# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR BETH A. WOOD, CPA







# PAMLICO COMMUNITY COLLEGE

GRANTSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA





#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

### Office of the State Auditor



2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0600 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 https://www.auditor.nc.gov

## **AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL**

The Honorable Roy Cooper, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Trustees, Pamlico Community College

We have completed a financial statement audit of Pamlico Community College for the year ended June 30, 2021, and our audit results are included in this report. You will note from the independent auditor's report that we determined that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The results of our tests disclosed no deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses in relation to our audit scope or any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

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Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

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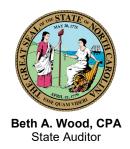
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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Pamlico Community College Grantsboro, North Carolina

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Pamlico Community College (College), a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Pamlico Community College, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc., which represent 8.2 percent and 1.6 percent, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the College. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2021, Pamlico Community College adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The College's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2022 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

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January 6, 2022



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The annual financial statements of Pamlico Community College (College) present the results of the College's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Management, in addition to this analysis, is responsible for the preparation of the accompanying basic financial statements and Notes to the Financial Statements. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and provides a general overview of the College's financial activity during the fiscal year. The MD&A is intended to aid the reader in interpreting the College's relative financial position as of the year ended June 30, 2021, as well as gauging performance from one period to the next. Condensed key financial and nonfinancial information will be highlighted for the reader followed by a discussion of the College's economic outlook.

The financial statements include, in addition to this MD&A, a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, a Statement of Cash Flows, and accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements. The Statement of Net Position presents all of the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Assets plus deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows equals net position. Over time, changes in net position measure whether the College's financial position is improving or not. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information showing how the net position changed during the fiscal year. The Statement of Cash Flows provides detail on the cash activity of the College during the year.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is needed for a full understanding of the data provided in the statements. Notes to the Financial Statements are found at the end of this report.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College's financial position remains stable. Net position increased \$3,099,891.06 primarily due to added capital investments from state and county funding related to the new construction of the College's Center for Excellence building, the College's Johnson building project, and the addition of educational equipment procured to enhance college programs. The College has been impacted by COVID-19 but is positioned to adequately meet financial demands in the upcoming fiscal year.

Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a component unit of the College and is blended into the College's financial statements. More information describing the relationship between the College and Foundation can be found in Note 1.

#### **About Pamlico Community College**

Pamlico Community College is a small two-year institution located in rural Eastern North Carolina that in 2020-2021 began its 59th year of serving the educational, cultural, and personal interests of the people in this area.

The College's accreditation was reaffirmed in 2013 by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools. Additionally, the College submitted the interim accreditation report in 2018 which contained zero findings. This confirms that the College continues to provide education and training that meets the high standards of a secondary educational institution.

Pamlico Community College was ranked number one in the nation for student educational outcomes by WalletHub based on data from the U.S. Department of Education and other sources for 2020-2021. Additionally, the College was ranked number two in the nation for 2021

by SmartAsset based on U.S. Department of Education data on cost, graduation/transfer rate and student-instructor ratio.

The College worked diligently this year to successfully transition all seated classes to online classes in a manner that created minimal disruption to the learning environment. With extensive planning by leadership, the College effectively executed the necessary adjustments in course delivery and continued to meet the needs of the students by providing high quality and effective education. Additionally, the College launched a new Continuing Education program in Dialysis Technician.

#### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

The following table compares the Statement of Net Position for the last two years:

Candancad	Statement	of Net Positio	n
Condensed	Statement	or net Positio	п

		2021		2020		Increase (Decrease)
Assets Current Assets	\$	1.396.206.60	\$	1.215.592.22	\$	180.614.38
Capital Assets, Net Other Assets	<b></b>	9,498,054.55 775,354.95	<b>•</b>	6,420,119.41 790,680.84	<b>•</b>	3,077,935.14 (15,325.89)
Total Assets		11,669,616.10		8,426,392.47		3,243,223.63
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,524,387.84		2,782,444.84		(258,057.00)
Liabilities Current Liabilities Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities		362,416.07 8,634,826.08	<u>-</u>	328,012.07 9,181,253.51	<u>-</u>	34,404.00 (546,427.43)
Total Liabilities		8,997,242.15		9,509,265.58		(512,023.43)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,687,282.00		2,289,983.00		397,299.00
Net Position  Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted		9,327,337.45 1,000,805.24 (7,818,662.90)		6,398,033.46 904,533.70 (7,892,978.43)		2,929,303.99 96,271.54 74,315.53
Total Net Position	\$	2,509,479.79	\$	(590,411.27)	\$	3,099,891.06

As of June 30, 2021, the College's total assets were \$11.67 million. This is an overall increase of \$3.24 million from the previous fiscal year due to an increase of capital assets, net. The \$180,614.38 increase in current assets is mainly attributable to an increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from lost revenues obtained through the Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF) and increased allocations from the County. Capital assets experienced an increase of \$3,077,935.14 this year. This is attributable to purchases of new equipment, the completion and addition of the newly constructed Center of Excellence building (which replaced the building that was destroyed by Hurricane Florence), and an increase in the construction in progress (CIP) related to the Johnson Building project offset by depreciation for the year. There was a net decrease in other assets of \$15,325.89. This decrease is attributable to the decline in funds due from Connect NC Bonds the for ongoing construction projects, the decline in restricted cash and equivalents as payments in support of the College's multiple building repair project and Center of Excellence project. The decrease in other assets was offset by the increase in restricted investments which resulted from favorable market conditions.

There was a decrease of \$258,057.00 in total deferred outflows of resources and an increase of \$397,299.00 in the deferred inflows of resources due to current year changes in the actuarial assumptions related to the Pension plan and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plans that are administered by the State of North Carolina. See Notes 13 and 14 of the Financial Statements for more details. Current liabilities, increased by \$34,404.00 due to an increase in construction payables associated with ongoing construction projects. Long-term liabilities decreased by \$546,427.43. The decrease was primarily the net result of a decrease in the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability of \$998,363.00 for the Retiree Health Benefit Fund and an increase in the net pension liability of \$394,772.00. These changes were the result of changes in the actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and changes in the College's proportion of the liabilities. Additional information and requirements concerning the net pension and OPEB liabilities are provided in Notes 13 and 14, respectively, to the financial statements.

Net position balances are classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is the amount of net position attributable to capital assets, net of depreciation and any associated capital payables. The restricted net position amount includes limited use resources of the College per the direction of the external party who imposed the spending restrictions. Unrestricted funds include resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and other miscellaneous unrestricted income. Overall, net position increased \$3,099,891.06 from the prior fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of the net changes in capital assets discussed above.

#### Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The following table depicts the College's activities for the last two years:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2021	2020	Increase (Decrease)
Operating Revenues:			
Student Tuition and Fees. Net	\$ 373,252,20	\$ 620.260.97	\$ (247,008.77)
Sales and Services, Net	55,080.67	75,020.75	(19,940.08)
Other Operating Revenues	609.00	4,148.00	(3,539.00)
Stron Sporating November		1,110.00	(0,000.00)
Total Operating Revenues	428,941.87	699,429.72	(270,487.85)
Operating Expenses:			
Total Operating Expenses	9,071,816.42	8,395,244.56	676,571.86
Operating Loss	(8,642,874.55)	(7,695,814.84)	947,059.71
Nonoperating and Other Revenues (Expenses)			
State Aid	5,359,306.06	5,088,551.99	270,754.07
State Aid - Coronavirus	720,505.82	12,234.30	708,271.52
County Appropriations	812,462.00	630,000.00	182,462.00
Student Financial Aid	594,958.66	1,033,407.00	(438,448.34)
Federal Aid - COVID 19	552,462.56	79,115.77	473,346.79
Noncapital Contributions	373,656.27	86,907.02	286,749.25
Investment Income, Net	118,891.88	16,809.35	102,082.53
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(3,593.81)	7,105.96	(10,699.77)
Capital Aid and Contributions	3,204,116.17	529,737.96	2,674,378.21
Additions to Endowments	10,000.00	10,010.00	(10.00)
Total Nonoperating and Other Revenues	11,742,765.61	7,493,879.35	4,248,886.26
Change in Net Position	3,099,891.06	(201,935.49)	3,301,826.55
Net Position, Beginning	(590,411.27)	(388,475.78)	201,935.49
Net Position, Ending	\$ 2,509,479.79	\$ (590,411.27)	\$ 3,099,891.06
Total Revenues	\$ 12,175,301.29 9 075 410 23	\$ 8,193,309.07 8 395 244 56	\$ 3,981,992.22 676 571 86

The decrease of \$247,008.77 and \$19,940.08 in student tuition and fees, net and sales and services, net, respectively, is related to the decrease in student enrollment.

