)
	<hr/>
State Capital Aid	2,919,088.59
County Capital Aid	64,962,164.13
Capital Grants	493,136.20
Capital Gifts	270,000.00
	<hr/>
Increase in Net Position	65,165,506.44
	<hr/>

NET POSITION

Net Position, July 1, 2014 as Restated (Note 15)	<hr/> 237,030,013.16
Net Position, June 30, 2015	\$ 302,195,519.60
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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Wake Technical Community College
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit A-3
Page 1 of 2

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Received from Customers	\$ 31,889,490.51
Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits	(104,726,014.33)
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	(26,753,283.80)
Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships	(24,075,618.57)
Other Payments	(2,096.47)
	<u>(2,096.47)</u>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u>(123,667,522.66)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

State Aid Received	62,994,761.59
County Appropriations	16,477,999.92
Noncapital Grants - Student Financial Aid	35,522,568.88
Noncapital Grants	5,894,708.70
Noncapital Gifts	1,872,132.95
William D. Ford Direct Lending Receipts	52,963,330.00
William D. Ford Direct Lending Disbursements	(53,072,798.00)
	<u>122,652,704.04</u>
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>122,652,704.04</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

State Capital Aid Received	2,919,088.59
County Capital Aid	55,390,633.67
Capital Grants	493,136.20
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(57,938,245.85)
	<u>864,612.61</u>
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>864,612.61</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Investment Income	<u>13,890.10</u>
Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>13,890.10</u>

Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(136,315.91)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2014	<u>14,888,962.84</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2015	<u><u>\$ 14,752,646.93</u></u>

Wake Technical Community College
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit A-3
Page 2 of 2

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS
TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Operating Loss	\$ (126,598,642.60)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation Expense	5,322,115.43
Pension Expense	2,629,622.00
Nonoperating Other Expenses	(111,080.18)
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Receivables, Net	(70,524.52)
Inventories	7,666.39
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	736,659.83
Unearned Revenue	(18,168.40)
Funds Held for Others	133,486.80
Pollution Remediation Payable	(4,493.69)
Deferred Outflows - Contributions After the Measurement Date	(6,302,964.00)
Compensated Absences	608,800.28
	<hr/>
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ (123,667,522.66)</u></u>

RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11,444,751.31
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,307,895.62
	<hr/>
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2015	<u><u>\$ 14,752,646.93</u></u>

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Assets Acquired through Assumption of a Liability	\$ 12,630,852.65
Assets Acquired through a Gift	270,000.00
Increase in Receivables Related to Nonoperating Income	10,073,842.46
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	(47,533.84)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. Financial Reporting Entity** - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Wake Technical Community College (College) is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. Related foundations and similar nonprofit corporations for which the College is not financially accountable or for which the nature of their relationship is not considered significant to the College are not part of the accompanying financial statements.

- B. Basis of Presentation** - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB.

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities*, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.

- C. Basis of Accounting** - The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include state appropriations, certain grants, and donations. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection.

- D. Cash and Cash Equivalents** - This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the short-term investment fund (STIF). The STIF maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

- E. **Receivables** - Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.
- F. **Inventories** - Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies, are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method.
- G. **Capital Assets** - Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or fair value at date of donation in the case of gifts. The value of assets constructed includes all material direct and indirect construction costs.

The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$5,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets in the following manner:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings	50 years
Machinery & Equipment	5-25 years
General Infrastructure	50 years

- H. **Restricted Assets** - Certain resources are reported as restricted assets because restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Resources that are not available for current operations and are reported as restricted include resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets and resources whose use is limited by external parties or statute.
- I. **Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities** - Noncurrent long-term liabilities include net pension liability, compensated absences, and pollution remediation payable that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

The net pension liability represents the College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported in the State of North Carolina's 2014 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This liability represents the College's portion of the collective total pension liability less the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. See Note 10 for further information regarding the College's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, and deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions.

- J. **Compensated Absences** - The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried

forward each January 1 or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30 equals the leave carried forward at the previous December 31 plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between January 1 and June 30.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences include the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonuses awarded by the North Carolina General Assembly. The bonus leave balance on December 31 is retained by employees and transferred into the next calendar year. It is not subject to the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above and is not subject to conversion to sick leave.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the College has no obligation to pay sick leave upon termination or retirement. However, additional service credit for retirement pension benefits is given for accumulated sick leave upon retirement.

