STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

BETH A. WOOD, CPA



USS NORTH CAROLINA BATTLESHIP COMMISSION

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021





state of north carolina Office of the State Auditor



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AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL

The Honorable Roy Cooper, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina Board of Commissioners, USS North Carolina Battleship Commission

We have completed a financial statement audit of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission for the year ended September 30, 2021, and our audit results are included in this report. You will note from the independent auditor's report that we determined that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The results of our tests disclosed no deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses in relation to our audit scope or any instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Lth. A. Wood

Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

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	NFORMATION

Chapter 147, Article 5A of the *North Carolina General Statutes*, gives the Auditor broad powers to examine all books, records, files, papers, documents, and financial affairs of every state agency and any organization that receives public funding. The Auditor also has the power to summon people to produce records and to answer questions under oath.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

state of North Carolina Office of the State Auditor



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Wilmington, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission (Commission), and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission, and its discretely presented component unit, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc., the Commission's discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc., are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAGAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our

audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Commission's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAGAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAGAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 14, 2022 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

31th A. Wood

Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

April 14, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the financial report presents Management's Discussion and Analysis and provides an overview of the financial activities of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission (Commission) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, with comparative data for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Since Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Commission's basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the Commission.

While the financial statements reflect on the Commission as a whole, the Commission is an enterprise, non-appropriated fund activity of the State of North Carolina that is required by general statute to be self-sufficient for its annual operations. Funding for the annual operation of the Commission is met primarily from revenues generated through admissions to tour the ship and gift shop sales, hence a principal focus on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. See Note 1A for more information.

Using This Annual Report

The financial statements present financial information in a form similar to that used by corporations.

The Statement of Net Position reports current and noncurrent assets and liabilities separately, as well as deferred inflows and outflows of resources. Over time, increases and decreases in net position are an indicator of the improvement or erosion of the Commission's financial health when considered with nonfinancial facts such as admission levels and the condition of facilities.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information regarding the Commission's cash receipts and cash payments during the reported period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, noncapital financing, capital and related financing, and investing activities. The statement reconciles the beginning cash on hand as of October 1, 2020, to the ending cash on hand as of September 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis will concentrate on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, using condensed versions for the purposes of this discussion.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements and may be found at the end of this report.

The financial statements also include a Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Activities, and certain note disclosures for the Commission's discretely presented component unit,

Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. (Friends); however, the Friends is not included in Management's Discussion and Analysis. More information describing the relationship between the Commission and Friends can be found in Note 1A.

Financial Highlights

Operating with COVID-19 restrictions, a challenged merchandise and shipping environment, event and rental restrictions, a curtailment of school travel, and remote working challenges, the Commission prospered in all respects, especially in operating revenue results.

Financial operations at the Commission exceeded trends and budgets and was the second best operating revenue year in its history. Overall, the Commission earned \$3,550,696.32, far exceeding operating revenue projections of \$1,843,770.00. Visitation to the Battleship North Carolina Memorial (Battleship) for fiscal year 2021 included 205,146 paid visitors and 4,384 non-paid visitors totaling 209,530. In addition, the Battleship gift shop exceeded \$1,000,000.00 in annual sales for the first time ever, earning \$57,475.00 from the newly established online store - Battle Star Steel Collection, while continuing to closely manage expenses.

Even with the successful year just discussed related to operating revenues, costs associated with repairs to the hull of the Battleship contributed to the overall decrease in net position of \$767,816.19.

During fiscal year 2021, the Friends continued fundraising efforts supporting the Generations Campaign (Campaign). The Campaign is a capital campaign effort to continue the mission of the Battleship as a living memorial to those who served their country.

With Phases 1 and 2 of the Campaign completed, which included building a cofferdam and walkway, completing repairs to the Battleship hull, and education efforts, the Commission voted to approve Phase 3, "Living with Water". This project will primarily be funded from various capital grants. The design and planning phase began during fiscal year 2021.

The Friends also received contributions to support the Battleship Volunteer Program and the Visitor's Experience. This included celebrating the Battleship's 60th anniversary of coming to Wilmington and additional emphasis on tours. A 60-minute guided tour costing \$6 was the highlight of the tour programming in fiscal year 2021.

The following table summarizes the major categories of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position and their corresponding changes.

	2020 2021 (As Restated)			Change		
Current Assets	\$	7,081,605.05	\$	7,316,607.91	\$	(235,002.86)
Noncurrent Assets:						
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset		2,356.00		1,504.00		852.00
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable		319,989.30		169,436.50		150,552.80
Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net		5,715,891.49		5,906,723.78		(190,832.29)
Total Assets		13,119,841.84		13,394,272.19		(274,430.35)
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		409,464.00		381,983.74		27,480.26
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		600,670.00		634,779.89		(34,109.89)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,010,134.00		1,016,763.63		(6,629.63)
Current Liabilities		507,740.33		137,950.38		369,789.95
Long-Term Liabilities		3,187,345.21		3,079,764.95		107,580.26
Total Liabilities		3,695,085.54		3,217,715.33		477,370.21
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		146,765.00		188,043.00		(41,278.00)
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB		1,143,388.00		1,092,724.00		50,664.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,290,153.00		1,280,767.00		9,386.00
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		5,984,150.14		6,076,160.28		(92,010.14)
Restricted		1,583,326.43		2,701,608.43		(1,118,282.00)
Unrestricted		1,577,260.73		1,134,784.78		442,475.95
Total Net Position	\$	9,144,737.30	\$	9,912,553.49	\$	(767,816.19)

Condensed Statement of Net Position For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

The decrease in current assets of \$235,002.86 is primarily a result of an increase in unrestricted cash of \$1,011,452.79 due to record high visitation to the Battleship and a decrease in restricted cash of \$1,116,733.39 primarily due to expenses related to the hull repair and a decrease of \$121,054.55 of on hand merchandise inventory sold in the Battleship's gift shop.

Capital assets, nondepreciable increased \$150,552.80 as a result of the initial design and planning phase of the Living with Water project.

Capital assets, depreciable, net decreased \$190,832.29 due to recording current year depreciation.

The decrease of \$6,629.63 in deferred outflows of resources and the increase of \$9,386.00 in deferred inflows of resources resulted from current year changes in the actuarial assumptions related to the pension plan and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are administered by the State of North Carolina. See Notes 12 and 13 of the financial statements for more details.

The increase in current liabilities of \$369,789.95 is mostly due to the increase in accounts payable associated with the hull repair of \$258,212.65. The increase in long-term liabilities of \$107,580.26 is a result of the change in accrued vacation leave and the changes in net OPEB and net pension liabilities due to actuarial assumptions.

The decrease in restricted net position of \$1,118,282.00 was mainly due to a decrease in restricted cash of \$1,116,733.39. This decrease in restricted cash was primarily due to paying expenses related to the hull repair.

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2021, the Battleship recorded \$8,928,630.37 in gross capital assets, \$2,892,749.58 in accumulated depreciation, and \$6,035,880.79 in net capital assets. The following table depicts the changes in the two years presented:

				2020			
	2021			As Restated)	Change		
Capital Assets							
Land	\$	97,425.80	\$	97,425.80	\$	-	
Construction in Progress		222,563.50		72,010.70		150,552.80	
Buildings		1,172,596.54		1,172,596.54		-	
Machinery and Equipment		332,029.03		332,029.03		-	
General Infrastructure		7,104,015.50		7,104,015.50		-	
Total		8,928,630.37		8,778,077.57		150,552.80	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		2,892,749.58		2,701,917.29		190,832.29	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	6,035,880.79	\$	6,076,160.28	\$	(40,279.49)	

Capital Assets, Net For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

The increase in construction in progress of \$150,552.80 is due to design and planning costs for the Living with Water project.

There was a restatement of accumulated depreciation for buildings due to extending the useful life of the Visitor Center for an additional ten years. See Notes 7 and 17 of the financial statements for more details.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reflect an overall decrease in net position for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021. The following table identifies variances between the two fiscal years.