Nonoperating and other revenues increased by \$4,248,886.26. This is primarily attributable to the increase of state aid - coronavirus, federal aid - COVID 19, and capital contributions received. The state aid - coronavirus funds were used to mitigate the negative impact of the coronavirus by supporting costs associated with transitioning to online instruction, Small Business Center Counselor funds to aid local business owners, and funds that allowed for the purchase of necessary personal protective equipment. The federal aid - COVID-19 funds were used to provide financial assistance to students and to support institutional costs related to meeting student online instruction, technology, and facilities disinfecting needs. The capital aid funds from Connect NC Bond supported costs associated with the current Johnson Building project.

The College received increased funding for state aid as a result of the change in prior year full-time equivalents (FTE). The College also received an increase of general and capital funding from the County to support expenses related to the management and upkeep of facilities.

Student financial aid decreased by \$438,448.34 due to decreased enrollment and the resulting decrease of students applying for financial aid. The \$286,749.25 increase in noncapital contributions is attributable to the addition of the nonoperating revenue recorded for the Retiree Health Benefits Fund due to the College's share of an allocation from the State Health Plan for cost savings, as well as, the receipts gained from the Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc. hosting its most popular fundraising event, the annual Golf Tournament, for the first time since the beginning of the Coronavirus pandemic.

The \$102,082.53 increase in investment income is attributable to favorable market conditions and investment strategy. Other nonoperating revenues (expenses) experienced a decrease of \$10,699.77 due primarily to the non-recurring receipt of revenues in the prior fiscal year from the Federal Emergency Management Agency for expenses related to Hurricane Florence relief.

The following table represents the operating expenses of Pamlico Community College by activity:

	 2021	 2020	 Increase (Decrease)
Salaries and Benefits	\$ 6,331,809.01	\$ 6,209,825.66	\$ 121,983.35
Supplies and Services	1,822,821.65	1,304,419.66	518,401.99
Scholarships and Fellowships	550,309.93	525,372.63	24,937.30
Utilities	101,015.04	107,974.51	(6,959.47)
Depreciation	 265,860.79	 247,652.10	 18,208.69
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 9,071,816.42	\$ 8,395,244.56	\$ 676,571.86

Total operating expenses increased by \$676,571.86. Salaries and benefits increased by \$121,983.35 due to an increase in employees. The increase of \$518,401.99 in supplies and services resulted from the purchase of instructor supplies and equipment to mitigate the effect of the coronavirus.

#### **Capital Assets**

The following chart depicts the College's capital assets for the last two years:

# Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

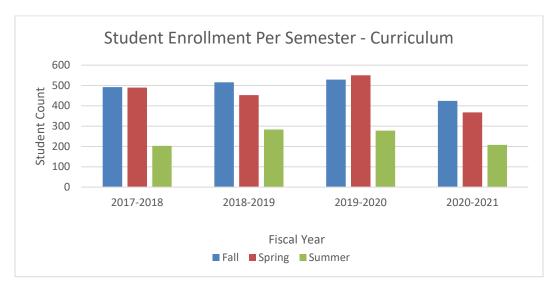
	 2021	 2020	 Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$ 381,050.00	\$ 381,050.00	\$ -
CIP	3,075,416.45	328,536.80	2,746,879.65
Artwork	5,000.00	5,000.00	-
Buildings	5,219,082.60	4,932,036.11	287,046.49
Machinery and equipment	740,009.35	687,883.55	52,125.80
Infrastructure	77,496.15	85,612.95	(8,116.80)
Total	\$ 9,498,054.55	\$ 6,420,119.41	\$ 3,077,935.14

The College's capital assets increased by \$3,077,935.14 during the fiscal year. This increase was due to the net increase of construction in progress of \$2,746,879.65 for the Johnson Building Project, the addition of the newly constructed Center of Excellence Building at \$461,543.25, the addition of new equipment of \$138,966.85, which included several classroom smartboards and equipment for programs including: electrical, EMS training, masonry, CE dialysis technician. These increases were offset by annual depreciation expense of \$265,860.79.

#### **Comparative Enrollment Data**

Student enrollment for curriculum programs decreased by 19.85% during Fall 2020 over Fall 2019, by 33.09% during Spring 2021 over Spring 2020, and by 25.18% during Summer 2021 over Summer 2020 due to the coronavirus pandemic. Additionally, the high decrease in the Spring term was also the result of many prison curriculum program students temporarily transitioning to continuing education programs. Since the onset of the pandemic, instructors have been unable to perform in-person instruction, therefore, many curriculum students were not able to participate in the lab portion of their programs. Instead, these students were allowed to remain enrolled in college classes by temporarily transitioning to continuing education programs that could be taught remotely. Prison curriculum lab courses will resume once the prison reopens to in-person instruction.

Student enrollment data for curriculum programs to include Associate in Arts, Associate in Applied Science, Diploma, and Certificate are as follows (unduplicated headcount):

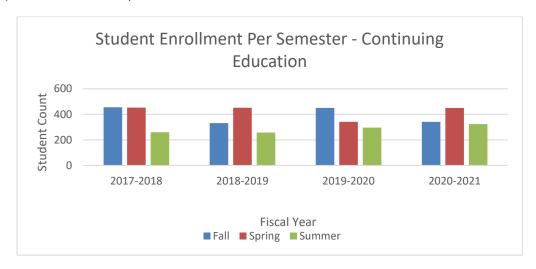


#### Student Count - Curriculum

	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021
Fall	492	516	529	424
Spring	490	453	550	368
Summer	203	283	278	208

As displayed in the graph below, student enrollment in continuing education decreased in the most recent year from the prior year for the Fall term by 24.17% due to the Coronavirus pandemic. Enrollment for the Spring term increased by 31.87% as many curriculum students (who were not able to participate in the lab portion of their curriculum programs) temporarily transitioned to continuing education programs. Summer term enrollment in the most recent year increased compared to the prior year as more resources became available to the College through HEERF and to the students through the Governor's Emergency Education Relief Scholarship Funds to provide increased student assistance and support (online resources, wireless internet access, laptops, etc.).

Student enrollment data for Continuing Education programs includes: Occupational Extension, Basic Skills, Cultural Enrichment, Public Safety, and the Small Business Center are as follows (unduplicated headcount):



#### **Student Count - Continuing Education**

	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021
Fall	455	332	451	342
Spring	453	452	342	451
Summer	260	258	296	324

During the year, students were able to take advantage of various scholarships and grant funding. College students that were negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic received a total of \$3,249.75 in Governor's Emergency Education Relief funding and \$197,911.00 in HEERF funding to assist them with continuing their education. Additional significant sources of scholarships and grants were: Federal Pell Grants totaling \$494,048.96, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants of \$12,435.00, and North Carolina state grants of \$29,479.00. Other sources of funds available for students include but are not limited to: Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) for Adults, State Employee's Credit Union, Childcare, and Golden LEAF Scholarships.

The Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc. continued its generous support with \$19,252.28 in scholarships to students, thereby, supporting Pamlico Community College programs.

#### **Economic Outlook**

Tuition and state aid provide funds for the operational and administrative needs of the College based on the number of student FTE from the previous academic year or the two-year average FTE, whichever is greater. Student FTE is used to determine budget FTE and is therefore a critical component of the College's state funding.

The College continues to see capital improvements made possible through the \$4.7 million Connect NC Bond allocation (Johnson Building Project) which includes the construction of a new STEM lab, funded in part by a generous donation of \$600,000.00 from the County through the Golden LEAF Foundation. This construction project will add six additional

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

classrooms allowing the College to extend its current course offerings in the fields of science and electronics.

The College completed construction of the Pamlico Community College Ernestine Mattocks Center of Excellence (to replace the previous Career Center building damaged by Hurricane Florence) through funds made possible through hurricane relief legislation. The Center of Excellence building will be instrumental in the College positively affecting the educational goals of the career and college promise students as it is better fitted technologically and allows increased student capacity of 61% over the previous building.

The College continues to face the various challenges encountered over the past few years (to include the impact of Hurricane Florence, the Pamlico Correctional Institution fire, and, most recently, the coronavirus pandemic) with great optimism. The College is impressed with the support expressed by the State System, Board of Trustees, Legislature, and Governor towards the community colleges collectively as we navigate through these uncertain times. An example of the stellar support being communicated throughout the system is the budget stabilization formulated to protect us against FTE losses caused by the pandemic. We are committed to working closely with these leaders through future challenges so that we can continue to provide excellent services to the students of this great County.

Pamlico Community College maintains an excellent reputation in our service area as evidenced by the media, in the past few years, providing more than 90% positive stories than in past years. Additionally, the College upholds a high level of employee morale, with 95% of Faculty/Staff Satisfaction Survey respondents saying that they were treated as valued members of the College team. As the College continues to provide an excellent product to its students and remains diligent in investing in its best asset, the employees, we are confident that enrollment will begin to improve significantly as the pandemic dissipates.