K. Net Position - The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding payables related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Position - Expendable - Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Position - Unrestricted net position includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College. Both restricted and unrestricted net position include consideration of deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

L. Scholarship Discounts - Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The scholarship discount is the difference

between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.

M. Revenue and Expense Recognition - The College classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the College's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) certain federal, state, and local grants and contracts. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital, or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

N. County Appropriations - County appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicle purchases, and maintenance of equipment. Unexpended county current appropriations and county capital appropriations do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The College is required by *North Carolina General Statute 147-77* to deposit any funds collected or received that belong to the State of North Carolina with the State Treasurer or with a depository institution in the name of the State Treasurer. All funds of the College, other than those required to be deposited with the State Treasurer, are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized in accordance with *North Carolina General Statute 115D-58.7*. Official depositories may be established with any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The

amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand totaling \$5,050.00, and deposits in private financial institutions with a carrying value of \$14,240,431.87 and a bank balance of \$16,749,966.94.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2015, the College's bank balance in excess of federal depository insurance coverage was covered under the pooling method.

The College is authorized to invest idle funds as provided by G.S. 115D-58.6. In accordance with this statute, the College and the Board of Trustees manage investments to ensure they can be converted into cash when needed.

Generally, funds belonging to the College may be invested in any form of investment established or managed by certain investment advisors pursuant to G.S. 115D-58.6 (d1) or in the form of investments pursuant to G.S. 159-30(c), as follows: a commingled investment pool established and administered by the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 147-69.3 (STIF); obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; prime quality commercial paper bearing specified ratings; specified bills of exchange; certain savings certificates; The North Carolina Capital Management Trust, an SEC registered mutual fund; repurchase agreements; and evidences of ownership of, or fractional undivided interests in, future interest and principal payments on either direct obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States government, which are held by a specified bank or trust company or any state in the capacity of custodian.

At June 30, 2015, the amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes \$507,165.06, which represents the College's equity position in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF (a portfolio within the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or subject to any other regulatory oversight and does not have a credit rating) had a weighted average maturity of 1.5 years as of June 30, 2015. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual*

Financial Report. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <http://www.osc.nc.gov/> and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	Gross Receivables	Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Net Receivables
Current Receivables:			
Students	\$ 1,725,385.86	\$ 221,527.00	\$ 1,503,858.86
Student Sponsors	964,763.22		964,763.22
Intergovernmental	13,517,208.97		13,517,208.97
Other	242,193.54		242,193.54
Total Current Receivables	\$ 16,449,551.59	\$ 221,527.00	\$ 16,228,024.59

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 22,579,954.48	\$ 581,287.90	\$ 0.00	\$ 23,161,242.38
Construction in Progress	16,750,507.24	63,308,973.53		80,059,480.77
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	39,330,461.72	63,890,261.43		103,220,723.15
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	223,796,493.84	1,168,872.60		224,965,366.44
Machinery and Equipment	11,345,084.34	1,643,114.76	628,823.45	12,359,375.65
General Infrastructure	11,537,482.73	92,193.70		11,629,676.43
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	246,679,060.91	2,904,181.06	628,823.45	248,954,418.52
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	33,100,801.45	4,487,618.64		37,588,420.09
Machinery and Equipment	4,460,041.80	602,825.18	581,289.61	4,481,577.37
General Infrastructure	1,862,632.49	231,671.61		2,094,304.10
Total Accumulated Depreciation	39,423,475.74	5,322,115.43	581,289.61	44,164,301.56
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	207,255,585.17	(2,417,934.37)	47,533.84	204,790,116.96
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 246,586,046.89	\$ 61,472,327.06	\$ 47,533.84	\$ 308,010,840.11

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,390,223.21
Accrued Payroll	2,600,457.10
Contracts Payable - Capital Assets	9,766,430.06
Contract Retainage	<u>2,864,422.59</u>
 Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	 <u><u>\$ 17,621,532.96</u></u>

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015, is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014 (As Restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Current Portion
Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,212,942.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 20,017,593.00	\$ 5,195,349.00	\$ 0.00
Compensated Absences	3,437,828.72	4,554,694.34	3,945,894.06	4,046,629.00	518,317.76
Pollution Remediation Payable	70,275.54		4,493.69	65,781.85	8,222.73
 Total Long-Term Liabilities	 <u><u>\$ 28,721,046.26</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 4,554,694.34</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 23,967,980.75</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 9,307,759.85</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 526,540.49</u></u>

Additional information regarding the net pension liability is included in Note 10.