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020	

	2021	2020	Change
Operating Revenues:			
Sales and Services	\$ 1,097,105.86	\$ 544,981.73	\$ 552,124.13
Admission Fees	2,218,156.55	1,097,280.00	1,120,876.55
Other Operating Revenues	235,433.91	187,530.75	47,903.16
Total Operating Revenue	3,550,696.32	1,829,792.48	1,720,903.84
Less Operating Expenses	4,805,268.47	3,319,280.81	1,485,987.66
Operating Loss	(1,254,572.15)	(1,489,488.33)	234,916.18
Nonoperating and Other Revenues			
Investment Income	10,425.44	58,569.58	(48,144.14)
Other Nonoperating Revenue	113,071.43	-	113,071.43
Capital Contributions	150,552.80	2,221.23	148,331.57
Noncapital Contributions	212,706.29	2,273,116.22	(2,060,409.93)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(767,816.19)	844,418.70	\$ (1,612,234.89)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	9,912,553.49	8,801,893.64	
Restatement		266,241.15	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 9,144,737.30	\$ 9,912,553.49	

Fiscal year 2020-2021 total revenues are \$4,037,452.28 and total expenses are \$4,805,268.47. Fiscal year 2019-2020 total revenues are \$4,163,699.51 and total expenses are \$3,319,280.81.

During fiscal year 2021, Battleship visitation returned to a semi-normal status from COVID-19 social distancing efforts. Visitors enjoyed a modified tour route that included access to the Battleship gift shop, park, State Employees Credit Union (SECU) Memorial Walkway, and topside and open-air spaces of the Battleship.

Sales and services increase of \$552,124.13 and admission fees increase of \$1,120,876.55 were due to a substantial increase in visitation. Visitation was impacted by growth in the economy, relaxation of pandemic restrictions, and an influx of funds to citizens from federal and state agencies to promote growth.

The decrease in noncapital contributions of \$2,060,409.93 is related to a decrease in funds transferred from the Friends in support of the Campaign.

The following table identifies variances between the two fiscal years for the components of operating expenses.

	2021		2020	Change
Operating Expense				
Salaries and Benefits	\$	2,257,865.99	\$ 2,074,475.22	\$ 183,390.77
Supplies and Services		1,867,260.08	710,292.60	1,156,967.48
Rental/Lease		5,398.56	68,716.68	(63,318.12)
Cost of Goods Sold		381,131.63	217,327.97	163,803.66
Insurance and Bonding		23,897.92	23,069.60	828.32
Other Operating Expenses		78,882.00	47,252.00	31,630.00
Depreciation		190,832.29	 178,146.74	 12,685.55
Total	\$	4,805,268.47	\$ 3,319,280.81	\$ 1,485,987.66

Operating Expenses For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

Operating expenses increased \$1,485,987.66 from the prior year. This increase was primarily a result of the \$1,156,967.48 increase in supplies and services as a result of contracts related to the repairs to the Battleship's hull.

Financial Outlook

During fiscal year 2021, the Battleship continued to operate as a successful enterprise of the State of North Carolina, serving as a memorial, an attraction, and as a center of education. Continuing the trend and in spite of COVID-19 restrictions, the Battleship was again ranked as the number one regional attraction by popular social, travel, and tourism media sites including Trip Advisor and Yelp.

The Battleship budgeted and executed fiscal year 2021 operations on trends established during COVID-19 restrictions. These trends for reduced revenues and reduced expenses were quickly overcome during the spring of 2021 when a resurgence in visitation and gift shop sales resulted in fiscal year 2021 ranking as the second best financial operating year in the history of the Battleship. This success was attributable to strong adult visitation (at a higher average price point), the first \$1,000,000.00 gift shop sales year in history, the success of the Battle Star Steel Store as an alternative to rentals, and vendor profit sharing.

For fiscal year 2022, this return to normal operations has continued with strong adult visitation, exceptional gift shop sales, satisfactory Battle Star Steel Store sales, and an improvement in rentals. As of March 2022, it is anticipated that this will be an exceptionally successful operating year in spite of travel and tourism challenges like the price of energy/gasoline, hotel pricing, merchandise and shipping challenges, and a 40-year high inflation rate.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

ASSETS

Current Assets:\$5,043,274,43Cash and Cash Equivalents\$5,043,274,43Receivables (Note 4)119,819,20Inventories1178,888,30Prepaid Items178,888,30Total Current Assets:7,081,605,05Noncurrent Assets:7,081,605,05Noncurrent Assets:2,356,00Capital Assets - Nondepreciable, Net (Note 7)5,715,891,49Catal Assets - Nondepreciable, Net (Note 7)5,715,891,49Total Noncurrent Assets6,038,236,79Total Noncurrent Assets6,038,236,79Total Noncurrent Assets13,119,841,84DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES409,464,00Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions409,464,00Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)600,670,00Total Deferred Outflows of Resources1,010,134,00LIABILITIES2,1246,68Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 8)440,317,14Unearned Revenue46,176,33Long-Term Liabilities - Current Portion (Note 9)2,1246,68Total Current Liabilities (Note 9)2,1246,65Defered Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,338,00Total Current Liabilities (Note 9)1,143,338,00Total Current Liabilities3,089,085,54DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES1,290,153,00Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,338,00Total Labilities5,984,150,14Restricted1,593,326,43Unrestricted1,577,260,73			
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Long-Term Liabilities (Note 9)3,187,345.21Total Liabilities3,695,085.54 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)146,765.00Total Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,388.00Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION Restricted: Expendable5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Total Current Liabilities		507,740.33
Total Liabilities3,695,085.54DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES146,765.00Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions146,765.00Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,388.00Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCESDeferred Inflows Related to Pensions146,765.00Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,388.00Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION5,984,150.14Net Investment in Capital Assets5,984,150.14Restricted:1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Long-Term Liabilities (Note 9)		3,187,345.21
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions146,765.00Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,388.00Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION5,984,150.14Net Investment in Capital Assets5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Total Liabilities		3,695,085.54
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)1,143,388.00Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION5,984,150.14Net Investment in Capital Assets5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources1,290,153.00NET POSITION5,984,150.14Net Investment in Capital Assets5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		146,765.00
NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital AssetsS,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits (Note 13)		1,143,388.00
Net Investment in Capital Assets5,984,150.14Restricted: Expendable1,583,326.43Unrestricted1,577,260.73	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,290,153.00
Restricted: 1,583,326.43 Unrestricted 1,577,260.73	NET POSITION		
Expendable 1,583,326.43 Unrestricted 1,577,260.73	•		5,984,150.14
Unrestricted 1,577,260.73			1 583 326 43
Total Net Position\$ 9,144,737.30	Unrestricted		1,577,260.73
	Total Net Position	\$	9,144,737.30

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Exhibit A-2

OPERATING REVENUES Sales and Services Admission Fees Rentals Commissions Miscellaneous	\$ 1,097,105.86 2,218,156.55 42,660.00 186,265.60 6,508.31
Total Operating Revenues	 3,550,696.32
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and Benefits Supplies and Services Rental/Lease Cost of Goods Sold Insurance and Bonding Other Operating Expenses Depreciation	 2,257,865.99 1,867,260.08 5,398.56 381,131.63 23,897.92 78,882.00 190,832.29
Total Operating Expenses	 4,805,268.47
Operating Loss	 (1,254,572.15)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Noncapital Contributions Investment Income Other Nonoperating Revenues	 212,706.29 10,425.44 113,071.43
Nonoperating Revenues	 336,203.16
Loss Before Other Revenues	 (918,368.99)
Capital Contributions	 150,552.80
Decrease in Net Position	(767,816.19)
NET POSITION Net Position - October 1, 2020, as Restated (Note 17)	 9,912,553.49
Net Position - September 30, 2021	\$ 9,144,737.30

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021	Exhibit A-3 Page 1 of 2
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from Customers Payments to Employees and Fringe Benefits Payments to Vendors and Suppliers Other Receipts	\$ 3,552,549.88 (1,979,349.83) (1,982,787.81) 113,071.43
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	(296,516.33)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Noncapital Contributions Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Contributions Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	98,822.15 (98,822.15)
Net Capital Financing and Related Financing Activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income	10,425.44
Cash Provided by Investing Activities	10,425.44
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(105,280.60)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1, 2020	6,730,334.46
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30, 2021	\$ 6,625,053.86