#### **Requests for Information**

This report provides an overview of the College's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Sherry Raby, Vice President of Financial Services, Pamlico Community College, P.O. Box 185, Grantsboro, NC 28529. The College's website is <a href="https://www.pamlicocc.edu">www.pamlicocc.edu</a>.



# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Pamlico Community College Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-1
Page 1 of 2

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 792,148.42
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	208,934.79
Receivables, Net (Note 5)	255,074.34
Inventories	115,394.84
Prepaid Items	24,654.21
Total Current Assets	1,396,206.60
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	34,685.19
Restricted Due from Primary Government	37,054.40
Restricted Investments	693,717.36
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset	9,898.00
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable (Note 6)	3,461,466.45
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net (Note 6)	6,036,588.10
Total Noncurrent Assets	10,273,409.50
Total Assets	11,669,616.10
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,177,123.84
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 14)	1,347,264.00
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Fostemployment Benefits (Note 14)	1,547,204.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,524,387.84
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 7)	321,408.45
Unearned Revenue	32,505.69
Funds Held for Others	347.22
Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 8)	8,154.71
Total Current Liabilities	362,416.07
Total Guitent Elabilities	302,410.07
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-Term Liabilities (Note 8)	8,634,826.08
Total Liabilities	8,997,242.15
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 14)	2,687,282.00

# Pamlico Community College Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-1
Page 2 of 2

NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets  Nonexpendable:  Student Financial Aid	9,327,337.45
Expendable: Student Financial Aid Loans Capital Projects Other	100,753.13 46,702.32 48,522.97 86,747.40
Total Restricted-Expendable Net Position	282,725.82
Unrestricted	(7,818,662.90)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,509,479.79

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Pamlico Community College Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-2

OPERATING REVENUES Student Tuition and Fees, Net (Note 11) Sales and Services, Net (Note 11) Other Operating Revenues	\$ 373,252.20 55,080.67 609.00
Total Operating Revenues	428,941.87
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and Benefits Supplies and Services Scholarships and Fellowships Utilities Depreciation	6,331,809.01 1,822,821.65 550,309.93 101,015.04 265,860.79
Total Operating Expenses	9,071,816.42
Operating Loss	(8,642,874.55)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State Aid State Aid - Coronavirus County Appropriations Student Financial Aid Federal Aid - COVID-19 Noncapital Contributions Investment Income (Net of Investment Expense of \$5,430.48) Other Nonoperating Expenses	5,359,306.06 720,505.82 812,462.00 594,958.66 552,462.56 373,656.27 118,891.88 (3,593.81)
Net Nonoperating Revenues	8,528,649.44
Loss Before Other Revenues	(114,225.11)
State Capital Aid County Capital Aid Additions to Endowments	2,656,488.10 547,628.07 10,000.00
Total Other Revenues	3,214,116.17
Increase in Net Position	3,099,891.06
NET POSITION Net Position - July 1, 2020	(590,411.27)
Net Position - June 30, 2021	\$ 2,509,479.79

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Pamlico Community College Statement of Cash Flows Exhibit A-3 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Page 1 of 2 **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES** Received from Customers 450,226.53 Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits (6,127,803.28)Payments to Vendors and Suppliers (1,919,646.20)Payments for Scholarships and Fellowships (550,309.93)Other Receipts 243.23 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities (8,147,289.65)CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State Aid 5,359,306.06 State Aid - Coronavirus 720,505.82 **County Appropriations** 812,462.00 Student Financial Aid 594.958.66 Federal Aid - COVID-19 552,462.56 Noncapital Contributions 207.009.15 Additions to Endowments 10,000.00 Total Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities 8,256,704.25 CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING AND RELATED **FINANCING ACTIVITIES** State Capital Aid 2.713.008.70 County Capital Aid 547,628.07 Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets (3,198,758.60)Net Cash Provided by Capital Financing and Related Financing Activities 61,878.17 **CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments 52,197.23 Investment Income 6,250.13 Purchase of Investments and Related Fees (20,000.00)Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 38,447.36 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 209.740.13 Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2020 826,028.27 Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2021 1,035,768.40

# Pamlico Community College Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Exhibit A-3
Page 2 of 2

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO		
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating Loss	\$	(8,642,874.55)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		265,860.79
Allowances and Write-Offs		139.99
Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Receivables, Net		50,433.01
Inventories		(20,158.63)
Prepaid Items		111,385.32
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		(1,126.00)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		(67,390.00)
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		325,447.00
Changes in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(52,693.88)
Unearned Revenue		(27,359.34)
Funds Held for Others		243.22
Net Pension Liability		394,772.00
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability		(904,014.00)
Compensated Absences		22,746.42
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		(4,836.00)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits		402,135.00
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(8,147,289.65)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Assets Acquired through the Assumption of a Liability	\$	170,717.10
Change in Fair Value of Investments	Ψ	112,641.75
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		(3,593.82)
Increase in Receivables Related to Nonoperating/Other Revenues		72,298.12
Decrease in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Related to Noncapital Contributions		(94,349.00)
Decrease in Net Other Fosternployment Deficits Liability Related to Noncapital Contributions		(31,040.00)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. Pamlico Community College (College) is a component unit of the State of North Carolina and an integral part of the State's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds of the College and its component unit for which the College's Board of Trustees is financially accountable. The College's component unit is blended in the College's financial statements. See below for further discussion of the College's component unit. Other related foundations and similar nonprofit corporations for which the College is not financially accountable are not part of the accompanying financial statements.

**Blended Component Unit** - Although legally separate, Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is reported as if it was part of the College. The Foundation is governed by a 12-member board consisting of 2 ex officio directors and 10 elected directors. The Foundation's purpose is to aid, support, and promote teaching, research, and service in the various educational, scientific, scholarly, professional, artistic, and creative endeavors of the College. Because the elected directors of the Foundation are appointed by the members of the Pamlico Community College Board of Trustees and the Foundation's sole purpose is to benefit Pamlico Community College, its financial statements have been blended with those of the College.

Separate financial statements for the Foundation may be obtained from the College Controller's Office, Post Office Box 185, Grantsboro, North Carolina 28529, or by calling 252-249-1851, extension 3003.

Condensed combining information regarding the blended component unit is provided in Note 18.

B. Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB. Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as amended by GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities and GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, the full scope of the College's activities is considered to be a

- single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.
- C. Basis of Accounting The financial statements of the College have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.
  - Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include state aid, certain grants, and donations. Revenues are recognized, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection.
- D. Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.
- E. Investments To the extent available, investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices in active markets on a trade-date basis. Additional information regarding the fair value measurement of investments is disclosed in Note 3. Because of the inherent uncertainty in the use of estimates, values that are based on estimates may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments. The net change in the value of investments is recognized as a component of investment income. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost.
- **F.** Receivables Receivables consist of tuition and fees charged to students and charges for auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal, state and local governments, and private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contracts and grants. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.
- **G. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies and merchandise for resale, are valued at the lower of cost or market using the last invoice cost method.
- H. Capital Assets Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or acquisition value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Donated capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2015 are stated at fair value as of the date of donation. The value of assets constructed includes all material direct and indirect construction costs.

The College capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$5,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets in the following manner:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	25-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-25 years
General Infrastructure	10-75 years

The Ansel Adams art collection is capitalized at fair value at the date of donation. This collection is considered inexhaustible and is therefore not depreciated.

- I. Restricted Assets Certain resources are reported as restricted assets because restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Resources that are not available for current operations and are reported as restricted include resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of capital assets, resources whose use is limited by external parties or statute, and endowment and other restricted investments.
- J. Accounting and Reporting of Fiduciary Activities Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, custodial funds that are normally expected to be received and disbursed within a 3-month period or otherwise do not meet the fiduciary activity criteria defined by GASB Statement No. 84 continue to be reported in the Statement of Net Position as funds held for others and as operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows.

There are no trust or custodial funds meeting the criteria of a fiduciary activity that are required to be reported in separate fiduciary fund financial statements.

K. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities - Noncurrent long-term liabilities include: compensated absences, net pension liability, and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

The net pension liability represents the College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported in the State of North Carolina's 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This liability represents the College's portion of the collective total pension liability less the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. See Note 13 for further information regarding the College's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The net OPEB liability represents the College's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability reported in the State of North Carolina's 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This liability represents the College's portion of the collective total OPEB liability less the fiduciary net position of the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. See Note 14 for further information regarding the College's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

L. Compensated Absences - The College's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each July 1 or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at June 30 equals the leave carried forward at the previous June 30 plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between July 1 and June 30.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences include the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonuses awarded by the North Carolina General Assembly. The bonus leave balance on June 30 is retained by employees and transferred into the next fiscal year. It is not subject to the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above and is not subject to conversion to sick leave.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the College has no obligation to pay sick leave upon termination or retirement. However, additional service credit for retirement pension benefits is given for accumulated sick leave upon retirement.