B. Pollution Remediation Payable - The College has recognized a pollution remediation liability for two Underground Storage Tanks. The tanks were removed in 1994 and the site was remediated as required at that time. During 2005, the North Carolina Department of Environment of Natural Resources (NCDENR) required the College to obtain a limited site assessment. Based on the results of this assessment, NCDENR required the College to obtain a comprehensive site assessment. The amount of the estimated liability is \$160,000.00. This estimate was calculated using information provided by the company that prepared the site assessment. The amount of the estimated recoveries for this estimated liability is \$94,218.15.

NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The College entered into operating leases for Western Wake Campus and Beltline Education Center facilities. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2015:

Fiscal Year	Amount
2016	\$ 1,743,506.74
2017	1,783,930.52
2018	1,773,593.83
2019	1,798,304.02
2020	1,841,404.68
2021-2025	6,469,231.94
2026-2030	5,156,530.48
Total Minimum Lease Payments	<u>\$ 20,566,502.21</u>

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$1,800,058.67.

NOTE 8 - REVENUES

A summary of eliminations and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

	Gross Revenues	Less Scholarship Discounts	Less Allowance for Uncollectibles	Net Revenues
Operating Revenues:				
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 44,685,902.63	\$ 15,149,013.90	\$ 19,369.00	\$ 29,517,519.73

NOTE 9 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	Salaries and Benefits	Supplies and Equipment	Services	Scholarships and Fellowships	Utilities	Depreciation	Total
Instruction	\$ 55,005,715.87	\$ 5,490,933.63	\$ 5,038,462.69	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 65,535,112.19
Academic Support	17,363,999.70	313,094.04	795,229.61				18,472,323.35
Student Services	9,534,039.11	505,719.56	1,279,962.44				11,319,721.11
Institutional Support	15,781,102.55	1,080,652.50	3,952,727.41				20,814,482.46
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	1,591,698.53	240,723.89	5,593,921.30		2,707,175.07		10,133,518.79
Student Financial Aid			102,944.09	24,075,618.57			24,178,562.66
Auxiliary Enterprises		1,126.84	145,738.11				146,864.95
Depreciation						5,322,115.43	5,322,115.43
Pension Expense	2,629,622.00						2,629,622.00
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$ 101,906,177.76</u>	<u>\$ 7,632,250.46</u>	<u>\$ 16,908,985.65</u>	<u>\$ 24,075,618.57</u>	<u>\$ 2,707,175.07</u>	<u>\$ 5,322,115.43</u>	<u>\$ 158,552,322.94</u>

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) plan. This plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan established by the State to provide pension benefits for general employees and law enforcement officers (LEOs) of the State, general employees and LEOs of its component units, and employees of Local Education Agencies (LEAs) and charter schools not in the reporting entity. Membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the LEAs and charter schools. Benefit provisions are established by General Statute 135-5 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Benefits Provided: TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of general members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. The contribution rate for employers is set each year by the NC General Assembly in the Appropriations Act based on the actuarially-determined rate recommended by the actuary. The College's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 9.15% of covered payroll. The College's contributions to the pension plan were \$6,302,963.67, and employee contributions were \$4,133,090.93 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The TSERS Plan's financial information, including all information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2014 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina

Office of the State Controller’s Internet home page <http://www.osc.nc.gov/> and clicking on “Reports” or by calling the State Controller’s Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

TSERS Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of the TSERS plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. The plan’s fiduciary net position was determined on the same basis used by the pension plan.