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021	Exhibit A-3 Page 2 of 2			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$	(1,254,572.15)		
Depreciation Expense Other Nonoperating Revenue Changes in Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources: Receivables		190,832.29 113,071.43 2,979.98		
Inventories Prepaid Items Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		121,054.55 11,647.69 (973.00) (7,969.00)		
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Changes in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources: Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Unearned Revenue		64,779.00 321,721.08 4,833.54		
Net Pension Liability Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Compensated Absences Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		198,828.00 (98,039.00) 52,796.26 (41,278.00)		
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Postemployment Benefits Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	23,771.00 (296,516.33)		
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Assets Acquired through the Assumption of a Liability Increase in Receivables Related to Capital Contributions Decrease in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability Related to Noncapital Contributions	\$	(51,730.65) 51,730.65 (31,896.00)		

Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. Statement of Financial Position September 30, 2021

Exhibit B-1

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Pledges Receivable Other Receivables and Current Assets	\$	278,126 42,000 1,799	\$	363,987 - -	\$ 642,113 42,000 1,799
Total Current Assets		321,925		363,987	 685,912
Pledges Receivable - Noncurrent, Net of \$5,000 Allowance for Uncollectibles		18,295		-	 18,295
Total Assets	\$	340,220	\$	363,987	\$ 704,207
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable Battleship Payable	\$	1,101 8,015	\$	-	\$ 1,101 8,015
Total Liabilities		9,116		-	 9,116
NET ASSETS					
Without Donor Restrictions With Donor Restrictions		331,104 -		- 363,987	 331,104 363,987
Total Net Assets		331,104		363,987	 695,091
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	340,220	\$	363,987	\$ 704,207

Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Exhibit B-2

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total	
SUPPORT AND REVENUE						
Contributions	\$	-	\$	45,584	\$	45,584
Membership Dues		59,045		-		59,045
Grants		-		1,000		1,000
Interest Income		42		-		42
Special Events		18,853		-		18,853
Other Revenue		11,000		-		11,000
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		12,693		(12,693)		-
Total Support and Revenue		101,633		33,891		135,524
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Program		3,260		-		3,260
Administrative		47,373		-		47,373
Fundraising		6,997		-		6,997
Total Operating Expenses		57,630		-		57,630
Changes in Net Assets		44,003		33,891		77,894
NET ASSETS						
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		287,101		330,096		617,197
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	331,104	\$	363,987	\$	695,091



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity - The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The USS North Carolina Battleship Commission (Commission) is an enterprise fund of the State of North Carolina and is an integral part of the State's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*.

The accompanying financial statements present all funds belonging to the Commission and its component unit. While the Commission has ultimate responsibility, the Executive Director has been delegated responsibilities for financial accountability of the Commission's funds. The Commission's component unit is discretely presented in the Commission's financial statements. See below for further discussion of the Commission's component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. (Friends) is a legally separate nonprofit corporation and is reported as discretely presented component unit based on the nature and significance of its relationship to the Commission.

The Friends was organized under the laws of North Carolina for the purposes of promoting and supporting the Battleship North Carolina. In fiscal year 2010, the Friends initiated a multi-year fundraising project called the Generations Campaign. Gifts to the Generations Campaign helped support construction of the State Employees Credit Union (SECU) Memorial Walkway, which was designed to provide greater public access to the Battleship; the cofferdam, which creates a dry workspace for completing repairs to the Battleship's hull when needed; and to construct the Piedmont Natural Gas Marine Trail Dock (Dock). The Dock provides access for boat, kayak, and canoe launching. These gifts will also be used to fund upgrades to educational programs enabling the work of memorializing the Battleship North Carolina and educating all those who come aboard to continue.

The Friends reports its financial results under the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Codification. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the Commission's financial reporting entity for these differences.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Friends distributed \$14,102.00 to the Commission for both restricted and unrestricted

purposes. Donations included contributions from various grantors to support the Battleship teak repairs and software support for the Interpretations Department online archiving system. Complete financial statements for the Friends can be obtained by mailing a request to Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc., 1 Battleship Rd., Wilmington, NC 28401, or by calling (910) 399-9117.

- **B. Basis of Presentation** The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* and GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, the full scope of the Commission's activities is considered to be a single business-type activity and accordingly, is reported within a single column in the basic financial statements.
- **C. Basis of Accounting** The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Commission receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include certain grants and donations. Revenues are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met, if probable of collection.

- D. Cash and Cash Equivalents This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts, and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Additional information regarding the fair value measurement of investments is disclosed in Note 3.
- E. Receivables Receivables consist of amounts due for commissions, amounts due from the Friends in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. Generations Campaign of Memorandum of Understanding, and amounts due from private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to contacts and grants. Receivables are considered fully collectible and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.
- **F. Inventories** Inventories, consisting of expendable supplies and merchandise for resale, are valued at cost using the average cost method.

G. Capital Assets - Capital assets are stated at cost at date of acquisition or acquisition value at date of donation in the case of gifts. Donated capital assets acquired prior to October 1, 2015 are stated at fair value as of the date of donation. The value of assets constructed includes all material direct and indirect construction costs.

The Commission capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$5,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets in the following manner:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	10-50 years
Machinery and Equipment	2-30 years
General Infrastructure	10-75 years

The Commission does not capitalize the Battleship exhibit or its art and artifact collections. These collections adhere to the Commission's policy to maintain for public exhibition, education, or research; protect, keep unencumbered, care of, and preserve; and require proceeds from their sale to be used to acquire other collection items. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America permit collections maintained in this manner to be charged to operations at time of purchase rather than be capitalized.

- H. Restricted Assets Certain resources are reported as restricted assets because restrictions on asset use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Resources that are not available for current operations and are reported as restricted include resources whose use is limited by external parties.
- I. Noncurrent Long-Term Liabilities Noncurrent long-term liabilities include compensated absences, net pension liability, and net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

The net pension liability represents the Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability reported in the State of North Carolina's 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* This liability represents the Commission's portion of the collective total pension liability less the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. See Note 12 for further information regarding the Commission's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions.

The net OPEB liability represents the Commission's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability reported in the State of North Carolina's

2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* This liability represents the Commission's portion of the collective total OPEB liability less the fiduciary net position of the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. See Note 13 for further information regarding the Commission's policies for recognizing liabilities, expenses, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

J. Compensated Absences - The Commission's policy is to record the cost of vacation leave when earned. The policy provides for a maximum accumulation of unused vacation leave of 30 days which can be carried forward each January 1 or for which an employee can be paid upon termination of employment. When classifying compensated absences into current and noncurrent, leave is considered taken using a last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Also, any accumulated vacation leave in excess of 30 days at year-end is converted to sick leave. Under this policy, the accumulated vacation leave for each employee at September 30 equals the leave carried forward at the previous December 31 plus the leave earned, less the leave taken between January 1 and September 30.

In addition to the vacation leave described above, compensated absences include the accumulated unused portion of the special annual leave bonuses awarded by the North Carolina General Assembly. The bonus leave balance on December 31 is retained by employees and transferred into the next calendar year. It is not subject to the limitation on annual leave carried forward described above and is not subject to conversion to sick leave.

There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave because the Commission has no obligation to pay sick leave upon termination or retirement. However, additional service credit for retirement pension benefits is given for accumulated sick leave upon retirement.

- K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.
- L. Net Position The Commission's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This represents the Commission's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding liabilities related to those capital assets.

Restricted Net Position - Expendable - Expendable restricted net position includes resources for which the Commission is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Position - Unrestricted net position includes resources derived from admission fees, sales and services, unrestricted gifts, royalties, and interest income. It also includes the net position of accrued employee benefits such as compensated absences, pension plans, and other postemployment benefits.

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the decision for funding is internally generated by management of the Commission. Both restricted and unrestricted net position include consideration of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. See Note 11 for further information regarding deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that had a significant effect on unrestricted net position.