- M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.
- N. **Net Position** The College's net position is classified as follows:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** - This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding liabilities related to those capital assets.

**Restricted Net Position - Nonexpendable -** Nonexpendable restricted net position includes endowments and similar type assets whose use is limited by donors or other outside sources, and, as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity.

**Restricted Net Position - Expendable -** Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

**Unrestricted Net Position** - Unrestricted net position includes resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, and interest income. It also includes the net position of accrued employee benefits such as compensated absences, pension plans, and other postemployment benefits.

Restricted and unrestricted resources are tracked using a fund accounting system and are spent in accordance with established fund authorities. Fund authorities provide rules for the fund activity and are separately established for restricted and unrestricted activities. When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is transactional based within the departmental management system in place at the College. Both restricted and unrestricted net position include consideration of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. See Note 10 for further information regarding deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that had a significant effect on unrestricted net position.

- O. Scholarship Discounts Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from College charges are reported net of scholarship discounts in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The scholarship discount is the difference between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students or by third parties on the students' behalf. Student financial assistance grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the College has recorded a scholarship discount.
- P. Revenue and Expense Recognition The College classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the College's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, and (3) certain federal, state, and local grants and contracts. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions that represent subsidies or gifts to the College, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital, or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- Q. Internal Sales Activities Certain institutional auxiliary operations provide goods and services to College departments, as well as to its customers. These institutional auxiliary operations include central supply sales. In addition, the College has other miscellaneous sales and service units that operated either on a reimbursement or charge basis. All internal sales activities to College departments from auxiliary operations and sales and service units have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. These eliminations are recorded by removing the revenue and expense in the auxiliary operations and sales and service units and, if significant, allocating any residual balances to those departments receiving the goods and services during the year.
- R. County Appropriations County appropriations are provided to the College primarily to fund its plant operation and maintenance function and to fund construction projects, motor vehicle purchases, and maintenance of equipment. Unexpended county current appropriations and county capital appropriations do not revert and are available for future use by the College.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits - The College is required by North Carolina General Statute 147-77 to deposit any funds collected or received that belong to the State of North Carolina with the State Treasurer or with a depository institution in the name of the State Treasurer, All funds of the College, other than those required to be deposited with the State Treasurer, are deposited in board-designated official depositories and are required to be collateralized accordance with North Carolina in Statute 115D-58.7. Official depositories may be established with any bank. savings and loan association, or trust company whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the College may establish time deposit accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. Cash on hand at June 30, 2021 was \$494. The carrying amount of the College's deposits not with the State Treasurer, including certificates of deposit of \$150,695.25 reported as investments on the Statement of Net Position. was \$519,143.22, and the bank balance was \$382,468.67.

The North Carolina Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7) requires all depositories to collateralize public deposits in excess of federal depository insurance coverage by using one of two methods, dedicated or pooled. Under the dedicated method, a separate escrow account is established by each depository in the name of each local governmental unit and the responsibility of monitoring collateralization rests with the local unit. Under

the pooling method, each depository establishes an escrow account in the name of the State Treasurer to secure all of its public deposits. This method shifts the monitoring responsibility from the local unit to the State Treasurer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2021, the College's bank balance in excess of federal depository insurance coverage was covered under the pooling method.

**B.** Investments - The College is authorized to invest idle funds as provided by G.S. 115D-58.6. In accordance with this statute, the College and the Board of Trustees manage investments to ensure they can be converted into cash when needed.

Generally, funds belonging to the College may be invested in any form of investment established or managed by certain investment advisors pursuant to G.S. 115D-58.6(d1) or in the form of investments pursuant to G.S. 159-30(c), as follows: a commingled investment pool established and administered by the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 147-69.3 (STIF); obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; prime quality commercial paper bearing specified ratings; specified bills of exchange; certain savings certificates; The North Carolina Capital Management Trust, an SEC registered mutual fund; repurchase agreements; and evidences of ownership of, or fractional undivided interests in, future interest and principal payments on either direct obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States government. which are held by a specified bank or trust company or any state in the capacity of custodian.

At June 30, 2021, the amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes \$666.826.43, which represents the College's equity position in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF (a portfolio within the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or subject to any other regulatory oversight and does not have a credit rating) had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years as of June 30, 2021. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer Investment Programs' separately issued audit report. This separately issued report can be obtained from the Department of State Treasurer, 3200 Atlantic Avenue, Raleigh, NC 27604 or can be accessed from the Department of State Treasurer's website at https://www.nctreasurer.com/ in the Audited Financial Statements section.

Except as specified by the donor, endowment funds belonging to the College may be invested pursuant to G.S. 147-69.2. This statute

authorizes investments for special funds held by the State Treasurer and includes the following investments: obligations of or fully guaranteed by the United States; obligations of certain federal agencies; repurchase agreements; obligations of the State of North Carolina; certificates of deposit and other deposit accounts of specified financial institutions; prime quality commercial paper; asset-backed securities, bills of exchange or time drafts, and corporate bonds/notes with specified ratings; general obligations of other states; general obligations of North Carolina local governments and obligations of certain entities with specified ratings.

Investments of the College's component unit, the Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc., are subject to and restricted by G.S. 36E Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) and any requirements placed on them by contract or donor agreements.

The following table presents the investments by type and investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2021, for the College's investments. Interest rate risk is defined by GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3, as the risk a government may face should interest rate variances affect the value of investments. The College does not have a formal investment policy that addresses interest rate risk.

#### Investments

		Investment Maturities (in Years)					
	Amount	Less Than 1	1	to 5	6 to 10	More than 10	
Investment Type Debt Securities							
Debt Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds	\$216,748.13 23,244.63	\$ 7,918.27 23,244.63	\$	- -	\$203,568.66	\$ 5,261.20 -	
Total Debt Securities	239,992.76	\$31,162.90	\$		\$203,568.66	\$ 5,261.20	
Other Securities Equity Mutual Funds	303,029.35						
Total Investments	\$543,022.11						

Certificates of deposit reported as investments are also a component of the deposit totals reported in the deposits section of this note.

*Credit Risk*: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The College does not have a formal policy that addresses credit risk. As of June 30, 2021, the College's investments were rated as follows:

DD/D-

	Amount	AAA Aaa	AA Aa	Α	Ваа	and below	Unrated
Debt Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 216,748.13 23,244.63	\$ 112,832.21 23,244.63	\$ 5,657.24	\$20,762.66	\$36,929.46	\$32,577.26	\$7,989.30
Totals	\$239,992.76	\$136,076.84	\$5,657.24	\$20,762.66	\$36,929.46	\$32,577.26	\$7,989.30

Rating Agency: Morningstar / Standard and Poor's

#### NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

To the extent available, the College's investments are recorded at fair value as of June 30, 2021. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, interest and yield curve data, and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument. Valuation techniques should maximize the use of observable inputs to the extent available.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Level 1	Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
Level 2	Investments with inputs - other than quoted prices included within Level 1 - that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly.
Level 3	Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs and may require a degree of professional judgment.

The following table summarizes the College's investments, including the Short-Term Investment Fund, within the fair value hierarchy at June 30, 2021:

		Fair Value Measurements Using						
	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs				
Investments by Fair Value Level Debt Securities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·				
Debt Mutual Funds Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 216,748.13 23,244.63	\$ 216,748.13 23,244.63	\$ - -	\$ - -				
Total Debt Securities	239,992.76	239,992.76	-	-				
Other Securities Equity Mutual Funds	303,029.35	303,029.35		<u> </u>				
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	543,022.11	\$ 543,022.11	\$ -	\$ -				
Investments as a Position in an External Investment Pool Short-Term Investment Fund	666,826.43							
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$ 1,209,848.54							

**Short-Term Investment Fund** - Ownership interests of the STIF are determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Pool investments are measured at fair value in accordance with GASB 72. The College's position in the pool is measured and reported at fair value and the STIF is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

**Debt and Equity Securities -** Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

#### NOTE 4 - ENDOWMENT INVESTMENTS

Investments of the College's endowment funds are pooled, unless required to be separately invested by the donor. If a donor has not provided specific instructions, state law permits the Board of Trustees to authorize for expenditure the net appreciation, realized and unrealized, of the investments of the endowment funds. Under the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), authorized by the North Carolina General Assembly on March 19, 2009, the Board may also appropriate expenditures from eligible nonexpendable balances if deemed prudent and necessary to meet program outcomes and for which such spending is not specifically prohibited by the donor agreements.