Methods Used to Value TSERS Investment: Pursuant to *North Carolina General Statutes*, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the retirement systems. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its Investment Pool. The pension trust funds are the primary participants in the Long-term Investment portfolio and the sole participants in the External Fixed Income Investment, Equity Investment, Real Estate Investment, Alternative Investment, Credit Investment, and Inflation Protection Investment portfolios. The investment balance of each pension trust fund represents its share of the fair market value of the net position of the various portfolios within the pool. Detailed descriptions of the methods and significant assumptions regarding investments of the State Treasurer are provided in the *2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

Net Pension Liability: At June 30, 2015, the College reported a liability of \$5,195,349.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2014. The College’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the College relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2014, the College’s proportion was 0.44313%, which was an increase of 6.70% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following table presents the actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for the TSERS plan at the actuarial valuation date:

Valuation Date	12/31/2013
Inflation	3%
Salary Increases*	4.25% - 9.10%
Investment Rate of Return**	7.25%

* Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.

** Investment rate of return is net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

TSERS currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	2.5%
Global Equity	6.1%
Real Estate	5.7%
Alternatives	10.5%
Credit	6.8%
Inflation Protection	3.7%

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate

assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the plan calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability (Asset)		
1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase (8.25%)
\$ 37,295,819.32	\$ 5,195,349.00	\$ (21,908,821.35)

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended June 30, 2015, the College recognized pension expense of \$2,629,622.00. At June 30, 2015, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Employer Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions by Classification:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 0.00	\$ 1,211,008.00
Changes of Assumptions		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		17,553,186.00
Change in Proportion and Differences Between Agency's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	1,537,785.00	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	6,302,964.00	
Total	\$ 7,840,749.00	\$ 18,764,194.00

\$6,302,964 of the amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Schedule of the Net Amount of the Employer's Balances of
Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of
Resources That will be Recognized in Pension Expense:

Year ended June 30:	Amount
2016	\$ (4,302,079.00)
2017	(4,302,079.00)
2018	(4,302,079.00)
2019	(4,320,172.00)
Total	<u>\$ (17,226,409.00)</u>

NOTE 11 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Health Benefits - The College participates in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan that provides postemployment health insurance to eligible former employees. Eligible former employees include long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS). Coverage eligibility varies depending on years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement.

The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 3B, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

By General Statute, a Retiree Health Benefit Fund (the Fund) has been established as a fund in which accumulated contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries. By statute, the Fund is administered by the Board of Trustees of TSERS and contributions to the Fund are irrevocable. Also by law, Fund assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retired and disabled employees and applicable beneficiaries and are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Fund. Contribution rates to the Fund, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are established by the General Assembly.

For the current fiscal year the College contributed 5.49% of the covered payroll under TSERS to the Fund. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2014, and 2013, were 5.4% and 5.3%,

respectively. The College made 100% of its annual required contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, which were \$3,781,778.20, \$3,368,614.04, and \$3,138,584.60, respectively. The College assumes no liability for retiree health care benefits provided by the programs other than its required contribution.

Additional detailed information about these programs can be located in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page <http://www.osc.nc.gov/> and clicking on "Reports" or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

- B. Disability Income** - The College participates in the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan, to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits to eligible members of TSERS. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes, and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established by the General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the College made a statutory contribution of .41% of covered payroll under TSERS to the DIPNC. Required contribution rates for the years ended June 30, 2014, and 2013, were .44% in both years. The College made 100% of its annual required contributions to the DIPNC for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, which were \$282,427.88, \$274,479.66, and \$260,561.74, respectively. The College assumes no liability for long-term disability benefits under the Plan other than its contribution.

Additional detailed information about the DIPNC is disclosed in the State of North Carolina's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in state-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

A. Employee Benefit Plans**1. State Health Plan**

College employees and retirees are provided comprehensive major medical care benefits. Coverage is funded by contributions to the State Health Plan (Plan), a discretely presented component unit of the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions. The Plan has contracted with third parties to process claims.

2. Death Benefit Plan of North Carolina

Term life insurance (death benefits) of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers. This Death Benefit Plan is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was .16% for the current fiscal year.