M. Revenue and Expense Recognition - The Commission classifies its revenues and expenses as operating or nonoperating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with the Commission's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) admission and fees, (2) sales and services, and (3) contracts for services. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from nonexchange transactions that represent subsidies or gifts to the Commission, as well as investment income, are considered nonoperating since these are either investing, capital, or noncapital financing activities. Capital contributions are presented separately after nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Unless specifically exempt, the Commission is required by *North Carolina General Statute* 147-77 to deposit moneys received with the State Treasurer or with a depository institution in the name of the State Treasurer.

At September 30, 2021, the amount shown on the Statement of Net Position as cash and cash equivalents includes \$3,001,249.84, which represents the Commission's equity position in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF (a portfolio within the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or subject to any other regulatory oversight and does not have a credit rating) had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years as of June 30, 2021. Assets and shares of the STIF are valued at fair value. Deposit and investment risks associated with the State Treasurer's Investment Pool

(which includes the State Treasurer's STIF) are included in the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer Investment Programs' separately issued audit report. This separately issued report can be obtained from the Department of State Treasurer, 3200 Atlantic Avenue, Raleigh, NC 27604 or can be accessed from the Department of State Treasurer's website at https://www.nctreasurer.com/ in the Audited Financial Statements section.

Cash on hand at September 30, 2021 was \$10,000.00. The carrying amount of the Commission's deposits not with the State Treasurer was \$3,613,804.02 and the bank balance was \$3,647,417.53. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2021, the Commission's bank balance exposed to custodial credit risk (amounts that are uninsured and uncollateralized) was \$3,147,417.53.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

To the extent available, the Commission's investments are recorded at fair value as of September 30, 2021. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This statement establishes a hierarchy of valuation inputs based on the extent to which the inputs are observable in the marketplace. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, interest and yield curve data, and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument. Valuation techniques should maximize the use of observable inputs to the extent available.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Level 1 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Investments with inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 - that are observable for an asset either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Investments classified as Level 3 have unobservable inputs for an asset and may require a degree of professional judgment.

Short-Term Investment Fund - At year-end, the Commission's investments held in the STIF were valued at \$3,001,249.84. Ownership interests of the STIF are determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Pool investments are measured at fair value in accordance with GASB 72. The Commission's position in the pool is measured and reported at fair value and the STIF is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Amount		
Receivables:			
Commission Revenue	\$	60,073.18	
Due from National Fish and Wildlife Foundation		51,730.65	
Due from Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc.		8,015.37	
Total Receivables	\$	119,819.20	

NOTE 5 - RESERVE FUND

In accordance with *North Carolina General Statute* 143B-74.1, the Secretary of the North Carolina Department of Natural and Cultural Resources (Secretary) may determine the amount of a reserve fund, established by the Commission, to be maintained and used for contingencies and emergencies. On February 2, 2021, the Secretary determined the Commission reserve fund amount to be 50% of the Commission's annual operating budget, excluding any fully funded repair and renovation projects that are \$500,000 or more.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission incurred expenses related to the Battleship hull repair project which were fully funded in the amount of \$1,345,481.54.

Accordingly, 50% of the authorized normal operating budget for fiscal year 2021 of \$4,587,994.28, excluding the fully funded hull repair project expenses of \$1,345,481.54, yields a reserve requirement of \$1,621,256.37. For reporting purposes, this reserve is included in unrestricted net position. At year-end, the value of the unrestricted portion of the Commission's investments held in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Fund was \$2,212,800.27. The Commission holds additional unrestricted funds in private institutions to exceed the reserve requirement.

NOTE 6 - RESTORATION FUND

In 1998, the Commission undertook a capital campaign (Operation Ship Shape) to raise funds for various restoration projects for the Battleship North Carolina. Projects and initiatives identified for funding by this campaign included restoration of the teak deck, restoration/refurbishment of the forward berthing area which came to be known as Overnight Camping, restorations of main deck exhibit area and wardroom, restoration of authentic ship components, relocation of utility lines, support of State's construction of the cofferdam and other ongoing maintenance projects.

With \$6,100,000.00 in funds raised (cash and materials), the first completed projects were \$3,500,000.00 for teak deck repairs which consisted of donated deck and contracted services, and \$2,738,395.00 for emergency repairs made to the starboard bow. Design for overnight camping and wardroom renovations were initiated through several design firms, however, the projects have been postponed due to increasing costs. Having spent all funds originally raised during Operation Ship Shape 1998, there is no restricted funding available to complete the original projects.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission received contributions totaling \$43,737.58 from visitors touring the Battleship and miscellaneous donations restricted for restoration. At year-end, these funds were on deposit with BB&T with an ending restricted and unrestricted balance of \$1,960,648.75.

The Commission engaged in e-commerce opportunities with online store sales on the Battle Star Collection website generating unrestricted funds designated specifically for Battleship restoration projects totaling \$29,900.33 on deposit in the Commission operating accounts.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2021, is presented as follows:

		ance 1, 2020 stated)	 ncreases	Deci	reases	Sept	Balance ember 30, 2021
Capital Assets, Nondepreciable: Land Construction in Progress		97,425.80 72,010.70	\$ - 150,552.80	\$		\$	97,425.80 222,563.50
Total Capital Assets, Nondepreciable	16	69,436.50	 150,552.80		-		319,989.30
Capital Assets, Depreciable: Buildings Machinery and Equipment General Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	33 7,10	72,596.54 32,029.03 04,015.50 08,641.07	 - - - -		- - -		1,172,596.54 332,029.03 7,104,015.50 8,608,641.07
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and Equipment General Infrastructure	24 1,58	76,369.63 45,055.66 80,492.00	 26,890.56 18,066.47 145,875.26		- - -		903,260.19 263,122.13 1,726,367.26
Total Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets, Depreciable, Net		01,917.29 06,723.78	 190,832.29 (190,832.29)		-		2,892,749.58 5,715,891.49
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,0	76,160.28	\$ (40,279.49)	\$	-	\$	6,035,880.79

NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Amount			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	359,287.73		
Accounts Payable - Capital Assets		51,730.65		
Accrued Payroll		29,298.76		
Total Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	440,317.14		

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021, is presented as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2020 Additions		Reductions	Balance September 30, 2021	Current Portion	
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$ 170,354.81 862.203.00	\$ 87,066.61 198.828.00	\$ 34,270.35	\$ 223,151.07 1,061,031.00	\$ 21,246.86	
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	2,054,345.00	-	129,935.00	1,924,410.00		
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,086,902.81	\$ 285,894.61	\$ 164,205.35	\$ 3,208,592.07	\$ 21,246.86	

Additional information regarding the net pension liability is included in Note 12.

Additional information regarding the net other postemployment benefits liability is included in Note 13.

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Commission entered into operating leases for a postage machine and meter and Wi-Fi equipment. Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases consist of the following at September 30, 2021:

Fiscal Year		Amount			
2022	\$	1,642.50			
2023		1,554.84			
2024	1,554.84				
2025		1,156.80			
2026		1,156.80			
Total Minimum Lease Payments		7,065.78			

Rental expense for all operating leases during the year was \$5,398.56.

NOTE 11 - NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position has been significantly affected by transactions resulting from the recognition of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and related long-term liabilities, as shown in the following table:

	 Amount
Net Pension Liability and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Net OPEB Liability (Retiree Health Benefit Fund) and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ (798,332.00) (2,466,319.00)
Effect on Unrestricted Net Position	(3,264,651.00)
Total Unrestricted Net Position Before Recognition of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Related Long-Term Liabilities	 4,841,911.73
Total Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 1,577,260.73

See Notes 12 and 13 for detailed information regarding the amortization of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB, respectively.

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) plan. This plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan established by the State to provide pension benefits for general employees and law enforcement officers (LEOs) of the State, general employees and LEOs of its component units, and employees of Local Education Agencies (LEAs) and charter schools not in the reporting entity. Membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the LEAs and charter schools that elect to join the Retirement System. Benefit provisions are established by General Statute 135-5 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly.