Investment return of the College's endowment funds is predicated on the total return concept (yield plus appreciation). At June 30, 2021, net appreciation of \$8,914.99 was available to be spent, of which all was classified in net position as restricted expendable: student financial aid as it is restricted for specific purposes.

#### NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	F	Gross Receivables	Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		Net Receivables	
Current Receivables:						
Students	\$	218,389.14	\$	73,035.49	\$	145,353.65
Student Sponsors		350.00		-		350.00
Accounts		988.29		-		988.29
Intergovernmental		107,646.06		-		107,646.06
Other		736.34				736.34
Total Current Receivables	\$	328,109.83	\$	73,035.49	\$	255,074.34

#### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 381,050.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 381,050.00
Art	5,000.00	<u>-</u>	- -	5,000.00
Construction in Progress	328,536.80	3,208,422.90	461,543.25	3,075,416.45
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	714,586.80	3,208,422.90	461,543.25	3,461,466.45
Capital Assets, Depreciable:				
Buildings	8,409,455.43	461,543.25	-	8,870,998.68
Machinery and Equipment	1,410,508.06	138,966.85	65,026.79	1,484,448.12
General Infrastructure	172,264.03			172,264.03
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	9,992,227.52	600,510.10	65,026.79	10,527,710.83
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,477,419.32	174,496.76	-	3,651,916.08
Machinery and Equipment	722,624.51	83,247.23	61,432.97	744,438.77
General Infrastructure	86,651.08	8,116.80		94,767.88
Total Accumulated Depreciation	4,286,694.91	265,860.79	61,432.97	4,491,122.73
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net	5,705,532.61	334,649.31	3,593.82	6,036,588.10
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,420,119.41	\$ 3,543,072.21	\$ 465,137.07	\$ 9,498,054.55

#### NOTE 7 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

		Amount
Current Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	20,710.96
Accounts Payable - Capital Assets		35,812.15
Accrued Payroll		129,980.39
Contract Retainage		134,904.95
Total Current Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	321,408.45

#### NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Current Portion
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	\$ 302,142.37 2,415,501.00 6,506,182.00	\$206,610.25 394,772.00 -	\$ 183,863.83 - 998,363.00	\$ 324,888.79 2,810,273.00 5,507,819.00	\$ 8,154.71 - -
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 9,223,825.37	\$601,382.25	\$ 1,182,226.83	\$ 8,642,980.79	\$ 8,154.71

Additional information regarding the net pension liability is included in Note 13. Additional information regarding the net other postemployment benefit liability is included in Note 14.

#### NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The College entered into operating leases for office equipment (postage meter and copier machines). Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at June 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year	 Amount
2022 2023	\$ 13,580.40 13.580.40
2024	13,580.40
2025	 496.80
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 41,238.00

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$12,503.90.

#### NOTE 10 - NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position has been significantly affected by transactions resulting from the recognition of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and related long-term liabilities, as shown in the following table:

		Amount
Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Net OPEB Liability (Retiree Health Benefit Fund) and Related Deferred	\$	(1,633,149.16)
Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	(6,856,864.29)
Effect on Unrestricted Net Position		(8,490,013.45)
Total Unrestricted Net Position Before Recognition of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Related Long-Term Liabilities		671,350.55
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$	(7,818,662.90)

See Notes 13 and 14 for detailed information regarding the amortization of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB, respectively.

#### NOTE 11 - REVENUES

A summary of discounts and allowances by revenue classification is presented as follows:

	Gross Revenues	Less Scholarship Discounts and Allowances	Less Allowance for Uncollectibles	Net Revenues
Operating Revenues: Student Tuition and Fees, Net	\$ 602,687.99	\$ 226,502.83	\$ 2,932.96	\$ 373,252.20
Sales and Services: Sales and Services of Auxiliary Enterprises:				
Bookstore	93,204.01	57,902.55	4,105.87	31,195.59
Other	23,885.08	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	23,885.08
Total Sales and Services, Net	\$ 117,089.09	\$ 57,902.55	\$ 4,105.87	\$ 55,080.67

#### NOTE 12 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

The College's operating expenses by functional classification are presented as follows:

	Salaries and Benefits	Supplies and Services	Scholarships and Fellowships	Utilities	Depreciation	Total
Instruction	\$ 3,051,883.61	\$ 691,994.82	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,743,878.43
Academic Support	815,743.28	252,707.79	-	-	-	1,068,451.07
Student Services	356,586.27	37,088.81	-	-	-	393,675.08
Institutional Support	1,856,108.78	490,698.44	-	-	-	2,346,807.22
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	246,143.86	281,313.00	-	101,015.04	-	628,471.90
Student Financial Aid	-	-	550,309.93	-	-	550,309.93
Auxiliary Enterprises	5,343.21	69,018.79	-	-	-	74,362.00
Depreciation					265,860.79	265,860.79
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 6,331,809.01	\$1,822,821.65	\$550,309.93	\$101,015.04	\$ 265,860.79	\$ 9,071,816.42

Included in the scholarship and fellowship function are student financial aid operating expenses for emergency financial aid payments to eligible students. These payments are for expenses related to the disruption of campus operations due to the coronavirus of \$197,911.00 provided by the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF). Because of the administrative involvement by the College in providing the student awards, the related program activity is reported as nonoperating Federal Aid - COVID-19 revenue and student financial aid operating expenses. Since the purpose of the student aid is not for educational or scholarship purposes, they do not affect the scholarship discounting adjustments reported in Note 11.

### NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

### **Defined Benefit Plan**

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) plan. This plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan established by the State to provide pension benefits for general employees and law enforcement officers (LEOs) of the State, general employees and LEOs of its component units, and employees of Local Education Agencies (LEAs) and charter schools not in the reporting entity. Membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the LEAs and charter schools that elect to join the Retirement System. Benefit provisions are established by General Statute 135-5 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Benefits Provided: TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of membership service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of membership service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of general members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 6% of their annual pay. The contribution rate for employers is set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly in the Appropriations Act based on the actuarially-determined rate recommended by the actuary. The College's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 14.78% of covered payroll. Employee contributions to the pension plan were \$227,019.65, and the College's contributions were \$559,225.08 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The TSERS plan's financial information, including all information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available on the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's

website at https://www.osc.nc.gov/ or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

TSERS Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of the TSERS plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the TSERS plan, and additions to/deductions from the TSERS plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS.

Methods Used to Value TSERS Investment: Pursuant to North Carolina General Statutes, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the retirement systems. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its External Investment Pool. TSERS and other pension plans of the State of North Carolina participate in the Long-Term Investment, Fixed Income Investment, Equity Investment, Real Estate Investment, Alternative Investment, Opportunistic Fixed Income Investment, and Inflation Sensitive Investment Portfolios. The Fixed Income Asset Class includes the Long-Term Investment and Fixed Income Investment Portfolios. The Global Equity Asset Class includes the Equity Investment Portfolio. The investment balance of each pension trust fund represents its share of the fair value of the net position of the various portfolios within the External Investment Pool. Detailed descriptions of the methods and significant assumptions regarding investments of the State Treasurer are provided in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Net Pension Liability: At June 30, 2021, the College reported a liability of \$2,810,273.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the College relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the College's proportion was 0.02326%, which was a decrease of 0.00004 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.02330%.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following table presents the actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for the TSERS plan at the actuarial valuation date:

Valuation Date	12/31/2019
Inflation	3%
Salary Increases*	3.5% - 8.1%
Investment Rate of Return**	7%

<sup>\*</sup> Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.

TSERS currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	1.4%
Global Equity	5.3%
Real Estate	4.3%
Alternatives	8.9%
Opportunistic Fixed Income	6.0%
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Investment rate of return includes inflation assumption and is net of pension plan investment expense.

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020 is 1.2%.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was calculated at 7.00% for the December 31, 2019 valuation. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the plan at June 30, 2020 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability									
1% E	Decrease (6.00%)	1% lr	crease (8.00%)						
\$	5,057,830.48	\$	2,810,273.00	\$	925,036.48				

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized pension expense of \$882,833.00. At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Employer Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions by Classification:

	ferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 154,861.00	\$	-	
Changes of Assumptions	95,232.00		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	310,787.00		-	
Change in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	57,018.76		-	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 559,225.08			
Total	\$ 1,177,123.84	\$		

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Schedule of the Net Amount of the Employer's Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources That will be Recognized in Pension Expense:

Year Ending June 30:		Amount		
2022	\$	228,766.00		
2023	•	170,856.00		
2024		125,690.00		
2025		92,586.76		
Total	\$	617,898.76		

### NOTE 14 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The College participates in two postemployment benefit plans, the Retiree Health Benefit Fund and the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina, that are administered by the State of North Carolina as pension and other employee benefit trust funds. Each plan's financial information, including all information about the plans' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available on the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's website at https://www.osc.gov/ or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of these plans were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each plan, and additions to/deductions from each plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans.