B. Other Risk Management and Insurance Activities**1. Automobile, Fire, and Other Property Losses**

Fire and other property losses are covered by contracts with private insurance companies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

State-owned vehicles are covered by liability insurance through a private insurance company and handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The liability limits for losses are \$1,000,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 per occurrence. The College pays premiums to the North Carolina Department of Insurance for the coverage. Liability insurance for other College-owned vehicles is covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

2. Public Officers' and Employees' Liability Insurance

The risk of tort claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claimant is retained under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$10,000,000 via contract with a private insurance company. The North Carolina Community College System Office pays the premium, based on a composite rate, directly to the private insurer.

3. Employee Dishonesty and Computer Fraud

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from state funds. This coverage is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. North Carolina Community College System Office is charged a

premium by the private insurance company. Coverage limit is \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The private insurance company pays 90% of each loss less a \$75,000 deductible.

4. Statewide Workers' Compensation Program

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from state funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the Board entirely from county or institutional funds.

Additional details on the state-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

5. Other Insurance Held by the College

The College purchased public officers' and employees' liability coverage of \$51,000,000 from private insurance companies through the North Carolina Department of Insurance.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS

The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$59,545,643.85 and on other purchases were \$2,056,614.95 at June 30, 2015.

NOTE 14 - RELATED PARTIES

Foundation - The Wake Technical Community College Foundation, Inc. is a separately incorporated nonprofit foundation associated with the College. This organization serves as the primary fundraising arm of the College through which individuals, corporations, and other organizations support College programs by providing scholarships, fellowships, faculty salary supplements, and unrestricted funds to specific departments and the College's overall academic environment. The College's financial statements do not include the assets, liabilities, net position, or operational transactions of the Foundation, except for support from the Foundation. This support approximated \$2,142,132.95 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

NOTE 15 - NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

As of July 1, 2014, net position as previously reported was restated as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
July 1, 2014 Net Position as Previously Reported	\$ 256,822,149.16
Restatement:	
Record the College's Net Pension Liability and Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources per GASB 68 Requirements	<u>(19,792,136.00)</u>
July 1, 2014 Net Position as Restated	<u><u>\$ 237,030,013.16</u></u>



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**Wake Technical Community College
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of the Proportionate Net Pension Liability
 Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
 Last Two Fiscal Years**

Exhibit B-1

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	0.44313%	0.41530%
Proportionate Share of TSERS Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,195,349.00	\$ 25,212,941.91
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 62,381,741.50	\$ 59,218,577.33
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	8.33%	42.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	98.24%	90.60%

**Wake Technical Community College
 Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of College Contributions
 Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
 Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Exhibit B-2

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 6,302,963.67	\$ 5,414,735.16	\$ 4,932,907.49	\$ 3,913,256.72	\$ 2,492,587.34
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	<u>6,302,963.67</u>	<u>5,414,735.16</u>	<u>4,932,907.49</u>	<u>3,913,256.72</u>	<u>2,492,587.34</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 68,884,848.83	\$ 62,381,741.50	\$ 59,218,577.33	\$ 52,597,536.50	\$ 50,559,581.00
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	9.15%	8.68%	8.33%	7.44%	4.93%

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,695,347.57	\$ 1,543,001.06	\$ 1,285,187.53	\$ 1,028,837.69	\$ 804,156.42
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	<u>1,695,347.57</u>	<u>1,543,001.06</u>	<u>1,285,187.53</u>	<u>1,028,837.69</u>	<u>804,156.42</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 47,488,725.83	\$ 45,922,650.67	\$ 42,137,296.00	\$ 38,678,108.83	\$ 34,366,148.79
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.57%	3.36%	3.05%	2.66%	2.34%

**Wake Technical Community College
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of College Contributions
Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015**

Changes of Benefit Terms:

<u>Cost of Living Increase</u>								
<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.20%	2.20%	3.00%	2.00%

Changes of Assumptions. In 2008, and again in 2012, the rates of withdrawal, mortality, service retirement and salary increase for active members and the rates of mortality for beneficiaries were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. Assumptions for leave conversions and loads were also revised in 2012.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
Office of the State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN
AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Board of Trustees
Wake Technical Community College
Raleigh, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Wake Technical Community College, a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 24, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Beth A. Wood, CPA
State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

March 24, 2016

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