Benefits Provided: TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of membership service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of membership service. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of general members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions: Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 6% of their annual pay. The contribution rate for employers is set each year by the North Carolina General Assembly in the Appropriations Act based on the actuarially-determined rate recommended by the actuary. The Commission's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 14.78% of covered payroll. Employee contributions to the pension plan were \$79,636.70, and the Commission's contributions were \$196,171.73 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

The TSERS plan's financial information, including all information about the plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. An electronic version of this report is available on the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's website at https://www.osc.nc.gov/ or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

TSERS Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of the TSERS plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the TSERS plan, and additions to/deductions from the TSERS plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS.

Methods Used to Value TSERS Investment: Pursuant to North Carolina General Statutes, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the retirement systems. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its External Investment Pool. TSERS and other pension plans of the State of North Carolina participate in the Long-Term Investment, Fixed Income Investment, Equity Investment, Real Estate Investment, Alternative Investment, Opportunistic Fixed Income Investment, and Inflation Sensitive Investment Portfolios. The Fixed Income Asset Class includes the Long-Term Investment and Fixed Income Investment Portfolios. The Global Equity Asset Class includes the Equity Investment Portfolio. The investment balance of each pension trust fund represents its share of the fair value of the net position of the various portfolios within the External Investment Pool. Detailed descriptions of the methods and significant assumptions regarding investments of the State Treasurer are provided in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Net Pension Liability: At September 30, 2021, the Commission reported a liability of \$1,061,031.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the Commission relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the Commission's proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.00832%.

Actuarial Assumptions: The following table presents the actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for the TSERS plan at the actuarial valuation date:

Valuation Date	12/31/2019
Inflation	3%
Salary Increases*	3.5% - 8.1%
Investment Rate of Return**	7%

 * Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.
 ** Investment rate of return includes inflation assumption and is net of pension plan investment expense.

TSERS currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience review for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Fixed Income	1.4%			
Global Equity	5.3%			
Real Estate	4.3%			
Alternatives	8.9%			
Opportunistic Fixed Income	6.0%			
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%			

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020 is 1.2%.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was calculated at 7.00% for the December 31, 2019 valuation. The discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the plan at June 30, 2020 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Net Pension Liability							
1	1% Decrease (6.00%) Current Discount Rate (7.00%)				1% Increase (8.00%)		
\$	1,909,190.00	\$	1,061,031.00	\$	349,175.00		

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to *Pensions:* For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$199,231.00. At September 30, 2021, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$	51,579.00	\$	-	
Changes of Assumptions		31,718.00		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		103,512.00		-	
Change in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		26,483.27		146,765.00	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		196,171.73		-	
Total	\$	409,464.00	\$	146,765.00	

Employer Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions by Classification:

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30:	 Amount
2022	\$ 506.00
2023	10,090.00
2024	25,093.00
2025	30,838.27
Total	\$ 66,527.27

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commission participates in two postemployment benefit plans, the Retiree Health Benefit Fund and the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina, that are administered by the State of North Carolina as pension and other employee benefit trust funds. Each plan's financial information, including all information about the plans' assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position, is included in the State of North Carolina's fiscal year 2020 *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.* An

electronic version of this report is available on the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's website at https://www.osc.nc.gov/ or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 707-0500.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: The financial statements of these plans were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of each plan, and additions to/deductions from each plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans.

Methods Used to Value Plan Investments: Pursuant to North Carolina General Statutes, the State Treasurer is the custodian and administrator of the other postemployment benefits funds. The State Treasurer maintains various investment portfolios in its External Investment Pool. The Retiree Health Benefit Fund participates in the External Investment Pool. The Disability Income Plan of North Carolina is invested in the Short-Term Investment Portfolio of the External Investment Pool and the Bond Index External Investment Pool. The investment balance of each other employee benefit trust fund represents its share of the fair value of the net position of the various portfolios within the pool. Detailed descriptions of the State Treasurer are provided in the 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

B. Plan Descriptions

1. Health Benefits

Plan Administration: The State of North Carolina administers the North Carolina State Health Plan for Teachers and State Employees, referred to as the State Health Plan (the Plan), a healthcare plan exclusively for the benefit of employees of the State, the Commission of North Carolina System, community colleges, and certain other component units. In addition, Local Education Agencies (LEAs), charter schools, and some select local governments that are not part of the State's financial reporting entity also participate. Health benefit programs and premium rates are determined by the State Treasurer upon approval of the Plan Board of Trustees.

The Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF) has been established as a fund to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. RHBF is established by General Statute 135-7, Article 1. RHBF is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan, exclusively for the benefit of eligible

former employees of the State, the Commission of North Carolina System, and community colleges. In addition, LEAs, charter schools, and some select local governments that are not part of the State's financial reporting entity also participate.

By statute, RHBF is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS). RHBF is supported by a percent of payroll contribution from participating employing units. Each year the percentage is set in legislation, as are the maximum per retiree contributions from RHBF to the Plan. The State Treasurer, with the approval of the Plan Board of Trustees, then sets the employer contributions (subject to the legislative cap) and the premiums to be paid by retirees, as well as the health benefits to be provided through the Plan.

Benefits Provided: Plan benefits received by retired employees and disabled employees from RHBF are OPEB. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees who are not eligible for Medicare are the same as for active employees as described in Note 14. The plan options change when former employees become eligible for Medicare. Medicare retirees have the option of selecting one of two fully-insured Medicare Advantage/Prescription Drug Plan options or the self-funded Traditional 70/30 Preferred Provider Organization plan option that is also offered to non-Medicare members. If the Traditional 70/30 Plan is selected by a Medicare retiree, the self-funded State Health Plan coverage is secondary to Medicare.

Those former employees who are eligible to receive medical benefits from RHBF are long-term disability beneficiaries of the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina and retirees of TSERS, the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System, the Legislative Retirement System, the Optional Retirement Program (ORP), and a small number of local governments, with five or more years of contributory membership service in their retirement system prior to disability or retirement, with the following exceptions: for employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006, and members of the North Carolina General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007, future coverage as retired employees and retired members of the North Carolina General Assembly is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on or after October 1, 2006 and members of the North Carolina General Assembly first taking office on or after February 1, 2007 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium.

Section 35.21 (c) & (d) of Session Law 2017-57 repeals retiree medical benefits for employees first hired on or after January 1, 2021. The legislation amends Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes to

require that retirees must earn contributory retirement service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (or in an allowed local system unit), the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System, or the Legislative Retirement System prior to January 1, 2021, and not withdraw that service, in order to be eligible for retiree medical benefits under the amended law. Consequently, members first hired on and after January 1, 2021 will not be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits.

The Plan's and RHBF's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3B of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. RHBF does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

Contributions: Contribution rates to RHBF, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the North Carolina General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. The Commission's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 6.68% of covered payroll. The Commission's contributions to the RHBF were \$88,662.19 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

In fiscal year 2020, the State Health Plan (the Plan) transferred \$475.2 million to RHBF as a result of cost savings to the Plan over a span of six years. For financial reporting purposes, the transfer was recognized as a nonemployer contributing entity contribution. The contribution was allocated among RHBF employers and recorded as noncapital contributions. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission recognized noncapital contributions for RHBF of \$31,896.00.

2. Disability Income

Plan Administration: As discussed in Note 14, short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit plan, to the eligible members of TSERS which includes employees of the State, the Commission of North Carolina System, community colleges, certain participating component units, LEAs which are not part of the reporting entity, and the ORP. By statute, DIPNC is administered by the Department of State Treasurer and the Board of Trustees of TSERS.

Benefits Provided: Long-term disability benefits are payable as an OPEB from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in TSERS or the ORP, earned within

96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from TSERS after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of membership service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

For employees who had five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one-twelfth of the annual longevity payment and local supplements to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3.900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled, but the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, the long-term benefit is calculated in the same manner as described above except the monthly benefit is reduced by an amount equal to a monthly primary Social Security disability benefit to which the participant or beneficiary might be entitled had Social Security disability benefits been awarded. When an employee gualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from TSERS, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under TSERS or the ORP.