Methods Used to Value Plan Investments: Pursuant to North Carolina General Statutes, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the other postemployment benefits funds. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its External Investment Pool. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund participates in the External Investment Pool. The Disability Income Plan of North Carolina is invested in the Short-Term Investment Portfolio of the External Investment Pool and the Bond Index External Investment Pool. The investment balance of each other employee benefit trust fund represents its share of the fair value of the net position of the various portfolios within the pool. Detailed descriptions of the methods and significant assumptions regarding investments of the State Treasurer are provided in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### B. Plan Descriptions

### 1. Health Benefits

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the North Carolina State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees, referred to as the State Health Plan (the Plan), a healthcare plan exclusively for the benefit of employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, and certain other component units. In addition, Local Education Agencies (LEAs), charter schools, and some select local governments that are not part

of the State's financial reporting entity also participate. Health benefit programs and premium rates are determined by the State Treasurer upon approval of the Plan Board of Trustees.

The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. RHBF is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of eligible former employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments that are not part of the State's financial reporting entity also participate.

By statute, RHBF is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS). RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the Plan.

Benefits Provided: Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees as described in Note 15. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan options or the self-funded Traditional 70/30 Preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System, the Legislative Retirement System, the Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the North Carolina General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the North Carolina General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the North Carolina

General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) & (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired on or after January 1, 2021. The legislation amends Article 3B of Chapter 135 of the General Statutes to require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (or in an allowed local system unit), the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System, or the Legislative Retirement System prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

The Plan's and RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions: Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the North Carolina General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. The College's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 6.68% of covered payroll. The College's contributions to the RHBF were \$252,748.55 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

In fiscal year 2020, the State Health Plan (the Plan) transferred \$475.2 million to RHBF as a result of cost savings to the Plan over a span of six years. For financial reporting purposes, the transfer was recognized as a nonemployer contributing entity contribution. The contribution was allocated among RHBF employers and recorded as noncapital contributions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized noncapital contributions for RHBF of \$94,349.00.

### 2. Disability Income

Plan Administration: As discussed in Note 15, short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the University of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain participating component units, LEAs which are not part of the reporting entity, and the ORP. By statute, DIPNC is administered by the Department of State Treasurer and the Board of Trustees of TSERS.

Benefits Provided: Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or the ORP, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

For employees who had five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one-twelfth of the annual longevity payment and local supplements to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled, but the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, the long-term benefit is calculated in the same manner as described above except the monthly benefit is reduced by an amount equal to a monthly primary Social Security disability benefit to which the participant or beneficiary might be entitled had Social Security disability benefits been awarded. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from TSERS, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under TSERS or the ORP.

For employees who had less than five years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, and meet the requirements for long-term disability on or after August 1, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term

disability period, the monthly long-term benefit shall be reduced by an amount equal to the monthly primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the employee might be entitled should the employee become age 62 during the first 36 months. This reduction becomes effective as of the first day of the month following the month of initial entitlement to Social Security benefits. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, no further benefits are payable under the terms of this section unless the employee has been approved and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits.

Contributions: Although DIPNC operates on a calendar year, disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the North Carolina General Assembly and coincide with the State's fiscal year. The College's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.09% of covered payroll. The College's contributions to DIPNC were \$3,405.29 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

### C. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Net OPEB Liability: At June 30, 2021, the College reported a liability of \$5,507,819.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for RHBF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the College relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the College's proportion was 0.01985%, which was a decrease of 0.00071 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.02056%.

Net OPEB Asset: At June 30, 2021, the College reported an asset of \$9,898.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB asset for DIPNC. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. The College's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the present value of future salaries for the College relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the College's proportion was 0.02012%, which was a decrease of 0.00021 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.02033%.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liabilities for RHBF and DIPNC were determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liabilities were

then rolled forward to June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

	Retiree Health Benefit Fund	Disability Income Plan of N. C.		
Valuation Date	12/31/2019	12/31/2019		
Inflation	3%	3%		
Salary Increases*	3.5% - 8.1%	3.5% - 8.1%		
Investment Rate of Return**	7%	3.75%		
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Medical	6.5% grading down to 5% by 2024	6.5% grading down to 5% by 2024		
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Prescription Drug	9.5% grading down to 5% by 2029	9.5% grading down to 5% by 2029		
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Medicare Advantage	5%	N/A		
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Administrative	3%	3%		

<sup>\*</sup> Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.

The OPEB plans currently use mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through a review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projects are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. DIPNC is primarily invested in the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Investment rate of return is net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

N/A - Not Applicable

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in RHBF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Fixed Income	1.4%				
Global Equity	5.3%				
Real Estate	4.3%				
Alternatives	8.9%				
Opportunistic Fixed Income	6.0%				
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%				

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020 is 1.2%.

Actuarial valuations of the plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used for RHBF are consistent with those used to value the pension benefits of TSERS where appropriate. These assumptions are based on the most recent pension valuations available. The discount rate used for RHBF reflects a pay-as-you-go approach.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes of the plans are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Historically, the benefits funded solely by employer contributions applied equally to all retirees. Currently, as described earlier in the note, benefits are dependent on membership requirements.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used for DIPNC include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuations were generally based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared as of December 31, 2014, as amended for updates to certain assumptions (such as the long-term investment return, medical claims, and medical trend rate assumptions) implemented based on annual reviews that have occurred since that experience study.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for RHBF was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 2.21% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2020.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for DIPNC was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the plans, as well as what the plans' net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)								
	1% D	ecrease (1.21%)	Current	Discount Rate (2.21%)	1% I	ncrease (3.21%)		
RHBF	\$	6,530,430.46	\$	5,507,819.00	\$	4,681,659.82		
	1% D	ecrease (2.75%)	Current	Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% I	ncrease (4.75%)		
DIPNC	\$	(8,548.18)	\$	(9,898.00)	\$	(11,208.25)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the plans, as well as what the plans' net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-prcentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Net	OPEE	B Liability (Asset)	
	(Med Pharr Med	1% Decrease lical - 4% - 5.5%, nacy - 4% - 8.5%, Advantage - 4%, ninistrative - 2%)		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Medical - 5% - 6.5%, Pharmacy - 5% - 9.5%, Med. Advantage - 5%, Administrative - 3%)	1% Increase (Medical - 6% - 7.5%, Pharmacy - 6% - 10.5%, Med. Advantage - 6%, Administrative - 4%)
RHBF	\$	4,439,282.19	\$	5,507,819.00	\$ 6,933,118.08
	(Med Pharr	1% Decrease dical - 4% - 5.5%, nacy - 4% - 8.5%, ninistrative - 2%)		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Medical - 5% - 6.5%, Pharmacy - 5% - 9.5%, Administrative - 3%)	 1% Increase (Medical - 6% - 7.5%, Pharmacy - 6% - 10.5%, Administrative - 4%)
DIPNC	\$	(9,914.13)	\$	(9,898.00)	\$ (9,883.55)

*OPEB Expense:* For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College recognized OPEB expense as follows:

OPEB Plan	 Amount			
RHBF DIPNC	\$ 71,576.00 7,747.00			
Total OPEB Expense	\$ 79,323.00			

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: At June 30, 2021, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

### Employer Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB by Classification:

	RHBF	DIPNC	 Total
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 4,990.00	\$ 7,170.00	\$ 12,160.00
Changes of Assumptions	241,549.00	770.00	242,319.00
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	11,603.00	-	11,603.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	824,712.16	316.00	825,028.16
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 252,748.55	3,405.29	256,153.84
Total	\$ 1,335,602.71	\$ 11,661.29	\$ 1,347,264.00

### Employer Balances of Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB by Classification:

	RHBF DIPNC		Total		
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	215,473.00	\$ -	\$	215,473.00
Changes of Assumptions		2,235,160.00	779.00		2,235,939.00
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-	1,677.00		1,677.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		234,015.00	178.00		234,193.00
Total	\$	2,684,648.00	\$ 2,634.00	\$	2,687,282.00

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability related to RHBF and an increase of the net OPEB asset related to DIPNC in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Schedule of the Net Amount of the Employer's Balances of Deferred
Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources That will be
Recognized in OPEB Expense:

Year Ending June 30:	RHBF		 DIPNC
2022	\$	(553,273.00)	\$ 2,017.00
2023		(552,668.00)	1,344.00
2024		(205,630.00)	659.00
2025		(62,750.00)	1,094.00
2026		(227,472.84)	121.00
Thereafter		<u> </u>	387.00
Total	\$	(1,601,793.84)	\$ 5,622.00

### NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in state-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### A. Public Entity Risk Pool

### **State Public Education Property Insurance Fund**

Fire and other property losses are covered by the State Public Education Property Insurance Fund (Fund), a state-administered public entity risk pool. The Fund is financed by premiums and interest collected through membership participation and retains a \$10,000,000 deductible per occurrence. Reinsurance is purchased by the Fund to cover catastrophic events in excess of the \$10,000,000 deductible. Membership insured property is covered under an all risk coverage contract. Building and contents are valued under a replacement cost basis. No coinsurance penalties apply. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### B. Employee Benefit Plans

### 1. State Health Plan

College employees are provided comprehensive major medical care benefits. Coverage is funded by contributions to the State Health Plan (Plan), a discretely presented component unit of the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions. The Plan has contracted with third parties to process claims. See Note 14, Other Postemployment Benefits, for additional information regarding retiree health benefits.