For employees who had less than five years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, and meet the requirements for long-term disability on or after August 1, 2007, during the first 36 months of the long-term disability period, the monthly long-term benefit shall be reduced by an amount equal to the monthly primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the employee might be entitled should the employee become age 62 during the first 36 months. This reduction becomes effective as of the first day of the month following the month of initial entitlement to Social Security benefits. After the first 36 months of the long-term disability, no further benefits are payable under the terms of this section unless the employee has been approved and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits.

Contributions: Although DIPNC operates on a calendar year, disability income benefits are funded by actuarially determined employer contributions that are established in the Appropriations Bill by the North Carolina General Assembly and coincide with the State's fiscal year. The Commission's contractually-required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021 was 0.09% of covered payroll. The Commission's contributions to DIPNC were \$1,194.55 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

C. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Net OPEB Liability: At September 30, 2021, the Commission reported a liability of \$1,924,410.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for RHBF. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability was based on the present value of future salaries for the Commission relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the Commission's proportion was 0.00694%, which was an increase of 0.00045 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.00649%.

Net OPEB Asset: At September 30, 2021, the Commission reported an asset of \$2,356.00 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB asset for DIPNC. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, and update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. The Commission's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the present value of future salaries for the Commission relative to the present value of future salaries for all participating employers, actuarially-determined. As of June 30, 2020, the Commission's proportion was 0.00479%, which was an increase of 0.0013 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019, which was 0.00349%.

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liabilities for RHBF and DIPNC were determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liabilities were then rolled forward to June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

	Retiree Health Benefit Fund	Disability Income Plan of N. C.
Valuation Date	12/31/2019	12/31/2019
Inflation	3%	3%
Salary Increases*	3.5% - 8.1%	3.5% - 8.1%
Investment Rate of Return**	7%	3.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Medical	6.5% grading down to 5% by 2024	6.5% grading down to 5% by 2024
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Prescription Drug	9.5% grading down to 5% by 2029	9.5% grading down to 5% by 2029
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Medicare Advantage	5%	N/A
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Administrative	3%	3%

* Salary increases include 3.5% inflation and productivity factor.

** Investment rate of return is net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

N/A - Not Applicable

The OPEB plans currently use mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. teacher, general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through a review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projects are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. DIPNC is primarily invested in the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in RHBF's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 (the valuation date) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Asset Class			
Fixed Income	1.4%		
Global Equity	5.3%		
Real Estate	4.3%		
Alternatives	8.9%		
Opportunistic Fixed Income	6.0%		
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%		

The information in the preceding table is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized. The long-term expected real rate of return for the Bond Index Investment Pool as of June 30, 2020 is 1.2%.

Actuarial valuations of the plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial assumptions used for RHBF are consistent with those used to value the pension benefits of TSERS where appropriate. These assumptions are based on the most recent pension valuations available. The discount rate used for RHBF reflects a pay-as-you-go approach.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes of the plans are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Historically, the benefits funded solely by employer contributions applied equally to all retirees. Currently, as described earlier in the note, benefits are dependent on membership requirements.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used for DIPNC include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuations were generally based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared as of December 31, 2014, as amended for updates to certain assumptions (such as the long-term investment return, medical claims, and medical trend rate assumptions) implemented based on annual reviews that have occurred since that experience study.

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for RHBF was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at the current statutorily determined contribution rate. Based on the above assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. As a result, a municipal bond rate of 2.21% was used as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability. The 2.21% rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-year General Obligation Index as of June 30, 2020.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for DIPNC was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the plans, as well as what the plans' net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)								
	1% C	Decrease (1.21%)	Current Discount Rate (2.21%)			ncrease (3.21%)		
RHBF	\$	2,270,632.00	\$	1,924,410.00	\$	1,645,485.00		
	1% C	Decrease (2.75%)	Current	Discount Rate (3.75%)	1% I	ncrease (4.75%)		
DIPNC	\$	(1,903.00)	\$	(2,356.00)	\$	(2,796.00)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the plans, as well as what the plans' net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Ne	et OP	EB Liability (Asset)	
	 1% Decrease (Medical - 4% - 5.5%, Pharmacy - 4% - 8.5%, Med. Advantage - 4%, Administrative - 2%)		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Medical - 5% - 6.5%, Pharmacy - 5% - 9.5%, Med. Advantage - 5%, Administrative - 3%)	 1% Increase (Medical - 6% - 7.5%, Pharmacy - 6% - 10.5%, Med. Advantage - 6%, Administrative - 4%)
RHBF	\$ 1,563,527.00	\$	1,924,410.00	\$ 2,406,798.00
	 1% Decrease (Medical - 4% - 5.5%, Pharmacy - 4% - 8.5%, Administrative - 2%)		Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Medical - 5% - 6.5%, Pharmacy - 5% - 9.5%, Administrative - 3%)	 1% Increase (Medical - 6% - 7.5%, Pharmacy - 6% - 10.5%, Administrative - 4%)
DIPNC	\$ (2,362.00)	\$	(2,356.00)	\$ (2,351.00)

OPEB Expense: For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission recognized OPEB expense as follows:

OPEB Plan	OPEB Plan Amount	
RHBF DIPNC	\$	9,654.00 1,763.00
Total OPEB Expense	\$	11,417.00

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB: At September 30, 2021, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Employer Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB by Classification:

	 RHBF	 DIPNC	 Total
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 1,687.00	\$ 2,406.00	\$ 4,093.00
Changes of Assumptions	81,659.00	258.00	81,917.00
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	3,922.00	-	3,922.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	420,713.81	167.45	420,881.26
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 88,662.19	 1,194.55	 89,856.74
Total	\$ 596,644.00	\$ 4,026.00	\$ 600,670.00

Employer Balances of Deferred Inflows of Resources
Related to OPEB by Classification:

	 RHBF	 DIPNC	 Total
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	\$ 72,843.00	\$ -	\$ 72,843.00
Changes of Assumptions	755,625.00	262.00	755,887.00
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	-	563.00	563.00
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	310,085.00	 4,010.00	314,095.00
Total	\$ 1,138,553.00	\$ 4,835.00	\$ 1,143,388.00

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability related to RHBF and an increase of the net OPEB asset related to DIPNC in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Schedule of the Net Amount of the Employer's Balances of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources That will be Recognized in OPEB Expense:

Year Ending September 30:	RHBF	 DIPNC
2022	\$ (201,585.00)	\$ (30.00)
2023	(201,383.00)	(256.00)
2024	(145,615.00)	(485.00)
2025	(36,520.00)	(341.00)
2026	(45,468.19)	(253.00)
Thereafter	-	 (638.55)
Total	\$ (630,571.19)	\$ (2,003.55)

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled via a combination of methods, including participation in state-administered insurance programs, purchase of commercial insurance, and self-retention of certain risks. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

A. Employee Benefit Plans

1. State Health Plan

Commission employees are provided comprehensive major medical care benefits. Coverage is funded by contributions to the State Health Plan (Plan), a discretely presented component unit of the State of North Carolina. The Plan is funded by employer and employee contributions. The Plan has contracted with third parties to process claims. See Note 13, Other Postemployment Benefits, for additional information regarding retiree health benefits.

2. Death Benefit Plan of North Carolina

Term life insurance (death benefits) of \$25,000 to \$50,000 is provided to eligible workers who enroll in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. This Death Benefit Plan is administered by the State Treasurer and funded via employer contributions. The employer contribution rate was 0.13% for the current fiscal year.

3. Disability Income Plan

Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided to Commission employees through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), part of the State's Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds. Short-term benefits are paid by the Commission for up to twelve months. The Board of Trustees of the DIPNC may extend the short-term disability benefits for up to an additional twelve months. During the extended period of short-term disability benefits, payments are made directly by the DIPNC to the beneficiary. As discussed in Note 13, long-term disability benefits are payable as other postemployment benefits from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled.

B. Other Risk Management and Insurance Activities

1. Automobile, Fire, and Other Property Losses

The Commission is required to maintain all risk coverage on all state-owned buildings and contents through the State Property Fire Insurance Fund (Fund), an internal service fund of the State. Fire and lightning coverage is provided at no cost to the Commission for operations supported by the State's General Fund. Other operations not supported by the State's General Fund are charged for the fire and lightning coverage. Coverage for all remaining risks for all buildings is charged to the Commission. Losses covered by the Fund are subject to a \$5,000 per occurrence deductible. However, some agencies have chosen a higher deductible for a reduction in premium.

All state-owned vehicles are covered by liability insurance through a private insurance company and handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The liability limits for losses are \$1,000,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 per occurrence. The Commission pays premiums to the North Carolina Department of Insurance for the coverage.

2. Public Officers' and Employees' Liability Insurance

The risk of tort claims of up to \$1,000,000 per claimant is retained under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides excess public officers' and employees' liability insurance up to \$2,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 in the aggregate per fiscal year via contract with a private insurance company. The Commission pays the premium, based on a composite rate, directly to the private insurer.

3. Employee Dishonesty and Computer Fraud

The Commission is protected for losses from employee dishonesty and computer fraud. This coverage is with a private insurance company and is handled by the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The Commission is charged a premium by the private insurance company. Coverage limit is \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The private insurance company pays 90% of each loss less a \$100,000 deductible.

4. Statewide Workers' Compensation Program

The North Carolina Workers' Compensation Program provides benefits to workers injured on the job. All employees of the State and its component units are included in the program. When an employee is injured, the Commission's primary responsibility is to arrange for and provide the necessary treatment for work related injury. The Commission is responsible for paying medical benefits and compensation in accordance with the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act. The Commission retains the risk for workers' compensation.

Additional details on the state-administered risk management programs are disclosed in the State's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*, issued by the Office of the State Controller.

5. Other Insurance Held by the Commission

The Commission purchased other authorized coverage from private insurance companies through the North Carolina Department of Insurance. The marine pollution control insurance has a \$1,000,000 limit for costs and damages incurred from removal, response or remedial action during sudden, accidental, discharge, spillage, leakage or emission of hazardous substance into or upon navigable waters or adjoining shorelines.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS

The Commission has established an encumbrance system to track its outstanding commitments on construction projects and other purchases. Outstanding commitments on construction contracts were \$163,862.72 and on other purchases were \$58,942.41 at September 30, 2021.

NOTE 16 - CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, the Commission implemented the following pronouncement issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

GASB Statement No. 84 improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity, and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for 90-days or less.

The Commission does not have any trust or custodial funds meeting the criteria of a fiduciary activity that are required to be reported in separate fiduciary fund financial statements.

NOTE 17 - NET POSITION RESTATEMENT

As of October 1, 2020, net position as previously reported was restated as follows:

	 Amount
October 1, 2020 Net Position as Previously Reported Restatement	\$ 9,646,312.34
To Correct Error in Useful Life of Capital Assets	 266,241.15
October 1, 2020 Net Position as Restated	\$ 9,912,553.49



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Eight Fiscal Years*

Exhibit C-1

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	0.00878%	0.00832%	0.00847%	0.00909%
Proportionate Share of TSERS Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,061,031.00	\$ 862,203.00	\$ 843,302.00	\$ 720,941.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,300,607.08	\$ 1,229,721.24	\$ 1,195,634.96	\$ 1,101,145.57
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	81.58%	70.11%	70.53%	65.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	85.98%	87.56%	87.61%	89.51%
	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net Pension Liability	0.00736%	0.00814%	0.00615%	0.00615%
Proportionate Share of TSERS Collective Net Pension Liability	\$ 676,812.00	\$ 299,815.00	\$ 72,129.00	\$ 72,129.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,140,621.26	\$ 1,018,162.26	\$ 981,120.99	\$ 924,310.45
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	59.34%	29.45%	7.35%	7.80%

Note: Information is presented for all years that were measured in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, as amended.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Commission Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit C-2

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 196,171.73	\$ 168,688.74	\$ 151,132.74	\$ 128,889.45	\$ 109,894.32
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	196,171.73	168,688.74	151,132.74	128,889.45	109,894.32
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,327,278.30	\$ 1,300,607.08	\$ 1,229,721.24	\$ 1,195,634.96	\$ 1,101,145.57
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.78%	12.97%	12.29%	10.78%	9.98%
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 104,366.85	\$ 93,161.85	\$ 86,558.80	\$ 77,803.84	\$ 69,801.97
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	104,366.85	93,161.85	86,558.80	77,803.84	69,801.97
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,140,621.26	\$ 1,018,162.26	\$ 981,120.99	\$ 924,310.45	\$ 906,714.05
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.15%	9.15%	8.82%	8.42%	7.70%

Note: Changes in benefit terms, methods, and assumptions are presented in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI) schedule following the pension RSI tables.

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Commission Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes of Benefit Terms:			Cost of	Living Incre	ase						
Teachers' and State Employees'	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
Retirement System	N/A	N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.00%	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Changes of Assumptions: In 2015, the North Carolina Retirement Systems' consulting actuaries performed the quinquennial investigation of each retirement system's actual demographic and economic experience (known as the "Experience Review"). The Experience Review provides the basis for selecting the actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine plan liabilities and funding requirements. The most recent Experience Review examined each plan's experience during the period between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014. Based on the findings, the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System adopted a number of new actuarial assumptions and methods. The most notable changes to the assumptions include updates to the mortality tables and the mortality improvement projection scales to reflect reduced rates of mortality and significant increases in mortality improvements. These assumptions were adjusted to reflect the mortality projection scale MP-2015, released by the Society of Actuaries in 2015. In addition, the assumed rates of retirement, salary increases, and rates of termination from active employment were reduced to more closely reflect actual experience. The discount rate for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System was lowered from 7.20% to 7.00% for the December 31, 2017 valuation. For the December 31, 2019 valuation, the discount rate was 7.00%.

The Boards of Trustees also adopted a new asset valuation method for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. For determining plan funding requirements, the plan now uses a five-year smoothing method with a reset of the actuarial value of assets to market value as of December 31, 2014.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information reflect information included in the State of North Carolina's 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

N/A - Not Applicable

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability or Asset Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Last Five Fiscal Years*

Exhibit C-3

Retiree Health Benefit Fund	20	21	2	020	201	9	2	018		2017
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net OPEB Liability	0.	00694%	(0.00649%	0.0	0660%	0	.00704%		1.48000%
Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 1,924	410.00	\$ 2,05	4,345.00	\$ 1,879,	166.00	\$ 2,308	8,888.00	\$ 2,3	396,089.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,300	607.08	\$ 1,22	9,721.24	\$ 1,195,	634.96	\$ 1,10 ⁻	1,145.57	\$ 1, ⁻	140,621.26
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	1	47.96%		167.06%	1	57.17%		209.68%		210.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		6.92%		4.40%		4.40%		3.52%		2.41%
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina										
Proportionate Share Percentage of Collective Net OPEB Asset	0.	00479%	().00349%	0.0	0227%	0	.00111%		1.48000%
Proportionate Share of Collective Net OPEB Asset	\$2	356.00	\$	1,504.00	\$	691.00	\$	680.00	\$	3,695.00
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,300	607.08	\$ 1,22	9,721.24	\$ 1,195,	634.96	\$ 1,10 ⁻	1,145.57	\$ 1, ⁻	140,621.26
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.18%		0.12%		0.06%		0.06%		0.32%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	1	15.57%		113.00%	1	08.47%		116.23%		116.06%

Note: Information is presented for all years that were measured in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended.