### 2. Death Benefit Plan of North Carolina

Term life insurance (death benefits) of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers who enroll in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. This Death Benefit Plan is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was 0.13% for the current fiscal year.

### 3. Disability Income Plan

Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided to College employees through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), part of the State's Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds. Short-term benefits are paid by the College for up to twelve months. The Board of Trustees of the DIPNC may extend the short-term disability benefits for up to an additional twelve months. During the extended period of short-term disability benefits, payments are made directly by the DIPNC to the beneficiary. As discussed in Note 14, long-term disability benefits are payable as other postemployment benefits from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled.

### C. Other Risk Management and Insurance Activities

### 1. Automobile Insurance

The College does not own any State-owned vehicles. Liability insurance for other College-owned vehicles is covered by contracts with private insurance companies.

### 2. Public Officers' and Employees' Liability Insurance

The risk of tort claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claimant is retained under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$2,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per fiscal year via contract with a private insurance company. The North Carolina Community College System Office pays the premium, based on a composite rate, directly to the private insurer.

### 3. Employee Dishonesty and Computer Fraud

The College is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud for employees paid in whole or in part from state funds. This coverage is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The North Carolina Community College System Office is charged a premium by the private insurance company. Coverage limit is \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The private insurance company pays 90% of each loss less a \$100,000 deductible. Losses from county and institutional fund paid employees are covered by a separate policy with a private insurance provider.

### 4. Statewide Workers' Compensation Program

The State Board of Community Colleges makes the necessary arrangements to carry out the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act which are applicable to employees whose wages are paid in whole or in part from state funds. The College purchases workers' compensation insurance for employees whose salaries or wages are paid by the Board in whole or in part from county or institutional funds.

Additional details on the state-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

### 5. Other Insurance Held by the College

The College purchased malpractice insurance for students in medical related fields. Coverage is provided at \$1,000,000 per occurrence with a limit of \$5,000,000.

### NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS

The College has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$1,798,835.65 and on other purchases were \$215,646.06 at June 30, 2021.

### NOTE 17 - THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC EMERGENCY

In response to the coronavirus pandemic emergency, the federal government provided grants to the State and the College through various coronavirus program funds appropriated by (1) The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, (2) The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations within the Federal Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021 (CRRSA), and (3) The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP).

The grant revenues from the various coronavirus program funds are contingent upon meeting the terms and conditions of the grant and signed agreements with the funding agencies, incurring qualifying expenditures, and are reported in the following nonoperating revenue captions of the financial statements:

**State Aid - Coronavirus -** This caption includes grant funds received directly by the State from the U.S. Department of Treasury, Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), and appropriated by the State to the College.

**Federal Aid - COVID-19 -** This caption includes grant funds received directly by the College from the U.S. Department of Education, Higher Education Emergency Relief Funds (HEERF). This caption also includes pass-through grant funds from the Governors Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund.

### Summary of State and Federal Aid - COVID-19 Revenue Activities for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021:

Program	Total Authorized Award	2020 Earned Revenue	2021 Earned Revenue
State Aid - Coronavirus:	N/A	\$ 12,234.30	\$ 720,505.82
Federal Aid - COVID-19: HEERF Funds GEER Funds	\$ 1,856,539.00 34,886.00	\$ 79,115.77 -	\$ 549,212.81 3,249.75
Total Federal Aid - COVID-19	N/A	\$ 79,115.77	\$ 552,462.56

### NOTE 18 - BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT

Condensed combining information for the College's blended component unit for the year ended June 30, 2021, is presented as follows:

### Condensed Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	College	Foundation	Eliminations	Total	
ASSETS	•				
Current Assets	\$ 1,167,549.60	\$ 228,657.00	\$ -	\$ 1,396,206.60	
Capital Assets, Net	9,493,054.55	5,000.00	-	9,498,054.55	
Other Noncurrent Assets	57,275.95	718,079.00		775,354.95	
Total Assets	10,717,880.10	951,736.00		11,669,616.10	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,524,387.84			2,524,387.84	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities	362,416.07	_	_	362,416.07	
Long-Term Liabilities	8,634,826.08	_	_	8,634,826.08	
3					
Total Liabilities	8,997,242.15			8,997,242.15	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,687,282.00			2,687,282.00	
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,322,337.45	5,000.00	-	9,327,337.45	
Restricted - Nonexpendable		718,079.00	0.42	718,079.42	
Restricted - Expendable	163,345.82	119,380.00	-	282,725.82	
Unrestricted	(7,932,939.48)	114,277.00	(0.42)	(7,818,662.90)	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,552,743.79	\$ 956,736.00	\$ -	\$ 2,509,479.79	

### Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

	College	Foundation	Eliminations	Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Student Tuition & Fees, Net	\$ 373,252.20	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 373,252.20
Sales and Services, Net	55,080.67	-	-	55,080.67
Other Operating Revenues	609.00	-	-	609.00
Fundraising		52,805.00	(52,805.00)	
Total Operating Revenues	428,941.87	52,805.00	(52,805.00)	428,941.87
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operating Expenses	8,755,563.63	50,392.00	-	8,805,955.63
Depreciation	265,860.79			265,860.79
Total Operating Expenses	9,021,424.42	50,392.00		9,071,816.42
Operating Income (Loss)	(8,592,482.55)	2,413.00	(52,805.00)	(8,642,874.55)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
State Aid	5,359,306.06	-	-	5,359,306.06
State Aid - Coronavirus	720,505.82	-	-	720,505.82
County Appropriations	812,462.00	-	-	812,462.00
Student Financial Aid	594,958.66	-	-	594,958.66
Federal Aid - COVID-19	552,462.56	-	-	552,462.56
Noncapital Contributions	302,489.27	18,362.00	52,805.00	373,656.27
Investment Income, Net	2,266.88	116,625.00	-	118,891.88
Other Nonoperating Income (Expense)	(3,819.81)	226.00		(3,593.81)
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	8,340,631.44	135,213.00	52,805.00	8,528,649.44
State Capital Aid	2,656,488.10	-	-	2,656,488.10
County Capital Aid	547,628.07	-	-	547,628.07
Additions to Endowments		10,000.00		10,000.00
Total Other Revenues	3,204,116.17	10,000.00		3,214,116.17
Increase in Net Position	2,952,265.06	147,626.00	-	3,099,891.06
NET POSITION				
Net Position, July 1, 2020	(1,394,521.27)	804,110.00		(590,411.27)
Net Position, June 30, 2021	\$ 1,557,743.79	\$ 951,736.00	\$ -	\$ 2,509,479.79

### Condensed Statement of Cash Flows June 30, 2021

	 College	F	oundation	 Total
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Total Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	\$ (8,149,286.65) 8,227,976.25	\$	1,997.00 28,728.00	\$ (8,147,289.65) 8,256,704.25
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	 61,878.17 56,266.36		(17,819.00)	61,878.17 38,447.36
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	196,834.13		12,906.00	209,740.13
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2020	 436,670.27		389,358.00	 826,028.27
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2021	\$ 633,504.40	\$	402,264.00	\$ 1,035,768.40

### NOTE 19 - CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the College implemented the following pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans

GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

GASB Statement No. 84 improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for 90-days or less.

GASB Statement No. 97's primary objectives are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans.

GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### Pamlico Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

Exhibit B-1

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	0.02326%	0.02330%	0.02257%	0.022	224%
Proportionate Share of TSERS Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,810,273.00	\$ 2,415,501.00	\$ 2,247,089.00	\$ 1,764,62	20.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$ 3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,82	28.83
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	75.29%	63.39%	60.89%	49	9.33%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	85.98%	87.56%	87.61%	89	9.51%
	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	<b>2017</b> 0.02084%	<b>2016</b> 0.01987%	<b>2015</b> 0.02088%		070%
,					
Collective Net Pension Liability  Proportionate Share of TSERS	0.02084%	0.01987%	0.02088%	0.020	)1.00
Collective Net Pension Liability  Proportionate Share of TSERS  Collective Net Pension Liability	0.02084%	0.01987%	0.02088%	0.020 \$ 1,256,70 \$ 3,343,49	)1.00

Note: Information is presented for all years that were measured in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

### Pamlico Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years Exhibit B-2

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 559,225.08	\$ 484,144.99	\$ 468,328.39	\$ 397,854.21	\$ 356,967.52
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	559,225.08	484,144.99	468,328.39	397,854.21	356,967.52
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,783,660.88	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$ 3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,828.83
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.78%	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%	9.98%
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 299,524.70	\$ 304,810.84	\$ 283,425.52	\$ 278,513.39	\$ 241,722.03
Contractually Required Contribution  Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	\$ 299,524.70 299,524.70	\$ 304,810.84 304,810.84	\$ 283,425.52 283,425.52	\$ 278,513.39 278,513.39	\$ 241,722.03 241,722.03
Contributions in Relation to the	,,.	,	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	,,.	,	,		, , ,

Note: Changes in benefit terms, methods, and assumptions are presented in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI) schedule following the pension RSI tables.

### Pamlico Community College Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of Benefit Terms:

### Cost of Living Increase

Teachers' and State Employees'	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Retirement System	N/A	N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A

Changes of Assumptions: In 2015, the North Carolina Retirement Systems' consulting actuaries performed the quinquennial investigation of each retirement system's actual demographic and economic experience (known as the "Experience Review"). The Experience Review provides the basis for selecting the actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine plan liabilities and funding requirements. The most recent Experience Review examined each plan's experience during the period between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014. Based on the findings, the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System adopted a number of new actuarial assumptions and methods. The most notable changes to the assumptions include updates to the mortality tables and the mortality improvement projection scales to reflect reduced rates of mortality and significant increases in mortality improvements. These assumptions were adjusted to reflect the mortality projection scale MP-2015, released by the Society of Actuaries in 2015. In addition, the assumed rates of retirement, salary increases, and rates of termination from active employment were reduced to more closely reflect actual experience. The discount rate for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System was lowered from 7.20% to 7.00% for the December 31, 2017 valuation. For the December 31, 2019 valuation, the discount rate was 7.00%.

The Boards of Trustees also adopted a new asset valuation method for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. For determining plan funding requirements, the plan now uses a five-year smoothing method with a reset of the actuarial value of assets to market value as of December 31, 2014.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information reflect information included in the State of North Carolina's 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

N/A - Not Applicable

### Pamlico Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability or Asset Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Last Five Fiscal Years\*

Exhibit B-3

Retiree Health Benefit Fund	 2021	 2020	_	2019	 2018	 2017
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.01985%	0.02056%		0.01908%	0.01831%	0.01695%
Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 5,507,819.00	\$ 6,506,182.00	\$	5,436,489.00	\$ 6,003,119.00	\$ 7,373,826.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$	3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,828.83	\$ 3,273,494.01
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	147.55%	170.74%		147.30%	167.83%	225.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	6.92%	4.40%		4.40%	3.52%	2.41%
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina						
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net OPEB Asset	0.02012%	0.02033%		0.01990%	0.01915%	0.01792%
Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Asset	\$ 9,898.00	\$ 8,772.00	\$	6,045.00	\$ 11,704.00	\$ 11,128.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$	3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,828.83	\$ 3,273,494.01
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.27%	0.23%		0.16%	0.33%	0.34%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	115.57%	113.00%		108.47%	116.23%	116.06%

Note: Information is presented for all years that were measured in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended.

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

### Pamlico Community College Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit B-4

Retiree Health Benefit Fund	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 252,748.55	\$ 241,512.58	\$ 238,937.50 \$ 223,285.53		\$ 207,675.12
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	252,748.55	241,512.58	238,937.50	223,285.53	207,675.12
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,783,660.88	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$ 3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,828.83
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.68%	6.47%	6.27%	6.05%	5.81%
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 183,315.66	\$ 182,886.51	\$ 176,121.73	\$ 177,205.40	\$ 162,447.60
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	183,315.66	182,886.51	176,121.73	177,205.40	162,447.60
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,273,494.01	\$ 3,331,266.03	\$ 3,261,513.47	\$ 3,343,498.07	\$ 3,248,952.02
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	5.60%	5.49%	5.40%	5.30%	5.00%
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina	2021	2020	2019 2018		2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 3,405.29	\$ 3,732.81	\$ 5,334.90	\$ 5,166.94	\$ 13,591.95
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	3,405.29	3,732.81	5,334.90	5,166.94	13,591.95
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,783,660.88	\$ 3,732,806.43	\$ 3,810,645.97	\$ 3,690,669.85	\$ 3,576,828.83
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.09%	0.10%	0.14%	0.14%	0.38%
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 13,421.33	\$ 13,658.19	\$ 14,350.66	\$ 14,711.39	\$ 16,894.55
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	13,421.33	13,658.19	14,350.66	14,711.39	16,894.55
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,273,494.01	\$ 3,331,266.03	\$ 3,261,513.47	\$ 3,343,498.07	\$ 3,248,952.02
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.41%	0.41%	0.44%	0.44%	0.52%

Note: Changes in benefit terms, methods, and assumptions are presented in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI) schedule following the OPEB RSI tables.

### Pamlico Community College Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of College Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of Benefit Terms: Effective January 1, 2016, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pocket maximums, and deductibles were changed for three of five options of the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF). Most of the changes were an increase in the amount from the previous year.

Effective January 1, 2017, benefit terms related to copays, coinsurance maximums, out-of-pocket maximums, and deductibles were changed for two of five options of the RHBF. Most of the changes were an increase in the amount from the previous year.

Effective January 1, 2019, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pockets maximums, and deductibles were changed for one of four options of the RHBF. Out of pocket maximums increased while certain specialist copays decreased related to option benefits.

Effective January 1, 2020, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pockets maximums, and deductibles were changed for the 70/30 PPO option of the RHBF. Only the copays were adjusted for 80/20 PPO option of the RHBF.

Additionally, the December 31, 2017 Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) actuarial valuation includes a liability for the State's potential reimbursement of health insurance premiums paid by employers during the second six months of the short-term disability benefit period.

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions: An actuarial valuation is performed for each plan each year. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of College Contributions are calculated by the actuary as a projection of the required employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning six months following the date of the valuation results for the RHBF. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of College Contributions are calculated by the actuary as a projection of the required employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning 18 months following the date of the valuation results for the DIPNC. See Note 14 for more information on the specific assumptions for each plan. The actuarially determined contributions for those items with covered payroll were determined using the actuarially determined contribution rate from the actuary and covered payroll as adjusted for timing differences and other factors such as differences in employee class. Other actuarially determined contributions are disclosed in the schedule as expressed by the actuary in reports to the plans.

Changes of Assumptions: In 2015, the North Carolina Retirement Systems' consulting actuaries performed the quinquennial investigation of each retirement system's actual demographic and economic experience (known as the "Experience Review"). The Experience Review provides the basis for selecting the actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine plan liabilities and funding requirements. The most recent experience review examined each plan's experience during the period between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014. Based on the findings, the Boards of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the State Health Plan adopted a number of new actuarial assumptions and methods for the RHBF and the DIPNC. The most notable changes to the assumptions include updates to the mortality tables and the mortality improvement projection scales to reflect reduced rates of mortality and significant increases in mortality improvements. These assumptions were adjusted to reflect the mortality projection scale MP-2015, released by the Society of Actuaries in 2015. In addition, the assumed rates of retirement and rates of termination from active employment were reduced to more closely reflect actual experience.

For the actuarial valuation measured as of June 30, 2020, the discount rate for the RHBF was updated to 2.21%. In the prior year, disability rates were adjusted to the non-grandfathered assumptions used in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System actuarial valuation to better align with the anticipated incidence of disability. Medical and prescription drug claim costs were changed based on most recent experience, and medical and prescription drug trend rates were changed to the current schedule. Enrollment assumptions were updated to model expected migrations among RHBF plan options over the next four years. For the DIPNC actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, for individuals who may become disabled in the future, the Social Security disability income benefit (which is an offset for the DIPNC benefit) was updated to be based on assumed Social Security calculation parameters in the year of disability. The assumed costs related to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act regarding the Health Insurance Provider Fee for the fully insured plans and Excise Tax were removed when those pieces were released December 2019.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information reflect information included in the State of North Carolina's 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

### Office of the State Auditor



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Pamlico Community College Grantsboro, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Pamlico Community College (College), a component unit of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc., as described in our report on the College's financial statements. The financial statements of Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with Pamlico Community College Foundation, Inc.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the College's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency,

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

Beth A. Wood

January 6, 2022

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