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Commission Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit C-4

Retiree Health Benefit Fund	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 88,662.19	\$ 84,149.28	\$ 77,103.52	\$ 74,966.31	\$ 65,958.62
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	88,662.19	84,149.28	77,103.52	74,966.31	65,958.62
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,327,278.30	\$ 1,300,607.08	\$ 1,229,721.24	\$ 1,195,634.96	\$ 1,101,145.57
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.68%	6.47%	6.27%	6.27%	5.99%
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 64,445.10	\$ 56,216.12	\$ 53,176.76	\$ 49,265.75	\$ 46,061.07
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	64,445.10	56,216.12	53,176.76	49,265.75	46,061.07
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Covered Payroll	\$ 1,140,621.26	\$ 1,018,162.26	\$ 981,120.99	\$ 924,310.45	\$ 906,714.05
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	5.65%	5.52%	5.42%	5.33%	5.08%
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Disability Income Plan of North Carolina Contractually Required Contribution	2021 \$ 1,194.55	2020 \$ 1,300.61	2019 \$ 1,721.61	2018 \$ 1,673.87	2017 \$ 3,776.93
		· · · · · · · · ·			
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 1,194.55	\$ 1,300.61	\$ 1,721.61	\$ 1,673.87	\$ 3,776.93
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution	\$ 1,194.55 1,194.55	\$ 1,300.61 1,300.61	\$ 1,721.61 1,721.61	\$ 1,673.87 1,673.87	\$ 3,776.93 3,776.93
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 1,194.55 1,194.55 \$ -	\$ 1,300.61 1,300.61 \$ -	\$ 1,721.61 1,721.61 \$ -	\$ 1,673.87 1,673.87 <u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,776.93 3,776.93 \$ -
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$ 1,194.55 <u>1,194.55</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,327,278.30	\$ 1,300.61 <u>1,300.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,300,607.08	\$ 1,721.61 <u>1,721.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,229,721.24	\$ 1,673.87 <u>1,673.87</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,195,634.96	\$ 3,776.93 3,776.93 <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,101,145.57
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$ 1,194.55 <u>1,194.55</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,327,278.30 0.09%	\$ 1,300.61 <u>1,300.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,300,607.08 0.10%	\$ 1,721.61 <u>1,721.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,229,721.24 0.14%	\$ 1,673.87 <u>1,673.87</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,195,634.96 0.14%	\$ 3,776.93 3,776.93 <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,101,145.57 0.34%
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	\$ 1,194.55 <u>1,194.55</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,327,278.30 0.09% <u>2016</u>	\$ 1,300.61 <u>1,300.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,300,607.08 0.10% 2015	\$ 1,721.61 <u>1,721.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,229,721.24 0.14% <u>2014</u>	\$ 1,673.87 <u>1,673.87</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,195,634.96 0.14% 2013	\$ 3,776.93 <u>3,776.93</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,101,145.57 0.34% <u>2012</u>
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	\$ 1,194.55 <u>1,194.55</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,327,278.30 0.09% <u>2016</u> \$ 4,573.01	\$ 1,300.61 <u>1,300.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,300,607.08 0.10% <u>2015</u> \$ 4,276.28	\$ 1,721.61 <u>1,721.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,229,721.24 0.14% <u>2014</u> \$ 4,022.59	\$ 1,673.87 <u>1,673.87</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,195,634.96 0.14% <u>2013</u> \$ 4,066.97	\$ 3,776.93 <u>3,776.93</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,101,145.57 0.34% <u>2012</u> \$ 3,989.54
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess) Covered Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Contractually Required Contribution Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,194.55 <u>1,194.55</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,327,278.30 0.09% <u>2016</u> \$ 4,573.01 <u>4,573.01</u>	\$ 1,300.61 <u>1,300.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,300,607.08 0.10% <u>2015</u> \$ 4,276.28 <u>4,276.28</u>	\$ 1,721.61 <u>1,721.61</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,229,721.24 0.14% <u>2014</u> \$ 4,022.59 <u>4,022.59</u>	\$ 1,673.87 <u>1,673.87</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,195,634.96 0.14% <u>2013</u> \$ 4,066.97 <u>4,066.97</u>	\$ 3,776.93 <u>3,776.93</u> <u>\$ -</u> \$ 1,101,145.57 0.34% <u>2012</u> \$ 3,989.54 <u>3,989.54</u>

Note: Changes in benefit terms, methods, and assumptions are presented in the Notes to Required Supplementary Information (RSI) schedule following the OPEB RSI tables.

USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Commission Contributions Cost-Sharing, Multiple-Employer, Defined Benefit OPEB Plans For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes of Benefit Terms: Effective January 1, 2016, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pocket maximums, and deductibles were changed for three of five options of the Retiree Health Benefit Fund (RHBF). Most of the changes were an increase in the amount from the previous year.

Effective January 1, 2017, benefit terms related to copays, coinsurance maximums, out-of-pocket maximums, and deductibles were changed for two of five options of the RHBF. Most of the changes were an increase in the amount from the previous year.

Effective January 1, 2019, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pockets maximums, and deductibles were changed for one of four options of the RHBF. Out of pocket maximums increased while certain specialist copays decreased related to option benefits.

Effective January 1, 2020, benefit terms related to copays, out-of-pockets maximums, and deductibles were changed for the 70/30 PPO option of the RHBF. Only the copays were adjusted for 80/20 PPO option of the RHBF.

Additionally, the December 31, 2017 Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC) actuarial valuation includes a liability for the State's potential reimbursement of health insurance premiums paid by employers during the second six months of the short-term disability benefit period.

Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions: An actuarial valuation is performed for each plan each year. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Commission Contributions are calculated by the actuary as a projection of the required employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning six months following the date of the valuation results for the RHBF. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the Schedule of Commission Contributions are calculated by the actuary as a projection of the required employer contribution rates in the Schedule of Commission Contributions are calculated by the actuary as a projection of the required employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning 18 months following the date of the valuation results for the DIPNC. See Note 13 for more information on the specific assumptions for each plan. The actuarially determined contributions for those items with covered payroll were determined using the actuarially determined contribution rate from the actuary and covered payroll as adjusted for timing differences and other factors such as differences in employee class. Other actuarially determined contributions are disclosed in the schedule as expressed by the actuary in reports to the plans.

Changes of Assumptions: In 2015, the North Carolina Retirement Systems' consulting actuaries performed the quinquennial investigation of each retirement system's actual demographic and economic experience (known as the "Experience Review"). The Experience Review provides the basis for selecting the actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine plan liabilities and funding requirements. The most recent experience review examined each plan's experience during the period between January 1, 2010, and December 31, 2014. Based on the findings, the Boards of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the State Health Plan adopted a number of new actuarial assumptions and methods for the RHBF and the DIPNC. The most notable changes to the assumptions include updates to the mortality tables and the mortality improvement projection scales to reflect reduced rates of mortality and significant increases in mortality improvements. These assumptions were adjusted to reflect the mortality projection scale MP-2015, released by the Society of Actuaries in 2015. In addition, the assumed rates of retirement and rates of termination from active employment were reduced to more closely reflect actual experience.

For the actuarial valuation measured as of June 30, 2020, the discount rate for the RHBF was updated to 2.21%. In the prior year, disability rates were adjusted to the non-grandfathered assumptions used in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System actuarial valuation to better align with the anticipated incidence of disability. Medical and prescription drug claim costs were changed based on most recent experience, and medical and prescription drug trend rates were changed to the current schedule. Enrollment assumptions were updated to model expected migrations among RHBF plan options over the next four years. For the DIPNC actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, for individuals who may become disabled in the future, the Social Security disability income benefit (which is an offset for the DIPNC benefit) was updated to be based on assumed Social Security calculation parameters in the year of disability. The assumed costs related to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act regarding the Health Insurance Provider Fee for the fully insured plans and Excise Tax were removed when those pieces were repealed December 2019.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information reflect information included in the State of North Carolina's 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

state of north carolina Office of the State Auditor



Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor 2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 www.auditor.nc.gov

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners USS North Carolina Battleship Commission Wilmington, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the USS North Carolina Battleship Commission (Commission) and its discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 14, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc., as described in our report on the Commission's financial statements. The financial statements of the Friends of the Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc. were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with the Friends of the Battleship North Carolina, Inc.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency,

or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Beth A. Wood, CPA State Auditor

Raleigh, North Carolina

April 14, 2022

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This audit required 317 hours at an approximate cost of \$33,602.